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EUROPE.

THE MAILS BY THE NOVA SCOTIAN.

Additional and Interesting Details.

[illegible] by the *Nova Scotian*, from Liverpool, to Wednesday, March 9, was published in this City yesterday morning. We subjoin some more important details of interest:

The first question of the Cabinet, since the new arrangement, took place on Saturday, March 5. All the Ministers were present, and Mr. Gladstone, Rutland, [illegible] for the first time, as Secretary of State for the Colonies.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says the conversation on Friday said Louis Napoleon would be called to Chelsea Parliament on the Italian question. A general amnesty is, therefore, said to have been and Lord Brougham.

The Paris Constitutionnel says that Prussia has proposed to the world that [illegible] by the Congress of Paris, in Lord Palmerston's [illegible] Congress, on the 7th, Mr. S. Fox, [illegible] to a question from Mr. Bowyer, stated [illegible] information that [illegible] the Government of [illegible] at the present critical state of affairs, to avoid giving any offence to Austria, and at [illegible] expressing a strong hope that it would [illegible] the reply to a question from Mr. J. [illegible] that [illegible] Government had [illegible] the Government [illegible] United States, and that noble lord added that [illegible] negotiations were now going on for a [illegible] treaty. Now, the Sardinian attempt to raise the first price put an end to the first subsidy, and finally the Company had applied for an additional subsidy for the purpose of laying a new cable, [illegible] the new capital to be raised. It should be remembered that besides a subsidy there were two kinds of guarantee. First, there was the [illegible] guarantee, leaving the Government to [illegible] of interest on the capital. He (Lord Derby) held that to be a most undesirable arrangement [illegible] it was quite clear that if a guarantee of 6½ per cent, for twenty-five or fifty years were given, you might have no security for a proper expenditure, but would run the risk of paying for [illegible] which were not needed. Further, in [illegible] the Government had no guarantee [illegible] The constitutional guarantee he took to be [illegible] applicable to cases where there was a [illegible] of success, but at the same time considerable risk of failure. In case of success a high [illegible] was perfectly conscient; in consideration of the outlay, and he did not feel it to be beyond the province of Government to grant the assistance in such a case, where vast benefits were to be attended with [illegible] results to the public. In such a case he did not think it was an illegitimate exercise, not of [illegible] but of the credit of the Government, to [illegible] for as long as the works were in progress and delivery. An arrangement of this kind had been made with the Atlantic Telegraph Company, [illegible] from a guarantee of eight per cent. to [illegible] on the works should be ready and capable of performing their duty. Should the Company succeed [illegible] would probably extend 10 per cent. for [illegible] and supposing the Government to accede [illegible] the same argument would be a good [illegible] while if they were 5 per cent. the loss to the public in the guarantee would be only two. Subsidies were given in the packet service, and only when objects of great public importance made the line necessary for other than commercial considerations. In such a case he thought a subsidy perfectly legitimate (Hear, hear;)—and the same argument applied to the guarantee to the Atlantic Telegraph Company. (Hear, hear.) Of course in any case the lines which had their terminus within British territory would, all other things being equal, have a preference. (Hear, hear.) In all cases the solvency of the Company, and their capability of carrying out their contract, would be matters of strict investigation; but it would be impossible to lay down an unvarying and inflexible rule for all.

Lord Grey had heard the statement of the noble lord with great satisfaction, and, above all, his promise to [illegible] British territory. It was hardly within memory a great mistake, the original agreement with the Atlantic Company, that a line from Ireland to Newfoundland should have any connection with a foreign line. With regard to guarantees, he thought that whenever Government gave a guarantee they should have a control and supervision in the expenditure of the funds. He also thought the Malta line most important, and that it should be completed as soon as possible.

The Earl of Derby subsequently added: With regard to the Atlantic Telegraph, the first condition made with the company was that all exclusive privileges should be purchased up, so that the hands of Government might be free to sanction any other company if necessary.

The French Emperor upon the English People and Press—Letter to Sir F. B. Head.

The following appears in the English newspapers and also in the *Moniteur*:

PALAIS DE CHAILLOT, March 1.

MY DEAR SIR FRANCIS: I thank you for having collected together, in order to send them direct to me, the different articles which you have inserted in the Times journal, for you thus give me an opportunity of expressing to you all my gratitude for the sentiments of which you have not feared the spontaneous manifestation in my favor. I have seen in them, and I am much touched by it, a new proof that my old friends in England have not forgotten me, and that they know how much I always preserve for the English people the sentiments of sympathy which it felt during my exile in the midst of France. Thus it is that I desire my self in troublous times, when a happy future, the result of prudence, time, or a happy chance, is in the hands of a people's sovereign, who feels only one fully and one's joys and sorrows. Happy the sovereign of exile who can repeat to me, in my turn, I am plainly the son of poverty, and one of the greatest of my joys consists in being enabled to find in my adversity, and unbiased by fears whose [illegible] the friend and with whom was desirous to [illegible]

[illegible] it is very natural that the parties whose [illegible] should seek the means to injure me; but I know the hearts of those I have always found faithful and the most faithfully ally. Good attack are frequently in the journals in the most unworthy and in the most subject manner, in what I cannot comprehend; for, in truth, I cannot discover any interest they can have in exciting the public mind against France. If, in my own country, I chose to act in this manner, it would be for stability [illegible] to restrain the passions I should have but lessen.

I should, strange enough, a great admiration for the English and the English people; but I regret deeply that liberty, like all good things, should sometimes be [illegible]. Why is it that, instead of making truth known, it seems every effort to obscure it? Why is it that, discouraging and developing generous sentiments, it propagates mistrust and hatred?

I am happy, then, amidst all these manoeuvres of [illegible] to have found a reporter who, guided by the sole love of truth, has not hesitated energetically to oppose to them his loyal and disinterested voice.

Believe, my dear Sir Francis,

In my sentiments of friendship,

Sir Francis Head, Croydon. NAPOLEON.

The Arrival of Italian Refugees in Cork—Expulsion of Foreign Functionaries.

We yesterday announced the arrival in Queenstown, on Sunday, March 6, of the American ship David Stewart, having on board Passos and his companions, whom the Neapolitan Government had set free from the dungeons of that State. It will be remembered that, though pardoned, they were [illegible] to banishment; and that after having been deported from their native country to Spain, it was afterwards determined that they should be sent to Australia. Accordingly, the David Stewart was chartered to take them from Cadiz to New-York, where, upon landing, each was to receive a sum of $150, and be released from all further control. They had been brought down Napoli to Cadiz in a Neapolitan transport, some weeks, after about three weeks, they were put on board the David Stewart. From the Cork Examiner we copy the following particulars:

"At 4 P. M. they were put on board at Cadiz, the David Stewart was towed out to sea for a distance of nearly six miles, by a Neapolitan war steamer. The steamer then cast off, and left the ship with a fair wind to pass her way. Unfortunately, however, was the ship well away from the neighborhood of the steamer, when a boat came after her, and a party came on board, and called upon him to make for the first port he could reach with his load. The captain, one third of whose freight had been stolen on a preliminary [illegible] with their [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] the captain in Cadiz, and signed articles on a [illegible] ship. On that morning he had done his work with the hold of the crew. But when the appearance in the offing of the state of an unknown vessel, with a Neapolitan war steamer, the Tuscan [illegible] with [illegible] and [illegible] Spain, and reported to the [illegible] you we have mentioned to John Bull. The captain of the ship [illegible] Cork he was detained by the Italian Consul-General, London to see the prisoners, to see [illegible] they [illegible] desired. The entire vessel [illegible] a navigator to know [illegible] and that even if they had to take the ship out of the mouth of the Guadalquivir and were, they would be able to sail her without their assistance. They represented to the Consuls that they had been two months at sea, many of them being sick, and all with constitutions worn to bone exhausted by an imprisonment of ten years, so that a long voyage would be fatal to them, and death perhaps in course. They consented, first, that they had no right to be taken back against their will, and, secondly, that they had no right to be taken back against their will. The crew was then [illegible] by the representations of physical force, the cutlass being [illegible], while the crew was not sovereign, and the [illegible] determination of the derment to resort to extremities to carry out their intention, consulted the Consuls to pick, and saw the [illegible] of their prisoners. They were tempestuous and polite in manner, but about their determination there could be no mistake. They set a guard of thirty or forty in turn, to watch over the prisoners, and also that the ship's head was kept in the direction of the Rock they looked for. The weather was bad, blowing and the wind was adverse. The Corinth in tolerably working for Cork, but entered the harbor in a fog, and had got as far as Ballycotton, but having failed in with a Cork pilot, beat back again; so that at length, after a voyage of 14 days, the ship anchored in the mail-of-war roads. As fast as possible, the whole band got themselves conveyed ashore to Queenstown, and settled in the most lively manner their joy at being at last assured of freedom. The enthusiasm of some rose to such a pitch that they actually kissed the soil upon which they first planted foot as free men. Some of them state that their sight has grown dim from the length of time they have been in prison, and from them seem to have grown rather prematurely old. Some, in two years, have grown grey. There was not in their appearance anything to indicate their having endured peculiar hardships. During the voyage, Passos, whose health has been greatly enfeebled, used to get out of bed, and sit on deck for a couple of hours daily. On his arrival at Queenstown he caused himself to be removed to a private lodging. In appearance he is short, thickset, and rather good-looking. His age is fifty-five, but his looks would indicate that he is somewhat older. He now speaks but a few words of English, though it is said he at one time knew the language well. The want of exercise in speaking or reading it, during the period of his long imprisonment, has almost entirely obliterated it from his memory. The young sailor to whom we have already alluded is of very prepossessing appearance. We have not learned the ultimate intention of this band of exiles, but it is very probable the great majority of them will go back to Italy, seeking refuge in the Sardinian kingdom. Under any circumstances, Passos will, we believe, go to Sardinia."

Mr. Thackeray, Mr. Yates and the Garrick Club.

Mr. EDMUND YATES has printed a pamphlet giving the history of his quarrel with Mr. THACKERAY and the Garrick Club. It will be seen from the following letter that Mr. CHARLES DICKENS offered his mediation:

TAVISTOCK HOUSE, Nov. 24, 1858.

MY DEAR THACKERAY: Without a word of prelude, I wish this note to revert to a subject on which I said six words to you at the Athenæum when I last saw you.

Coming home from my country work, I find Mr. EDWIN JAMES' opinion taken on this painful question of the Garrick and Mr. EDMUND YATES. I find it strong on the illegality of the Garrick proceeding. Not to complicate this note, or give it a formal appearance, I forbear from copying the opinion; but I have asked to see it, and I have it, and I want to make no secret from you of a word of it.

I find Mr. EDWIN JAMES retained on the one side; I hear and read of the Attorney-General being retained on the other. Let me, in this state of things, ask you a plain question.

Can any conference be held between me, as representing Mr. YATES, and an appointed friend of yours, as representing you, with the hope and purpose of some quiet accommodation of this deplorable matter, which will satisfy the feelings of all concerned.

It is right that, in putting this to you, I should tell you that Mr. YATES, when you first wrote to him, brought your letter to me. He had recently done me a manly service I can never forget, in some private distress of mine, (generally within your knowledge;) he naturally thought of me as his friend in an emergency. I told him that his article was not to be defended; but I confirmed him in his opinion that it was not reasonably possible for him to act right what was amiss, on the receipt of a letter couched in the very strong terms you had employed. When you appealed to the Garrick Committee, and they called their general meeting, I said at that meeting that you and I had been on good terms for many years, and that I was very sorry to find myself opposed to you; but that it was clear that the Committee had nothing on earth to do with it, and that in the strength of my conviction I should go against you.

If this mediation that I have suggested can take place, I shall be heartily glad to do my best in it—and God knows I hold no hostile spirit towards any one, least of all to you. If it cannot take place the thing is at least no worse than it now is; and you will burn this letter, and I will burn your answer.

Yours faithfully, CHARLES DICKENS.

W. M. THACKERAY, Esq.

THE WAR QUESTION.

A French Manifesto—Resignation of Prince Napoleon—The Austrian Circular—Response of the German States.

FRENCH OFFICIAL DECLARATIONS.

The *Moniteur*, of March 5, contains the following highly important article:

"Public opinion in foreign countries does not clearly understand the present régime of the Press in France. The fact appears to prevail too generally that the journals are subjected to a previous censorship, and thus an importance is ascribed to them which is unfounded. The Administration, it ought to be known, has no preventive action as regards the Press. The public should, therefore, be on its guard against the inferences founded on the language of the journals. When, however, a grave question presents itself, an important act is accomplished, the Government addresses itself directly to the nation through the official journal. That is a duty which it has always imposed on itself, and which it will accomplish the more scrupulously under general circumstances, as public opinion is now more than ever taken unawares and misled.

The state of things in Italy, although of old date, has in these latter times assumed in the eyes of all a character of gravity which has naturally struck the mind of the Emperor; for the chief of a great power like France cannot isolate himself from questions which interest European order. Animated by a spirit of prudence which it would have been culpable not to have possessed, he directs his attention in the most loyal manner to the reasonable and equitable solution of these delicate and difficult problems.

The Emperor has nothing to disguise, nothing to disavow, either in the objects of his anxious deliberation or in his alliances. French interest guides his policy, and justifies his vigilance.

In presence of the disturbances—we are glad to believe unfounded—which have agitated public opinion in Piedmont, the Emperor has promised the King of Sardinia to defend him against any aggressive act on the part of Austria. He has promised nothing more, and it is well known that he keeps his word.

Is this to be considered as a dream of war? Is it not more in conformity with the rules of prudence to foresee difficulties, more or less near, and to weigh all their consequences?

We have just indicated what are the real thoughts, duties and resources of the Emperor; and all the exaggerations of the Press have added thereto is pure imagination, falsehood and delirium.

France, it is asserted, is making considerable warlike preparations. This is a completely gratuitous supposition. The regular effective force of the army, adopted two years ago by the Legislative Corps, remains stationary; the artillery, recently [illegible] to extend the regiments of the line, the cavalry regiments are 5,000 strong, and the regiments of cavalry 600.

It is affirmed, also, that the French arsenals are displaying extraordinary activity. But it is forgotten that we have to change all our artillery and to transform our entire fleet. This last undertaking, long since decided on in order to give our fleet its normal strength, is sanctioned by the annual votes of the legislative body; and notwithstanding the most [illegible] zeal, several years will still be necessary to complete the operation.

Lastly, conjectures are built on the preparations in navy. All these preparations, [illegible] dating out four frigates for the conveyance of troops from France to Algeria and from Algeria to France, and four screw transports destined to provide for different eventualities, especially for the service of Civita Vecchia, and for the revictualling, by way of Alexandria, of our expedition in Cochin China.

Such are the facts, and they should fully reassure sincere men as to the projects ascribed to the Emperor, and lead them to feel, as they deserve the allegations of those who are interested in casting doubts on the most unobjectionable measures, and clouding the clearest situations.

Is it not time to ask when these vague and absurd rumors, spread by the Press from one end of Europe to the other, will end—running, repeating everywhere to public credulity the Emperor of the French as exciting to war, and throwing on him alone the responsibility of the disquietudes and warlike preparations of Europe?

Who can have a right to mislead public opinion so shamefully—to alarm interests so gratuitously?

Where are the words—where the diplomatic notes—where the acts which indicate a desire to excite war for the passions which it satisfies—or for the glory which it dazzles? Who has seen the soldiers—the armed and the pieces of cannon—estimated the supplies which are said to have been added with so much cost and haste to the ordinary state of a peace footing in France? Where are the extraordinary levies, the anticipated calling out of soldiers? On what day were recalled to service the men now absent on retirable furlough? Who, in short, can show the slightest, however slight they may be, of the general conditions which malevolence invents, which credulity hands about, and which stupidity accepts?

No doubt, as we have said, the Emperor watches over the vital interests of nationalities, which may [illegible] on the horizon. It is the duty of all moderate men, indeed, to conjure away the events, or questions, which are of a nature to provoke that crisis without which there is neither honor nor consistency. It is not a question which real Bonapartists (*terribles qu'ils soient*) regret; it is security and a safe future.

Such foresight is neither agitation nor provocation. To study questions is not to create them; and to divert attention from them would be neither to suppress nor solve them. Besides, a diplomatic examination of these questions has been commenced; and nothing warrants the belief that the issue will be unfavorable to the consolidation of public peace."

The Times, in its number of the 8th, speaks of a conversation said to have taken place between Prince Napoleon and Count de Persigny at the Tuileries, on the day of the communication on the regularity of the Imperial family of the marriage of His Imperial Highness. The English journal declares that the conversation in question was very animated, and it ascribes to the Prince NAPOLEON and M. DE PERSIGNY language respecting politics which was never used. We cannot say where the *Times* derived its information, but what we know is, that its account is altogether incorrect.

THE RESIGNATION OF PRINCE NAPOLEON.

From the Paris Correspondence of the Times, March 7.

I have now to confirm what I mentioned yesterday, viz., that Prince NAPOLEON's resignation of his post as Minister of Algeria was at first refused by the Emperor; that it was again tendered, and again refused; and it was only when offered the third or fourth time that the Emperor consented to accept it. His Majesty also accepted the person the Prince recommended as his successor, namely, M. CHASSELOUP-LAUBAT, as Minister for Algeria and Colonies. The nomination will appear on Sunday in the *Moniteur*. I cannot refrain to give where your readers to be a statement of the views of Prince NAPOLEON, as proceeding from a person who professes to be well acquainted with them, and whose sincerity I have no reason to doubt.

A fact of extreme gravity, he says, has taken place in the French Cabinet, of which it is important the political world should know the signification and the meaning, namely, the resignation of his Imperial Highness Prince NAPOLEON of the Ministry of Algeria and the Colonies. First of all, he declares that the retirement of the Prince does not in the slightest degree alter the intimate relations which unite him to his Majesty the Emperor, and they who fancy to see a momentary rupture between the two august cousins labor under a serious error. Their relations were never more intimate. There does not exist between the two personages any political dissension.

The retirement of the Prince refers merely, as will be explained, to a question of opportunismus, and a change of persons.

Since his entry into the Cabinet His Imperial Highness has been in frequent opposition, on questions of internal and external policy, to the greater part of the Ministers, and especially with MM. WALEWSKI and FOULD. The divergence of opinion which arose on all the grave questions of the day, assumed a character of gravity during the recent events, and especially on the occasion of a note inserted in the *Moniteur*, so that it became impossible that the Prince and the Ministers we have mentioned could continue to sit in the same Council.

The policy which Prince NAPOLEON wished to see carried out he has proclaimed on various occasions; it is, a prudent liberty at home, under the tenfold guarantee of the laws and of authority, and a firm but not compromising attitude abroad.

In the Italian question, for instance, which is now the question of the day, it can be affirmed that the Prince by no means desired an attack on the part of Piedmont, supported by France, in order to expel Austria from the possessions which treaties have recognized as hers. The Prince asked that the Emperor's Government should proclaim, and cause to be respected, the principle of non-intervention in the affairs of Central Italy. The Prince desired that France should notify to the European Powers that she would support the demands of Piedmont, and that she should give her the support of her authority in case troubles broke out in the duchies of Parma, Plaisance and Tuscany, or in the Romagna, or should Austria desire to occupy those countries under pretext of establishing order there.

What did MM. FOULD and WALEWSKI support against a line of conduct so frank and open? Why, they supported the system of peace at any price. They declared loudly that France could not, and would not, under any circumstances make war, and ought to abandon Piedmont in case of a contest. In presence of this intestine struggle, the Emperor, who at bottom participates in the opinions of Prince NAPOLEON, did not think it would be expedient to dissolve immediately his full house by a change of Ministry, and he, consulted, although with difficulty, that his cousin should withdraw from the Cabinet. But this retirement can only be temporary, for it is more than probable that the success of the Prince's adversaries will not be of long duration, and he will have lost nothing by waiting a few weeks longer. One fact in favor of the good harmony of the conformity of opinions which as stated exists between His Majesty the Emperor and the Prince his cousin, that His Imperial Highness has himself designated his successor to His Majesty, who at once accepted him. That successor will probably be M. CHASSELOUP-LAUBAT.

A DIPLOMATIC NOTE FROM AUSTRIA.

The following is the text of the Austrian dispatch of the 5th of February, addressed to the Austrian representatives at the different Courts of Germany:

VIENNA, Feb. 5.

The serious anxiety which has affected the political situation of Europe since the commencement of this year has also been seriously felt in every part of Germany. To the astonishment of the Governments and of the nations who desire peace, and whose efforts tend to so many important results of which peace is the condition, general confidence in the future has been shaken in a lamentable manner. There does not exist any serious difference (*zwiespalt*) between the Powers which can explain this anxiety, but the fears which have manifested themselves seem the less inclined to yield to a more favorable appreciation of the state of things, as they cannot be traced to legitimate causes.

If this general feeling of uncertainty is to be deeply regretted, a salutary effect, and which it is impossible not to recognize, has, on the other hand, been produced by the unanimity and decision with which public opinion in Germany, in presence of the possibility of war, which appeared certain, has pronounced itself in favor of an energetic operation.

This fact, which none can deny, is a bright and satisfactory light in the sad darkness of the present moment.

The language of German statesmen, as of the Press, has widely spread the impression that Germany would look upon itself as threatened as a united Power (*Gesammtmacht*,) if Austria, by an unjust attack on her possessions in Italy, should find herself called upon to take up arms against one of the greatest military powers in Europe. The convictions of the whole of Germany have united in an energetic protest against a return to the days of the Confederation of the Rhine. With a common consent which commands respect, public opinion has declared that if the rupture of the public law of Europe should threaten a German Power, even should it only be at first in her non-German possessions, all her allies ought to make common cause with her, so as to preserve peace by the moral force of so powerful a union, and in case, against all expectation, that result should not be obtained, would in common protect from attack the possessions of a member of the Confederation, as well as the sanctity of treaties; and thus shield, at the same time, the honor, the dignity, the safety and the power of united Germany.

Under these circumstances, not a few German Cabinets have expressed to us their wish to examine closely by what firm determination, and in what form, a joint line of action, in case of an attack on Austria, could be adopted so as to be prepared at a moment's notice. On various sides our opinion has been sought on the state of affairs, especially as whether it would be opportune to provoke a declaration from the constitutional authority of the German Confederation, or to prepare resolutions for eventualities by that assembly. This induces us to make [illegible]

[illegible] Germany, closely united, will not allow such an attack to be made.

We do not, it is true, draw the conclusion therefrom that the suitable moment has arrived to open deliberations at Frankfort, and for the German Confederation to take decided measures.

We must take into careful consideration the prejudicial effect that will be caused abroad, as well as upon the internal situation of the Confederation, and, under the necessary influence of those considerations, we, for the present, are inclined to the opinion that the firm establishment of the common action of Germany with Austria, in case of war, ought not to assume the obligatory forms of the Federal Constitution as long as the realization of the eventuality for the advent of which the community is prepared has not presented itself as certain. But we need not give the assurance that the opinions our against allies may wish to bring to bear upon this essential point may meet and count upon our most serious attention, and will be by us eagerly taken into consideration.

Nevertheless, we think it is decidedly desirable already that the Government of Germany, as members of one great body should mutually consult, and [illegible] which animate them in the face of the dangers of the future, which it is impossible to disown, and prepare themselves, by a firm agreement, to hold at the proper time the same language, conformable to the circumstances, and efficacious either towards Sardinia or towards France, or finally towards both States together. We shall receive with lively interest and warm gratitude the assurance that this view is shared by our allies, and that, in particular, the Government to which we have the honor of being accredited is, on its part, disposed to concurrence in the establishment of the full strength that Germany will put in concert with Austria, a result the success of which would be certain, [illegible] Europe to the maintenance of peace, and [illegible] at the same time, by the absence of all [illegible] the explosion of war in Italy may take place [illegible] that, under any pretext whatever, and [illegible] Prussia, in a serious manner, the peace of Europe [illegible] to its moderation and love of peace, [illegible] Cabinet will exert all its efforts to prevent [illegible] complications. But we cannot close our [illegible] that, as long as the policy of Sardinia [illegible] in its present character, contrary to [illegible] of nations, and calculates upon war and [illegible] Europe in the maintenance of peace, [illegible] Austria, a result the success of which would be certain, [illegible] circumstances, we must in both cases [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] form.

You are authorized to use this as a confidential communication. I am, &c., BUOL.

RESPONSES OF THE GERMAN STATES.

The Dresden correspondent of the *Courrier de Francfort*, who was the first to give authentic extracts from the Austrian circular, now sends the following as the sense of the reply made by the German States:

"The States of the common German country have seen with satisfaction the confidence which Austria places in their patriotism and in their proclaimed faith in respect to the treaties upon which repose the economy of the political organization of States, the peace of Europe and the safety of thrones.

"The German Courts have seen with regret serious differences arise between Austria and France, and have not for an instant disguised from themselves the gravity of the dangers Europe would incur should those differences be prolonged.

"A war like that which threatens to commence on the subject which they call the "Italian question," or the "Italian idea," must, more than any other war, cause uneasiness to the sovereigns and people of Europe. In such a war many sacred principles are involved and condemned to shed their triumph or their humiliation on the field of battle.

The States of the Confederation, very anxious on account of the painful trials to which Austria, their confederate sister-Power, is to be exposed, are perfectly mindful of their duty, and nothing has been forgotten, or will be forgotten, that is required by the dignity, the independence, and the security of all the countries composing the grand Germanic union.

But, however, under these circumstances, it does not appear that there is any imminent or immediate danger of peace being broken, so that, until the situation discovers itself in a clear manner, the German Courts do not think it opportune, in the interests of so many preserving ones that are being made to avoid the explosion of war, to attempt a circumstantial explanation on the measures which should be adopted by Germany in the case of hostilities commencing between France and Austria.

The confidence that Germany and its Governments will experience on the day of foreign aggression against one of its members are perfectly well known to Austria. She can therefore rely upon the fact that, in case of need, the Diet of Frankfort, the solemn representative of the whole, interests and honor of the common country, will know how to protect them, and adopt a line of conduct the most efficacious and most suited to the necessities of the case."

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Mr. Sickles' Trial to Commence on the Fourth of April—The Removal of the Boston Post-Office Declared Illegal, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 24.

This morning the counsel for Mr. SICKLES appeared in Court, and Mr. CHASE requested to know whether any action would be taken by the Court in the case of Mr. SICKLES, who was extremely anxious that his trial should be proceeded with at the earliest possible moment. On behalf of Mr. SICKLES he desired to say that the Grand Jury had made a presentment in the case eight days since, and that although he had expected to hear from day to day that an indictment had been found by the Grand Jury and presented, he regretted to say that no action had so far been taken, and he desired to know, on behalf of Mr. SICKLES at what time the indictment would be presented to the Grand Jury.

The Court intimated that it had no control in the case, as the accused had not been indicted, and the whole matter, therefore, was with the Grand Jury and the District-Attorney. The Court therefore declined any further hearing in the matter.

Subsequently the District-Attorney agreed with the counsel of the accused that he would send in the indictment to the Grand Jury during the morning, and that the same should be returned in due form; the the counsel could attend at 2 o'clock P. M., and the indictment would be filed at that time with the Clerk.

At 2 o'clock the several counsel were in attendance and Mr. STANTON, on behalf of the accused, stated the facts of the case—the imprisonment of Mr. SICKLES the danger to him that unless the Court would order a speedy trial he would lose a part of his witnesses, who were now here and ready; and, finally, that one of the counsel had business engagements in an adjoining county, which would require his attendance, and deprive the accused of his services and advice. He called upon the Court to fix the time of the commencement of the trial for Monday, the 28th inst.

The District-Attorney answered that while he was desirous of disclaiming any intention to procrastinate the trial of Mr. SICKLES, he was not willing to be compelled to go to trial unprepared, and that he could not be ready before next Monday week; that although the accused was in prison, and counsel had urged that Mr. SICKLES was entitled to a speedy trial, he believed that the United States were not to be forced into a trial without due preparation, and he did not recognize the right of counsel to examine him as to why he was unwilling to proceed at an earlier day than he (the District-Attorney) had named.

The Court declined to interfere in any way, saying that the Court did not interfere with the District-Attorney except in extreme cases, and that he did not see any fact in the case which would induce him to order the case to proceed until the District-Attorney thought proper to take it up.

The Counsel and the District-Attorney finally agreed upon Monday week as the time for the commencement of the trial. The counsel for the defence all remarked that they were ready now, but if they would not proceed on Monday next they would submit to Monday week, to which Judge CRAWFORD consented, and the case was accordingly set down for that day.

Mr. SICKLES' health is very good, he having suffered much less from his confinement than his friends would suppose from his known active habits. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 24.

Attorney-General BLACK has this afternoon decided against the legality of the recent removal of the Boston Post-office. It now remains for the Postmaster-General to take action in the premises.

The Grand Jury more than a week ago made a presentment against Mr. SICKLES for the murder of Mr. KEY. It then became the duty of the District-Attorney to prepare an indictment and place it before them for their final action. This he did to-day, when it was returned by them as "a true bill." The reason of the delay is understood to be that they might in the meantime have an opportunity to examine additional witnesses more particularly relative to Mr. BUTTERWORTH, so that if they discovered sufficient cause they could indict him jointly with Mr. SICKLES. Mr. CHANDLER, of Pittsburgh, and Messrs. MAGRUDER and BRADLEY, accompanied by the father of the accused, came into Court and asked that next Monday be set down for the trial, but after a conference with the District-Attorney Monday week was agreed upon for the purpose.

Much concern has recently been manifested by several of the Foreign Ministers regarding the African emigration movement, and it has been stated that the Administration is opposed to it on the ground that it is connected with General WALKER—but the assurance is given that such is not the case, and as a consequence the opposition which was raised against the expedition has ceased. As it is claimed the Administration cannot be adverse to legitimate colonization in the United States, a company of emigrants is forming in Washington.

The Circuit Court of the District of Columbia decided an important patent case to-day, on an appeal from the Commissioner of Patents. The case was an interference between the National Steam Gauge Company and WM. H. FARRAR. It was decided in favor of the former assignee of H. G. ATLEE.

Hon. Jno. Scott has arrived. He had an interview with the Secretary of War this morning, and will remain several days on business connected with his official position.

NATHANIEL GRAZY, of California, has been appointed naval storekeeper at Shanghai, China.

Massachusetts Legislature and the Hancock Mansion.

BOSTON, Thursday, March 24.

In the House to-day the vote rejecting the bill to purchase the Hancock Mansion, was reconsidered. It was then amended by placing the matter in the hands of the Governor and State officers and Secretary of the Board of Education, giving them the power to make the purchase if they deem it expedient, and providing that the house shall not be used as an Executive mansion. In this shape the bill passed to a third reading.

Further by the Quaker City.

NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND MEXICO.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 23.

The steamship *Quaker City* is detained below from some unknown cause. She is to sail on Sunday next, however, and will touch at Vera Cruz to land Mr. McLANE, the American Minister.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, March 24.

The California mail per *Quaker City*, has arrived.

The mail steamship *Sonora*, which left San Francisco on the 5th for Panama, had 400 passengers; and the *Orizaba*, which sailed on the same day, also for Panama, had 100 passengers.

The ship *United States* had been destroyed by the Puget Sound Indians in Nittinat Sound; the crew were captured by the Indians, but were afterwards released.

Advices from China to Jan. 20 had been received at San Francisco and mention the bombardment of Nankin. [Probably by the rebels, though our dispatch leaves us in the dark in the matter.—EDS.]

The San Francisco papers have advices from Australia, but no dates are given.

The bark *Tasmania* has been wrecked, and one hundred and fifteen lives thereby lost, at the mouth of the Mackenzie River.

Vera Cruz dates are to March 14. There is no news of importance.

The cities of Guadalajara and Mexico were in a state of siege, on account of the near approach of the Liberals. DESCHIZO's force consisted of but 4,000 men. The Liberals had established a strong force at the National Bridge to prevent the passage of Miramon. The latter is said to be unprovided with men.

The Railroad Convention at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Thursday, March 24.

The Railroad Convention continued in session to-day. The utmost harmony prevailed throughout, with entire freedom from excitement or contention. The Time-Table Committee reported this evening. They propose starting from New-York at 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. by the Camden and Amboy and New-Jersey roads, and to reach Cincinnati at 1 P. M. and 7 P. M., and to leave Cincinnati at 8 A. M. and 11. 30 P. M., and make about the same time to New-York.

The following resolutions were offered by the President of the Baltimore and Ohio Road, and also adopted:

Whereas, Moderate speed of passenger trains is admitted to contribute largely to the economical working, and consequently the net results of railway property.

Whereas, The extraordinary cost of high speed should command a relative remuneration for passenger-service,

Whereas, The experience of the managers of the railroad system in Europe has adopted this system in their tariff of rates, as the legitimate results of their experience, therefore,

Resolved, In order to inaugurate this economical and valuable principle in the American system, each through line to competing points may, at its option, charge one dollar less between New-York and such competing points on all trains using the schedule time of not less than thirty-six hours between Cincinnati and New-York, and forty hours between Chicago and New-York.

The time seems to be satisfactory to the various western roads interested, and is said to be so arranged as to be better adapted to the general public convenience by all lines than ever heretofore.

The Pennsylvania Road provides for a bold and active competition with the New-York Central by rapid speed, and the Baltimore Road, while maintaining the moderate speed provided for in the above resolution, will compensate for it by reducing the fare one dollar.

The freight rates occupied but little attention, but the following resolution passed:

That a Committee consisting of representatives from each of the Western roads, appointed by the respective roads, arrange the rates on freight eastward bound; that they be instructed to fix the differences between all rail, lake, and canal routes; that this Committee meet at Dayton on the 31st inst.; and that one representative from each of the four Atlantic lines be invited to be present.

The Convention is still sitting, but will adjourn tonight.

Later from Havana.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 23.

The steamship *Cahawba* brings Havana advices to the 19th instant, but they are unimportant.

Later news from Mexico, *via* Havana, is to the effect that MIRAMON was still marching on Vera Cruz. Zacatecas and Leon had been evacuated by the Liberals. GAYOSO holds DESCHIZO in check near the capital.

Grain Statistics.

CHICAGO, Thursday, March 24.

The *Commercial Express*, of to-day, shows that the accumulation of grain in store last week was 17,500 bushels, against 169,000 for the corresponding week of last year. The difference in the amount of flour and wheat in store now, as compared with last year, is 754,000 bushels. The decrease in the receipts of flour and wheat is equivalent to 1,040,000 bushels. The increase in the receipts of corn exceed 200,000 bushels.

Marine Disasters.

THE SHOOTING STAR AND SKYLARK AGROUND.

BOSTON, Thursday, March 24.

Ship *Shooting Star*, from Portsmouth for New-York, in tow of steamer *W. H. Webb*, struck on Tuckernuck Shoal, at 3 o'clock A. M., yesterday, during a thick fog, and let go one anchor to keep the ship from drifting further on. The cable parted, and she ship swung round, striking the anchor, and knocked a hole in her bottom. She was drawing twelve feet when she went on, and has eleven feet under her stern at high water. At 6 o'clock A. M. she had eight feet of water in her.

The *W. H. Webb* arrived at New-Bedford to-day for steam-pumps and men. The steamer *Island Home*, from Nantucket, put 21 men on board of her last night.

The ship *Sky Lark*, which left New-Bedford at 3 o'clock this afternoon in tow of the steamer *W. H. Webb*, for New-York, grounded in the harbor and remained so. She will probably be got off at high water, and proceed.

THE SCHOONER OCEAN WAVE LEAKING.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, March 24.

The schooner *Ocean Wave*, from Newbern, N. C., for New-York, sprung a leak and put into Morris River for repairs.

Non-Arrival of the Niagara and Alps.

HALIFAX, Thursday, March 24.

There are yet no indications of the steamships *Niagara* (not the *Asiatic*, as before reported) and *Alps*, now in their 13th day from Liverpool, and fully due. The weather is clear, with a northerly wind.

AFFAIRS AT ALBANY.

Almost an Accident—The Prohibitory Law Ordered to a Third Reading in Assembly and Reconsidered—The Assessment upon Staten Islanders for their Residence, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Thursday, March 24, 1859.

A dreadful accident happened to the sunshine last night, but this morning, newly leaved and better oiled, it ran well. This was the way it happened:

For weeks the Internal Affairs Committee had been brooding over certain bills touching liquor, excise, and all that gloomily promising that the House wouldn't meddle with any bill that would suit them, yet hating to have the odium of strangling the bills while under their nursing. The eyes of the temperance world were on them, and they were, three to two, teetotalers and prohibitory men. At last they arose in their agony, and determined to clear their souls, clear their skirts, wash their hands, and last Friday reported one Prohibitory and two Excise Amendatory acts to the House. The House then took its turn at kicking; the people would call them to account if they declined to put through a good bill when the chance came, and a good many seriously objected to being reminded either for or against prohibition. Last night the bills all came up on a special order, fixed when there was sure to be a quorum present last Monday—the Prohibitory bill at the top. CHARLES TEMPLE hit it a knock, and was evidently surprised at that it didn't fly tumbling out of the Committee. MOSES, of Yates, let loose upon it the sectarical argument; GEVER, (Democrat,) of New-York, showed it as an enemy to the rights of men, and MAIZE (Republican,) of Erie, showed how lean and lorry a nag it was when compared with Moral Suasion. By this time the Committee was well awake, and the friends of prohibition went it. HUNTINGTON, of Orleans, argued its constitutionality, wisdom and righteousness; GLASTIS, of St. Lawrence, endorsed the practicality of its enforcement. VAN HORN, of Niagara, [illegible] it would stand the fire of the Courts; it was simple, clear and effective. TOWNSEND, second his Honor [illegible] to a third reading.

Further by the Quaker City.

NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND MEXICO.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 23.

The steamship *Qua

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE KANSAS GOLD MINES.

How to Get to Pike's Peak, and What You Will Find on Getting There.

The following narrative of a trip to the gold mines of Western Kansas is sent us by an intelligent gentleman, who went out expressly to satisfy himself about the existence of gold, previous to making any definite business arrangements to move thither. It contains interesting and valuable information, and is perhaps as reliable as any that has appeared in the journals of the country:

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Being temporarily engaged in business at Kansas City, in Western Missouri, last Winter, and constantly hearing reports of the most flattering character about the gold discoveries upon Cherry Creek and near Pike's Peak, myself and two old residents of Kansas City decided on visiting the mines and ascertain for ourselves what truth there was in the reports that were constantly appearing, not only in the border papers, but also in the leading papers East, representing these gold fields to be fully as extensive as those found in the Sierra Nevada range. We accordingly furnished ourselves with riding and pack mules, and, without any supply of provisions, we left Kansas City on the morning of the 1st of December, 1858, taking the old Santa Fé road which leads out from the Missouri river over *the only divide* that stretches over the great plains for a distance of four hundred.

Details of the state of this road will be interesting and valuable information to emigrants who have enrolled themselves as gold hunters, and they shall be furnished.

Brevity is not only the soul of wit, but it is the pith of narrative; little will, therefore, be said in this article about our *en route* affairs.

Finding on the road plenty of food for our stock and regular old-timed country inns for ourselves, as far out as Council Grove, a distance of about one hundred and fifty miles, we at that place supplied ourselves with provisions and forage sufficient to last us to Allison's Ranche, which is distant from Kansas City about two hundred and fifty miles. We here found plenty of corn for our mules, and bacon, flour, sugar, coffee, and other prairie *stores* for ourselves.

As WILLIS and CLARK say, upon most every page in their narrative of their exploration of the Missouri River, after getting our supplies "we proceeded on." At the ranch, or rather a short distance beyond it, we left the mail road to Santa Fé, and followed up or along the valley of Pawnee Fork, taking in to the old road again at the Big Timbers. We here rested for one day, when "we proceeded on" to Bent's Fort, shaking hand with that old pioneer of the mountains, BUT BENT, in just fifteen days after leaving Kansas City. Stopping over night with the Colonel, and rising in the morning with heads gently throbbing with the Colonel's wine-cellar hospitality, we again "proceeded on," arriving at the waters of Cherry Creek on the eighteenth day out from Kansas City. We were near the head of the Creek, when we found, within a distance of two miles up and down the stream, about fifty miners encamped, among whom were some of our personal acquaintances—Mr. JAS. WINCHESTER, JOHN B. PRICE, of Kansas City, and DAVID KELLOGG, of Chicago.

It was the dead of Winter, and of course but little mining, or even prospecting, could be done. However, we went round to the different cabins of the miners, and were shown more or less gold dust at each place. We estimated that we found among the miners upon that portion of the creek, from $1,500 to $1,800 worth of "dust." We had then seen enough (all of us having had experience in the mines of California) to satisfy us that the Pike's Peak gold region was no humbug.

The most important object of our mission was accomplished, viz.: We had satisfied ourselves that gold existed,—that there was enough of it to justify a large emigration to go and dig for it. We then spent five days among the mountains and in prospecting upon other streams. We found more or less gold everywhere, and what satisfied us more than all else, we found the gold region to be a *fac simile* of the gold country about the Yuba and Feather rivers of California. We found further, forests of pines, sites for mills, with water power, a rich and extensive country for all branches of agriculture, and the whole region abounding with game; in short we had seen enough to know that Western Kansas possessed more undeveloped wealth than any *territory* west of the Mississippi. Without further delay "we proceeded" home, arriving in Kansas City on the 5th of January, 1859, having been absent just forty-days.

The writer cannot in this connection refrain from speaking somewhat at length about the old Santa Fé road. This is a natural road—the best natural road upon the American continent. And it is not possible for people unacquainted with the geography of the great plains of America to understand what is meant by a natural road without further information.

The track of the buffalo as he roams over the plains and through the mountains is a natural road, and somewhere Col. Bonnet has said that buffaloes are the best engineers upon the continent. If a horse, an ox, a mule, or any other animal is turned loose upon the plains and wanders any great distance from home, the road they take is a natural road. They avoid crossing streams, they avoid ravines and all other obstructions to their march. If a road across the plains is marked out by *men*, and that road crosses any considerable number of streams, then it will never be the route of mountain men, as they set out with their trains of heavy loaded wagons to travel to the mountains. On these plains *all* the streams flow through an alluvial soil; they make slow and abrupt banks, and always run deep, no matter how small the stream may be. Having no rock or gravel bottoms, the current is constantly washing away the earth and deepening the channel. For this reason, a road over the plains must be upon a divide—that is, along the high ground where the water is flowing either way from the road-bed. Such a road we found this great Santa Fé road to be, and inasmuch as nine-tenths of the wagons owned by the men engaged in the commerce of the interior pass over this road, and inasmuch as it is the road originally made by the buffalo, there can be no doubt but that it is the best road for the gold hunting emigrants.

The road, however, from Nebraska City to the mines is perhaps equally as good as the Santa Fé road, and is undoubtedly the best road of the two for the emigration from Minnesota, Iowa, North Missouri and Wisconsin to take, but all emigrants east of the Mississippi will, without doubt, find the Santa Fé road the most direct and best route to take. Packets and trains of the Pacific Railroad are leaving St. Louis every day for the Upper Missouri, and when once at that point, it will be no difficult matter for the emigration to forward their stores to Independence, Kansas City or Westport, and prepare themselves for a trip across the plains, which, when they arrive at the mines, they will find to be more of a pleasant trip than a tour of hardship and privation.

C. C. SPALDING.

Slavery in New-Mexico.

NEW-YORK, Sunday, March 20, 1859.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The following paragraph is going the rounds of the newspapers, North and South, with various significant comments appended thereto:

"The mail received from Santa Fé brings a copy of stringent laws passed by the Legislature of New-Mexico, *to protect property in slaves, and totally prohibiting emancipation in that territory.*"

Some give it as evidence of the proclivity to extend the institution in that region, while others attribute it to officious Democracy, in haste to sell in advance of Republican agitation, &c., &c. The writer takes the liberty to state that none of these conclusions are correct. A few words will serve to explain.

The only parties owning slaves in that section are those of the Army officers who can afford it. With them it is a favorite species of property, and so much is spoken of these gentlemen from Africa, in order to retain them, this sanctimous X is difficult to say which is the master and which the slave. It will be recollected that the recent Navajo war was based primarily on the killing of a negro servant, belonging to some of the Army officers, by these Indians. If Mr. Indian kills Mr. Nigger, the "chattel" belonging to the Federal troops, their whole force is brought into requisition to obtain revenge and indemnification; but if, *vice versa*, a whole emigrant train,—may be murdered, scalped and robbed by these same Indians, and not a soldier moves from barrack or camp.

The Legislature of New-Mexico is composed, with two or three exceptions, of Mexicans ignorant of the English language, and having but a slight comprehension of our institutions, because they never have had an opportunity to witness the practical operation of the same, except so far as they tend to increase our difficulties with the Indians, and render New-Mexico unfit for settlement. Ever since the Legislature of New-Mexico had an existence, it has legislated backwards. It is a plant tool in the hands of the Army and Navy contractors, and the recent measure must be considered as obedience to their own central wishes and mandate. Consequently, as affecting the question of Slavery in the Territory in a general or practical sense, it has no more signification or meaning than would a decree that every cockroach, head, body, tail and legs, found in a New-Mexican kitchen, should belong to the owner of said kitchen, and nobody else.

It never occurred to me until this moment that Apache and Navajo "utes," as they are called, small Indian boys and girls, taken as captives, are a favorite species of property with all classes. One of these "utes" will always bring $100 cash. Perhaps the astute New-Mexican Legislature, in their recent action, had reference to this kind of property. Who knows but that we long a demand on the Federal Congress to back up the action of the New-Mexican Legislature in relation to "utes," will shake this Union to its centre?

SANTA FÉ.

FROM ARIZONA.

Territorial Affairs—Movements at the West.

From Our Own Correspondent.

TUBAC, A. T., Thursday, March 3, 1859.

It seems that our Government ignores this Territory entirely. While it is not claimed that the country is as valuable as some interested par fe would make it out—while the "Gila gold bubble" has exploded, as all reasonable citizens of the Territory supposed it would—there are interests here that require the protection of our Government. We had been led to suppose that a portion of the army was to be sent here to protect us not only against the Indians but against thieving Mexicans who steal our stock. You can judge of our surprise when we received intelligence that one company of Dragoons was ordered away from Fort Buchanan—the only post within three hundred miles—and their place supplied by a skeleton company of Infantry, and that the command of the Fort would devolve upon Lieutenant-Colonel RAINES a meritorious officer, but in no respect superior to Captain ELWETS of the Dragoons, who has become familiar with the habits and customs of the Apaches, and who has just made a treaty with them by which they agree to stop stealing.

The Secretary of the Treasury is more mindful of us. He has sent a Custom-House officer here to collect duties on the little pack-trains from Sonora, that have been in the habit of supplying us with all the necessaries of life, few of which are raised in the Territory. It has been suggested that it was possible the Administration did not care so much about the duties as they did to make places for some Kansas notables. Ex-Sheriff JONES is Collector, and a Capt. DONALDSON, who served in the *Kansas War*, Deputy at this place. We have the "tax gatherers" but no court, no punishment of crime, or redress for any injury either to person or property.

The old Spanish law gave all the protection it could to miners—ours is the reverse, it continues to tax the supplies and denies us protection, consequently we are obliged to protect ourselves against Mexican robbers and hostile millions.

We have no news from Guaymas since the 19th of January. Rumor says that a United States vessel of war has arrived at that place, but it is by no means certain. The mail is under police surveillance in Sonora, so we can get no news from PESQUEIRA, or the result of his campaign against the Gonzlers forces at Mazatlan. Business of all kinds is dull at Sonora, merchants having no confidence in the Pesquiera Administration, have imported merely nothing; but one or two of the rich mines are worked, and they only to a limited extent. The whole northern part of the State depends on Arizona for a market, the cities buying next to nothing, as they have neither merchandise nor money to buy with.

New silver mines continue to be discovered, and with capital, industry, and perseverance can be worked to advantage; but let no one delude themselves with the idea that silver can be produced in a day. It is a long, tedious process, requiring much labor and the supervision of experienced managers. The Sonora Company, under the charge of Mr. LEYSNER, were one of the first to commence operations, and they have not got their works completed; they have only a common furnace, which produces some 100 ounces in twenty-four hours. Reduction by amalgamation requires very expensive machinery, and much time to accomplish. Most of the ores can only be reduced in this way.

T.

From Lake Superior.

WINTER CLIMATE OF LAKE SUPERIOR—DEPTH OF SNOW—THE ICE IN THE LAKE—GAME—BROOK-TROUTING—WINTER BUSINESS OF THE FURNACES—IRON ORE COMPANIES, AND RAILROAD AT MARQUETTE—MORE LABORING MEN WANTED—ACCOUNTS FROM THE COPPER REGION—COPPER MINING.

MARQUETTE, Lake Superior, Mich., Monday, Feb. 28, 1859.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Winter in this quarter is by no means a dreary or inhospitable season of the year. The cold is not excessive, the air is dry and bracing, the temperature is uniform, the snow constant and sufficient for capital sleighing, the sky clear, and the atmosphere of a transparency which gives scope to the vision by day and splendor to the stars at night, such as is unknown at the southward and eastward. Since the 1st of January the mean temperature at this place, as ascertained from three observations taken daily by Dr. G. H. BLAKES, for the Smithsonian Institution's reports, has been 21° Fahrenheit. During the whole time the thermometer has indicated zero on but seven days in the morning, and only once in the middle of the day. Since the same date we have had 27 inches of light snow, which has settled probably one half; there is from two and a half to three feet of snow now on the ground in the woods. We usually have heavy snow in November, which remains till March, and effectually prevents the ground from freezing. Potatoes and vegetables of like character remaining in the ground over Winter propagate themselves year after year. Lake Superior, which is 627 feet deep and 792 feet above the level of the sea, never freezes. Ice sometimes forms a few miles from shore, and the bays are generally frozen over. Up to the present time this Winter, however, we have not had in Marquette Bay ice sufficient to fill our ice-houses; a very slight wind would break up that which now skirts the shore.

Game is not very abundant with us just now. The days are not yet warm enough to tempt out the bears; the deer have gone southward, and the wolves have followed them. Next month we shall have them both back. Wolves are very plenty, however, within 50 to 75 miles south of us, along the Escanawba and Ford rivers. One of enormous size was killed in that region a few days since, while feasting on a deer which he had run down. He was seven feet from tip to tip, and his head measured twelve inches in length by ten inches in breadth. Brook-trout fishing through the ice gives us excellent sport; when the days are warm they bite sharply enough. A party of seven one day last week caught 450, some of them noble fellows, weighing two or three pounds each.

This Winter has been a very favorable one for all out-door operations, and it has been well improved with us in all the departments of labor; there has not been a busier place in the Union. An active lumbering business has been going on for our home trade. The Blast Furnace Companies (which are making pig iron with charcoal) have had an army of men chopping and coaling in the woods. Our Foundries are actively employed. The Iron Ore Companies have been engaged in making openings and removing surface from the iron hills preparatory to next season's business in the shipment of ore, which will be large. The Railroad Company, which brings down the ore from the mountains, 10 miles distant, is manufacturing at its shops an additional number of freight cars to meet the increased demand upon its facilities for transportation.

But a small portion of the Lake Superior pig iron in the market is actually made here. The ore, which yields between 65 and 70 per cent. metallic iron by analysis, and a ton of pig metal to the ton and a half of ore as an actual working product, is extensively shipped to various points on the lower lakes and there melted. The shipments of ore from this port last season were upwards of 30,000 tons; and its price about $3 per ton delivered free to vessels here, or $6 delivered at lower lake ports. This year it is anticipated that the shipments of ore will be more than twice as large as last; the amount of pig iron shipped will also be greatly increased.

Labor has been in demand all Winter and will be in the Spring. One of the Blast Furnace Companies has just brought over 30 or 40 wood choppers from Green Bay towards supplying the present deficiency. Ordinary laboring men can be ready sure of steady employment here after the opening of navigation at a dollar a day. Here will be a good opening for some of your unemployed in New-York City.

We hear very favorable accounts from the copper region. The copper-bearing trap-range begins at Keweenaw Point, some eighty miles to the northwest of this place, and runs westward upwards of one hundred and fifty miles. The leading companies dig [illegible]

[illegible]

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA POLITICS.

Nominations for City Offices—The Administration and the State Conventions—The Press Money.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, March 21, 1859.

The politicians, during the past two or three weeks, have been extremely busy; nor is there likely to be a cessation of political excitement until after municipal election in May. The People's Party have nominated two candidates for municipal offices. The first, Mr. BARRY, for the office of City Treasurer—an important and responsible position. Mr. BARRY is a gentleman, unlike a other member of Councils, from the Eighteenth Ward. He is engaged in the timber business, and is represented to be an honest and upright man, and every way qualified for the office. He has been tied to a political Native. The second nominee, CHARLES M. NEAL, is an attorney, and might now be making $5,000 a year at his profession, instead of enjoying a paltry office of $1,500—but such are the fascinations of political life. Young men frequently ruin themselves by being drawn in its vortex. Mr. NEAL was formerly a Democrat, but during the halcyon days of Know-Nothingism, he wisely or unwisely joined the Order at the time that he was a member of the Democratic City Executive Committee, and was accused of having betrayed the secrets of the Committee to his lodge. The Democracy is exasperated at him on this account. The probability is that he will be elected.

The action of the State Democratic Convention, in endorsing the Presidential Elector policy, and repudiating the State Executive, takes away every chance of success from the Democratic party during this year. A. D. 1859. Reason says that "the gas is mightier than the sword;" if so, the idea is stronger than the gas. What I mean is, that the idea of Popular Sovereignty is deep-rooted in the minds of our people; it cannot be eradicated; to endorse an adverse policy is hurling defiance. For a party to put men on such a platform, is neither more nor less than placing them at marks to be shot at, and to be politically killed, and has not even the excuse of "Jephtha's vow," for they are offered up, bound hand and foot, helpless victims to appease, not a principle, but the overreaching ranting of a chief who holds in terrorem over his subalterns the whip of dismissal from office.

Remember L. WEBSTER has been nominated for the office of Auditor-General. This goes to show that party fidelity does much towards elevating a man in political life. Mr. WEBSTER has the character of being incorruptible—this character is conceded to him even by his political opponents—and he certainly willmake an honest Auditor-General; but then he need never expect political preferment and theatrical vanity so loud that even with the violent of his party, he rises to the dignity of statesmanship. His mental calibre is very fair for that. Mr. WEBSTER has a black mark opposite his name; he was one of the Van Buren Democrats in 1848—was then for Free-Soil—so that 37,100,000 Democratic vote against him in October, he cannot fall back with them, since he himself cut the cord of party fealty asunder.

The fault in Mr. WEBSTER is both pure and patriotic—he is too fastidious in the discharge of his public duties, he is too conscientious, politics cannot save him. The Man who attempts to do his duty, the man may try to arrest it, but he fails; it grows daily and daily more and more unpopular. Conventions, political discussions, swaggering party men and parties who dare attempt to arrest the progress of Popular Sovereignty will shake down as the mountains and valleys of Pennsylvania sink, from carrying political destruction and death to all who dare try to stay the onward march. "The handwriting is on the wall." Already steps are being taken to call another Democratic Convention. A call is actually digested in progress. What will be the result of such a movement it is easy to foresee. The succession of the Republicans have caused great changes in the Democratic Selectors to the Presidential application, a few months ago the friends of Senator SEWARD were sanguine of carrying the State, but they now speak of it with doubt, and insist that he shall be their nominee. They say that there cannot be no contending in America against their own principles, inscribed upon their banner; that it will be their time to arrive in 1860 that it surely will in 1864, and that there must be no more entangling alliances or compromises for the sake of party success. They take the following view of national policy, Express and statesmanship: That the next comes the material of the free States will be such as to entirely and forever do away with what was never contemplated by the Constitution—a balance of power between free and slave States—between North and South; that there will be five members of Congress from the free to one from the slave States, that the equilibrium is thus destroyed in the Senate of the United States, and that as a consequence in 1864 the Republican ticket is certain to be elected; that political Associations was a mere ephemeral—that the two antagonisms are free States and slave States—not slavery and non-slavery, question and labor—that of labor consideration when compared to money. Therefore it is that SEWARD's friends are not only actively at work to secure his nomination, but are also engaged of accomplishing it. It is currently reported that Senator CAMERON is busily engaged in advancing SEWARD's interests through the interior of the State. I need hardly remark that the adroitness of General CAMERON in managing the political wires is proverbial; add to this his settlement among men of his own stamp, and his attachment among men of his own stamp, and his attachment among men of his own stamp, and his attachment among men of his own stamp, make him a dangerous adversary to his former party.

There have been two distinguished arrivals in town, Senator DOUGLAS and O. JEFFERSON WINN, the former of whom was to have attended a lecture at Concert Foundry's at some Mechanics' Institute, but failing to try some law case before one of our courts. I have heard that the Illinois Senator will be a candidate at Charleston, but for whom he will throw his influence is a profound mystery. It is rumored by many that Forney is really for BUCHANAN, but that whenever the Vice-President comes to the stage of Genuine H. Marsh's that Wm. B. Mann, Dunning, Dougherty, John O'Brien, David Lynch and others of that ilk, "meet him there. There is a street rumor, and I cannot vouch for its correctness—Winn's prospect in the Keystone State—the probability is that he will have Senator BIGLER's and the Federal Postmaster, Bessie Tyler, Esq., Forney's best friend, says that he will be the National Convention.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER'S TRANSLATION.
Fr. cor. Broadway.
SEMI SOIREE D'ENCHANTEMENT.
DANCE, Ballet, Music, Song.
LE PAUL LARA.
MLLE. ADELAIDE SEIL.
MR. ALEXANDRE CHEVALIER.
Pas Mexicain, de
JE DIRE CHEZ MA MERE.
Pas Lent Lebanonais, de ... Pierre Emile
Le Chevalier Chevalier danse de ... Sophie Amalric
Pas Espagnol, de
LE DEPIT AMOUREUX.
Pas de la Marine, pas
Le Pas Napolitain, le rôle de ... Marionette
Pas Espagnol, de
LE LAIT D'ANESSE.
Pas Hongrois en rôle du Falsa Riego, de
Pas Espagnol, de M. Bertrand, Thiry, Henry W., Mlles. Montbaron et Pauline Dupont.
LE GENDRE DE M. POIRIER.
Pas Lent de Salon, par les Professeurs.
Le Lancier de Bonheur est servi tout le jour de 5 à 8 heures, pour le restaurant.

MIELCKE'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Grand.
THE GREAT COOK GERMAN TROUPE.
TWO PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.
Grand Operatic Afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Evening at 8 o'clock.
AMERICAN ARTISTES OR TRAINED ANIMALS.
HALL
THEY WILL BE FED BEFORE THE AUDIENCE.
Mlle. TOURNAIRE. Mlle. JOERGENSEN.
Mlle. DUGROW.
AFTERNOON AND EVENING of the talented
Professor of VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE.
Last appearance of TIPPOO SAIB.
Mlle. TOURNAIRE. Mlle. JOERGENSEN.
Mlle. DUGROW.
All the celebrated
EVENING of the talented
Professor of VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE.
Last appearance of TIPPOO SAIB.
Mlle. TOURNAIRE. Mlle. JOERGENSEN.
Mlle. DUGROW.
Doors open at 3 and 6½. To commence at 3 and 7½.
Tickets to secure Upper Boxes 50 cents. Children 12c.
Lower Boxes and Parquette reserved Saturday. Full
Orchestra, Chorus and Equestrians.
OVER 200 NEW PERSONS.
Who are engaged for remarkable exclusive Circle up-
Performance of the admirably trained
WONDERFUL INTEREST AND SPARKLING COMEDY
Will be introduced
EVERY EVENING.
The Wallack ... The Colonel
Commences at 7½, commences at 7½ o'clock.
MONDAY, March 28,
BENEFIT OF
MRS. HOEY.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY.
THE STORY OF CONQUEST.
THE STORY OF CONQUEST.
THE STORY OF CONQUEST.
To conclude with the popular play of
THE RIVAL PAGES.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
THREE NIGHTS NEXT WEEK.
THREE NIGHTS NEXT WEEK.
THREE NIGHTS NEXT WEEK.
Boxes and Dress Circle may be secured one week in advance of
Second Circle and Parquette seats.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½ precisely.

GARRICK DRAMATIC CLUB.
"Rare comes anon."
THE INAUGURATION PERFORMANCE
will take place on FRIDAY EVENING, April 8, in the
THEATRE FRANCAIS,
at which occasion will be represented G. H. Lewes' play of
THE NOBLE HEART.
To conclude with the laughable
HARD UP.
Ladies and gentlemen of situation and refinement de-
sirous to become members of the "Garrick Dramatic
Club," are requested to make immediate application by
letter, the number of members to which the Society is
limited being nearly complete. By order.
GEORGE W. VERNON, Hon. Secretary,
No. 324 Varick-st.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Mr. HOEY has the honor to announce to her friends
that the public generally that her
BENEFIT
will take place on MONDAY, March 28, on which occa-
sion Mr. WALLACK
Kind the whole of the talented artistes of the establish-
ment will appear in the most POPULAR and VARIED
DRAMA ever produced in this country.
Box book now open.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessee ..... Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Shepard
THIS EVENING, March 25,
THE MILLER OF NEW-JERSEY;
Or,
THE PRISON HULK.
To conclude with the
OUR ENGLISH COUSIN.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
THIS EVENING, March 25, 1859,
Will be presented Shakspeare's Tragedy of
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.
Mark Antony ..... Mr. S. Baker
Cleopatra, with the dance of
BY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE.
Doors open at 7; curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
No. 585 and 587 Broadway,
OPEN EVERY EVENING,
THE GREAT AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE
CITY.
Upwards of 2,000 people visit this beautiful Hall every
Evening,
SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style.
Also which, the elegant and truthful
TABLEAUX OF SOUTHERN LIFE,
In connection with the great original and highly season-
able entertainment, entitled
THE MYSTIC SPELL.
The new tableau, new scenery, changes, &c.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½ o'clock.
Admission 25 cents; children under 10 years, 12 cents.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.—SEVENTEENTH SEASON, 1858-'59.—The
Seventh Concert will take place on SATURDAY EVE-
NING, March 26, 1859, at Hibb's Garden, on which occa-
sion the following artists will assist: Mr. MILLS, the
celebrated Pianist; Mr. J. P. MYER, Basso; and
Mr. CARL BERGMANN. Tickets for sale at the
Music Stores of Messrs. Schaff, Bury & Lulo, No. 299
Broadway; C. Breusing, No. 102 Broadway, and M.
Gilbert, No. 307 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Members will
receive their orders for tickets before the day of the
Concert. All tickets not taken on the morning of
the Concert will be sold at 50 cents. Concert to commence
at half-past 7 P. M. By order
L. SPIER, Secretary.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—FRIDAY AFTER-
NOON, at 3 o'clock, the beautiful piece of
BLACK-EYED SUSAN; or, THE JEW DAUGHTER.
EVENING, GWINNETH VAUGHAN; or, THE
MAID OF CLOVELLY. Hugh Morgan, Mr. G. Hale;
Trim, Mr. Barrett; the Village Gossips, Mrs. J. J.
Prior, DANCE, Miss Harriet Walter and Miss Stella
Colliers, to conclude with PADDY CAREY, THE
BOY OF CHARLESTOWN. Paddy Carey, the Boy of Chas-
town, Mr. O'Neill; Cousin Sally Carey, Mrs. Hughes.
Admission to Museum and Lecture Room free. Admission
to Lecture Room, 25 cents. Parquette seats 12 cents
extra.

THE GREAT BUSSELDORFF GALLERY
OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING; No.
[illegible] Broadway. Admission 25 cents. New visitors by
every train of cars.

MANAGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO
see the chief attraction of the Season—the famous BUS-
SELDORFF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day
and evening. No. 548 Broadway.

LECTURES.

READINGS AND RECITATIONS.
Mrs. LAURA R. BISHOP, having received, during her
late Readings in the Eastern Cities, the most flattering
notices and encomiums of the Press, will give her first
reading in New-York at Clinton Hall, Astor place, on
MONDAY EVENING next, 28th inst., at 8 o'clock.
Doors open at 7½ P. M. Tickets 50 cents. Tickets may be
had at the Music Stores of Messrs. Wm. Hall & Son, No.
543 Broadway and Park place; Messrs. Firth, Pond &
Co., No. 547 Broadway; J. Meyer, No. 1 Astor place, and
Mrs. Bishop, at the door of the Hall.

THIRD DEPARTMENT LECTURES.—THE
Rev. ROBERT ADAMS, D. D., will lecture on The Birth
and Development of the Spirit of Man, for the benefit
of the Widow and Orphan Fund of the New-York Fire
Department, will take place at the Cooper Institute, on
MONDAY EVENING, March 28, at 7½ o'clock.
Tickets 25 cents—to be had at
William Hall & Sons ..... No. 543 Broadway,
Firth, Hall & Pond ..... No. 547 Broadway,
Cooper Institute ..... Corner of 3d-av. and 8th-st.
Jas. P. Disbrow ..... No. 376 Wall-st.
John B. Giles ..... No. 84 Nassau-st.
Henry H. Howard ..... No. 21 Elizabeth-st.
Members of the Committee and Trustees of the Fire Department,
and of the Committee:
Esther Mills ..... No. 144 Prince-st.
James Y. Watkins ..... No. 16 Catharine-st.
Samuel S. Thompson ..... No. 84 Beekman-st.

THE HON. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS WILL
repeat his great Lecture on The Trial of John Quincy
Adams, before the Young Men's Christian Association,
at Clinton Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, March 25. Tick-
ets 25 cents, at Thatcher & Hutchinson's, No. 383 Broad-
way.
WM. W. BADGER, Chairman Lecture Committee.

MR. GEO. VANDENHOOFF, ON HIS RE-
turn from Albany, will recommence his Readings; and,
in compliance with numerous applications, will on Pas-
sion Week, in the course of next month, to receive a limi-
ted number of pupils for elocution, at his residence No.
[illegible] Broadway.

SPIRITUALISM.—MRS. AMANDA M. SPENCE,
the celebrated Trance Speaker, Evening Exercises, Hall
[illegible]

DANCING.

[illegible] Broadway, New-York.
[illegible] Broadway.
[illegible] will continue open until the end of [illegible]
[illegible] FRIDAYS in New-York.
[illegible] SALOONS AUDITORIUM
[illegible] New-York, and [illegible]

DRY GOODS.

DOUGLAS & GREENWOOD,
PATENT
TOURNURE CORSET.
This article supersedes the unsightly A SUMMER OF
SUPERIOR SHAPE AND FINISH and a BUSTLE OF
PERFECT MODEL, leaving the old fashioned Bustle
in old lumber, and unanimously accepted by the queens of fashion
and have been pronounced by all who have seen it, excepting
those who are several eminent members of the Medical Fac-
ulty, to be the only Corset without an objection. Either at
retail or jobbing. No lady can rest on without it.
D. & G. are manufacturers their
EXPANSION SKIRT,
so well known for its durability.
Also, their celebrated
MATINEE SKIRT,
together with over seventy other distinct styles,
Based of which are
THE PALMETTO,
AND THE
NEW SKELETON SKIRT,
consisting 12, 21, 30 and 60 hoops, made of the SUPERIOR
QUALITY OF STEEL, which has always characterized
their Skirts.
All articles of their manufacture are for sale at the
wholesale stores in the United States and Canada.
Jobbers can meet our Agent on Douglas & Greenwood as
above name.

NO. 383 BROADWAY.
SPRING OPENINGS. SPRING OPENINGS.
Milliners, dress makers and others attending the above
in the City, will find a choice assortment in latest novel-
ties of
BONNET RIBBONS,
AND
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
at a liberal discount from regular prices for cash.
ALSO,
SHAWL BORDERS,
AND
CASHMERE TRIMMINGS,
QUILLED RIBBONS,
in new styles, which will bear roughest usage without
fading their hue.
DAHLIA TRIMMING,
CRESCENT TRIMMINGS, (latest made.)
JOHN MORRISON & SON,
No. 383 Broadway.

SKIRTS, SKIRTS,
FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
OSBORN & VINCENT,
NO. 92 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK,
Invite merchants generally to examine the
PATENT
IMPERIAL SKIRT,
Manufactured exclusively by them and for sale by all
the leading houses.
JOBBERS (only) SUPPLIED.
OSBORN & VINCENT,
Proprietors of the Extension Skirt Patent,
No. 92 Warren-st., New-York.

THE NEW-YORK CARPET-LINING COM-
PANY
Having removed their salesroom to No. 62 Warren st.,
are now prepared to fill all orders for Carpet-lining, Mil-
linet Wadding, Cotton Batting, &c.
We would particularly call attention to our large and
varied stock of Cotton Batting of all qualities, suitable
for the Spring trade, which we offer at the lowest rates.
Merchants will do well to call and examine for them-
selves.
J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 62 Warren st., corner College-place.

THE
WARREN PRINTS.
SPRING STYLES,
AT
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.'S,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are now receiving from the works these POPULAR
PRINTS in
NEW & DESIRABLE SPRING & SUMMER STYLES.
ALSO,
25 cases ENGLISH PRINTS, just landed.

AN OPENING OF RIBBONS!
RIBBONS!
RIBBONS!
RIBBONS!
AN OPENING OF FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!
AN OPENING OF STRAW BONNETS!
STRAW BONNETS!
STRAW BONNETS!
STRAW BONNETS!
THE CASH RIBBON HOUSE,
NO. 116 CHAMBERS-ST.
JNO. FARRELL.
Is daily open for sales to Strangers, by the early trains,
at 7 o'clock, A. M.
For Strangers by late trains, till 9 P. M., during the
Summer months.
CASH RIBBON HOUSE,
NO. 116 CHAMBERS-STREET.
JNO. FARRELL.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
LADIES' UNDERWEAR
AND
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
AT
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
NO. 513 BROADWAY.
Having just purchased, for 60 per cent, under cost of
material and manufacture, a large and varied assortment
of Ladies' Underwear and Children's and Infants' Cloth-
ing, suitable for Spring, I invite special attention to the
low prices affixed to them. The prices of a large assort-
ment of similar articles previously on hand have also
been marked down, to correspond with the above, and
the whole will be found, on inspection, to be the cheapest
fabrics of the kind ever offered in this market.
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
Nos. 507 and 513 Broadway.

BRODIE'S OPENING,
ON
TUESDAY, MARCH 29,
The greatest display of
SPRING
AND
SUMMER
GARMENTS
Ever made In the
UNITED STATES.
To enumerate
STYLES or QUALITY
Would be superfluous.
LADIES
CALL AND SEE.
No. 359 Canal-st., and
No. 479 Broadway.

DRESS GOODS.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Spruce Chambers, Church and Warren sts.,
Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of
New and desirable
DRESS GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of
CLOSE BUYERS
For cash or short credit.

CARPETS.
G. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
NO. 424 BROADWAY,
Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,
Have now on hand a full assortment of
CARPETINGS
In various styles.
VELVET,
BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY,
INGRAIN, &c., &c.
Also OIL-CLOTHS in great variety.

CACHEMIRES AND LACE.
HOUSE IN PARIS, No. 60 rue Richelieu.
HOUSE IN BRUSSELS, No. 24 rue Royale.
COMPAGNIE DES INDES, Manufactorie of Lace at
Alençon, Brussels and Chantilly. House at Kachmyr.
All the patterns of Lace belonging to this House are of
rare value, from their artistic designs. They possess also
a whole species of India Cachemire Shawls, unknown in
the trade in general, and the superiority of which is in-
contestible. First article sold, to satisfy the curious.
PRICES FIXED AND MARKED IN KNOWN FIG-
URES.

BATES' MILLS
COTTONADES AND CASSIMERES.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
Nos. 80 and 82 Chambers-st., New-York.
Having purchased the entire stock of the above well
known Summer staff, offer them for sale by the piece or
package, for cash or on time, and at prices which must
insure an immediate
BUYER.

MANTELETS AND MANTEAUX.
MADAME F. PINCHON
has received from Paris the latest novelties in Mantelets,
Basques, and Manteaux d'été, to which she invites the
attention of the ladies of New-York.
MADAME F. PINCHON,
No. 56 Bleecker-st.

REMOVAL.
The New-York Carpet Lining Company have removed
their salesroom for the sale of Carpet Lining, Millinet
Wadding, Cotton Batting, &c., to No. 62 Warren st., cor.
College-place. Merchants will do well to call and ex-
amine.

SKIRTS.—TWELVE-SPRING SKELETON
Skirts, Self-adjusting Bustle, $1 25; 14 springs, $1 50;
and 17 springs for $2. Dealers supplied with 3 spring for
$2 a dozen; 12 springs, $11; and 14 springs for $14 a
dozen.
C. T. HARDING, Skirt Factory,
No. 344 Spring-st., near Hudson.

COTTON YARN, CANDLEWICK, TWINES
Cotton Batting, Black and White Wadding, all of
the first quality and on the most reasonable terms, put
up in bales for sale purchasers. Also, Ladies' Skirts,
Coquille Nettings and Bustles. The public will be
gratefully carried in call on FRED. CYVINNE, No. 14
Grand-st., N. Y., liberal advance on the above.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING—
Large and Miscellaneous Assortment of new and beautiful
and splendid assortment at the new and magnificent
Cash store, No. 359 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel, by
S. CHAMBERS.

SAFES.—TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN BUY-
ers.—Fire proof Safes, a large assortment
[illegible] Broadway.

SAFES, PATTERNS.—NEW AND BEAU-
tiful Designs Spring and Summer Fashions. Ma-
[illegible] Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING TRADE NOTICE.
IMPORTANT
TO
EVERY DRY GOODS MERCHANT
IN THE UNION.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.
Are now receiving their Spring importations, and are ex-
hibiting at their
SALES ROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,
the most extensive, elegant, varied and complete stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
ever before offered for sale by them, and presenting at-
tractions and advantages to the trade generally, and
their all parts, such as are to be met with in very few
places. Their extensive rooms on Chambers-st., which
they occupy entire, enable them to appropriate to each
class of goods a separate department, and to have, in fact,
as many distinct stocks in their Warerooms, each of which
will be complete. Without specifying the articles con-
tained, they would name the departments, viz.:
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.
To their Domestic and Print Department they call par-
ticular attention, embracing all the leading makes and
styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They
have the entire production of the
WARREN PRINTS,
A print which has done more good to the retailers through
the country last season than perhaps any other low-price
print. Their Merrimack, Cocheco, Spragues, Garner,
Dunnell and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS are of the
very best selections.
GLENTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER and SCOTCH
GINGHAMS in every variety.
Their
DOMESTICS
embrace the following Brands:

Waumsutta,	Hill Manufacturing Company,	
Slater's Mills,	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
Hamilton,	Arkwright,	Pocasset,
Stonington,	Paterson,	Poppenhill,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Calico,
Hartman,	Lawrence,	Atlantic,

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES and
DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.
Soliciting trade on liberal terms, they invite notice to
their House—street and number as above.

LACE MANTILLAS AND POINTS.
SCOTCH CHANTILLY DO. DO.
FINE FRENCH BURNOUS AND CIRCULARS.
BEST FRENCH PICCOLOMINI (entirely new.)
MANTLE AND STELLA SHAWLS.
New styles from auction at very low prices.
E. S. MILLS & CO.
Nos. 242 and 244 Broadway.

A GRAND OPENING OF SPRING MILLI-
NERY will take place at WM. SIMMONS'S on Thurs-
day next, March 24. WM. SIMMONS, 466 Broadway.
The Dressmaking Department received the same
marked attention as last season.

JOSEPH MUIR, DRAPER AND TAILOR,
has removed to No. 348 Broadway. Always on hand a
fashionable assortment of cloths, cassimeres, vestings, &c.

INSTRUCTION.

RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE.
Nos. 262, 264 and 266 Madison-st.
The 20th term opens March 14. Pupils received into the
family of the Principal. The Institute stages convey
pupils residing in different parts of the City, to and
from school. HENRY M. FIERCE, A. M., Principal.
JOHN M. KREBS, D. D., President.

FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—NOS. 61
and 63 Madison-av. This Institution will be removed
to the commodious buildings Nos. 16 and 18 East
28th-st., between Madison and 6th avs., on the 1st of May,
where it will be free from the noise and dust of the ave-
nue, and where the increasing demand for room will be
fully met. The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector; C. H. GARD-
NER, A. M., Principal.

BENNINGTON SEMINARY.—A BOARDING
School for young gentlemen, at Bennington Centre,
Vermont, George W. Yates, A. M., Principal and Pro-
prietor, who will be in New-York or vicinity from the
10th till Friday 25th inst., and will call on any wish-
ing to patronize his school, if notice will be sent to the
office of SETH B. HUNT, Esq., No. 146 Broadway, where
information and circulars can be obtained.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—NINE MILES
from Hoboken, and two from Hackensack.—At Little
Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. This school is situated on
a large farm. The location is healthy. Board, tuition,
washing, &c., $130 per year. No extras. Next term
commences May 2. Pupils received any time. For cir-
culars with patrons as references, address A. B. WI-
MAN, Principal.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—$120 A YEAR
pays board and tuition in common English. Expe-
rienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the
nine departments. Superior advantages for French,
Painting and Piano Music. Excellence and economy the
motto. Term opens April 15. Write for a catalogue.
Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia
County, N. Y.

NORWICH COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—
The Summer Term of this eligible boarding school for
boys opens on the first Wednesday in May. The location
is one of the most pleasant in New-England, and the edu-
cational advantages are of the first order. For admis-
sion, circulars, &c., address the Principal, the Rev. A.
SAXTON, Norwich, Conn. Circulars also at WILEY &
HALSTED'S, No. 351 Broadway, New-York.

WALNUT HILL SCHOOL, GENEVA, N.
Y.—The long term of the Rev. Dr. REED'S Board-
ing School for Boys has just opened. Terms $250 a year.
Circulars sent on application.
REFERENCES—Bishop Potter, No. 32 West 24th-st.
ALEX. W. BRADFORD, Esq., No. 6 Wall-st.
EDWIN CLARK, Esq., No. 4 Fletcher-st.
GENEVA, March 1, 1859.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE AT
NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—This Institution gives
special attention to physical culture and the health of
pupils, as well as to their intellectual and moral deve-
lopment. For further particulars see to-morrow's pa-
per, or address the Rev. L. D. MANSFIELD, A. M.,
President.

MAPLEWOOD, YOUNG LADIES' INSTI-
TUTE, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—With unrivaled facil-
ities for physical education, and seven fully educated
professors, besides competent female assistants in the
solid and ornamental departments, commences its next
semi-annual session, April 7. Principals—The Rev. G.
W. SPEAR, and the Rev. J. H. HOYD.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N.
Y.—The 2d Semi-annual Session will commence WED-
NESDAY, May 4. Circulars can be obtained of S. P.
York, Esq., No. 57 Liberty-st., and of W. W. Rose, Esq.,
No. 60 Cedar-st. Also, by applying to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—
No. 29 East 21st-st., James Weir Mason. New term
begins Feb. 7, but pupils received at any time. Personal
interview with the Principal, and thorough drilling in the
English branches. Circulars and further information at
CARTER'S bookstore, or at the School.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—THE TWENTY-
third term commences MONDAY, May 2. Circulars
giving full particulars can be obtained at C. SHEPARD'S
Bookstore, No. 193 Fulton-st.; E. GOODENOUGH'S
Bookstore, No. 123 Nassau-st., New-York, or of A. NEW-
MAN, A. M., Principal.

MUSIC TAUGHT IN A FEW LESSONS,
on the piano-forte, with singing at the Academy, to
beginner at $5 for 12 lessons; for advanced pupils on the
piano, guitar, accordeon and violin, $5 for 12 lessons.
Pianos for sale, tuned, and to let. Apply at No. 209
Grand-st.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, HILL-
SIDE, NORWALK, CONN.—Circulars with testi-
monials may be obtained at IVISON & PHINNEY'S and
A. S. APPLETON'S, No. 348 Broadway, or by addressing the
Principal, Mrs. LOUISA A. SMITH.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL, NORWALK,
CONN.—Next term commences May 1. Terms mod-
erate. Circulars sent on application. Present and inquiries
answered on application to the Principal,
C. H. WHEELER.

SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR MISSES.
Number limited to six; age from 8 to 13 years;
board and tuition, breakfast $150 per year; term opens
April 18. Address Miss MARIA CAMPBELL, proprietor,
Argyle, Washington County, New-York.

A. H. WHEELER, TEACHER OF BOOK-
KEEPING, Writing, and Ornamental Writer, No.
235 Broadway, corner 12th-st. Rooms open from 9 A. M.
to 9 P. M.

WANTED—SIX MISSES, FROM SEVEN TO THIR-
teen years of age. Board and tuition $140 per year.
Address Mrs. D. B. OWEN, Preceptress, Hudson River
Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

$32 50 PER QUARTER.—ASHLAND IN-
STITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Both sexes. Summer term
May 4. E. J. FOX, A. M., Ashland, Greene Co., N. Y.

TEACHERS.

AN AMERICAN LADY, EXPERIENCED
in tuition, wishes to make an engagement as resident
teacher in a private family. Her course of instruction
comprises the English branches, music, French, Italian
and drawing. Best references given and required. Address
TEACHER, G. W. Beasley's Dessatch, Madison-square
Post Office.

WANTED.—A GERMAN LADY, AN EXCELLENT
teacher of the piano, would like to take a few more
pupils; she also wishes to give lessons every day in a re-
spectable family, in exchange for an unfurnished room
and board. Address, or call on Mrs. HEGNER, No. 128
Chrystie-st., corner Rivington-st., Room No. 4.

WANTED.—A LADY, ACCUSTOMED TO TEACH-
ing, desires a situation, either as governess or
teacher in a seminary or private school; her course of
instruction comprises the higher English branches,
French, Latin, drawing and music. Address W. S., Box
No. 1,040 Post-office.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES A SITUATION IN
some institution or family as a teacher of music.
She also understands the rudiments of the French lan-
guage. Can give the best of reference. Address for two
weeks, A. J. S., Brooklyn Post-Office.

A YOUNG LADY, THOROUGHLY COM-
petent to teach all the English branches and the
French language perfectly, also, governess with the
rudiments of Latin, wishes a situation as teacher. Ad-
dress Box No. 917 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED.—A GOVERNESS IN A FAMILY OF
six children; one competent and experienced may
address GOVERNESS, Box No. 847 Post-Office, with ref-
erences.

BUYERS OF ROPE, COORDAGE, GRAIN
bags, FLOUR and SALT SACKS will find
it to their interest to call on RUSH MIDDLEBROOK,
[illegible] VANDERBILT, No. 211 West-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, EXPERI-
enced woman, a situation, to take charge of a child
in the absence of the family in the country, or to take
care of an invalid; your will find her trustworthy and
capable of doing whatever she undertakes; also, a re-
spectable chambermaid to do fine washing or sewing;
two are Frenchwomen, and understand their business per-
fectly. Address No. 1 East 31st-st., second floor. Can be
seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A SO-
ber, steady woman, who thoroughly understands
her business; also, a situation wanted by a respectable
young woman as chambermaid and fine washer, or plain
sewer. Both have unexceptionable City references from
their last place, where they have lived over two years.
Can be seen, for two days, at No. 3 Union-court, Univer-
sity-place, corner 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPEC-
table girl as chambermaid and waitress, either in a
private family or in a first-class boarding-house; would
be willing to assist in the fine washing and ironing; is
experienced in her duties, of willing and obliging disposi-
tion; good references. Apply at No. 10 Hillary-st.,
Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WO-
man, a situation as chambermaid and plain seamstress,
or to take care of children. Can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 505 Broadway, cor-
ner of 21st-st., second floor, back room; can be seen for
two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WO-
man, who is fully competent for her duties, a situation
as cook, washer and ironer; makes good bread and
pastry. Also a neat girl wishes a place as chambermaid
and waitress or nurse and seamstress; will assist in wash-
ing. They have lived in first-rate families, both City
and country. Apply at No. 372 6th-av., up stairs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY TWO RESPECTA-
ble girls, one as first-rate cook, washer and ironer,
the other as chambermaid and waitress, and is willing to
assist in the washing. Call for two days at No. 138 19th-
st., between 7th and 8th ave. None but respectable fami-
lies need apply.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
young woman as waiter in a respectable private
family; has no objections to the washing, ironing and
up-stairs work. Has the best of City reference. Can be
seen for two days at second house West 26th-st., between
5th and 6th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
young girl as a competent nurse; can do chamber-
work, or can take the entire charge of a nursery; has no
objection to travel to any part; the best of City refer-
ence given. Call for two days, at No. 85 30th-st., be-
tween 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN,
in a private family, as seamstress and dressmaker;
she thoroughly understands her business; can sew on
Grover & Baker's sewing machine; no objection to go in
the country; good reference given. Call at No. 136 Ber-
ry, between 14th and 15th sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PROFESSED COOK,
by a highly-respectable person, who perfectly under-
stands her business in all its various branches; all kinds
of French and English cooking; has lived with the first
families in Europe; is a Protestant; good City refer-
ence. Call at No. 106 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S MAID AND
seamstress, by a respectable young woman; under-
stands hair-dressing thoroughly; would assist in taking
care of children. Satisfactory reference will be given.
Apply at No. 322 6th-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' MAID
and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting
ladies' dresses, can refer to her last place, where she has
lived 3½ years. Can be seen for two days at No. 394 3d-
av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WO-
man as cook, washer and ironer; understands bak-
ing; would have no objection to go into the country
with a small family. Can be seen at her present employ-
er's, No. 7 Beach-st., on Thursday and Friday.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
girl, as chambermaid and plain sewer, or as
chambermaid and to take care of children. Can give
the best of City references. Call at No. 69 24th-st., near
6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE
young woman, as laundress, or would do the cooking
in a small private family. Best of City reference from
her last place. Call at No. 27 East 25th-st., between 3d
and 4d ave., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS A COOK IN A
small private family, who thoroughly understands
her business; no objection to part of the washing; well
recommended from her last place. Can be seen at No.
138 Amity-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY THREE RESPECTABLE GIRLS,
situations; one as cook, washer and ironer; one as
laundress and assist at chamberwork; the other as
chambermaid and nurse; all can sew; for two days, at
No. 226 East 14th-st., room No. 11. Best of City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
young woman, to do chamberwork and waiting; the
best of City reference from her last place; can be seen
for two days by calling at No. 3 Milligan-place, 6th-av., n
between 10th and 11th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN
to do the cooking, washing and ironing of a small
private family; the best of City reference given. Can
be seen, for two days, No. 173 West 25th-st., top floor and
back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS
waitress or chambermaid; will assist in fine wash-
ing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Call at
or address No. 90 6th-av., between 20th and 30th sts.,
second story, front room.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE PROT-
estant girl, a situation as chambermaid, and to do
plain sewing, or as nurse and seamstress; best of City
reference from her last place. Call at Dr. BECK'S, No.
173 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION BY
a young American widow lady of high respectability
and also capability; would like a situation in a gen-
tleman's family or hotel; best City reference can be
given. Call, for two days, at No. 51 Greenwich-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A SMALL FAMILY
by an aged Scotch woman, to do general housework
and plain cooking; wishes to make herself generally
useful; has good references. Apply at No. 268 26th-st.,
on the 8th-av., 2d floor, back room, for three days.

WANTED.—A YOUNG WOMAN WHO CAN BE
well recommended wishes to join her friends in Cal-
ifornia; she would like to go with a family, and is able
to pay part of her fare. Inquire at No. 52 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A PERMANENT SITUATION BY A
young woman as dressmaker with a private family.
Has good references. Can be seen two days at No. 38
West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
young girl to do chamberwork and fine washing and
ironing, or general housework, with good City reference.
Apply to No. 8 East 21st-st., for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SISTERS, ONE
as first-class cook, and the other as waitress. They
have the best City references from their last place. Call
at No. 252 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN
girl as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and
seamstress. Can furnish the best City recommendations.
Can be seen, until engaged, at No. 513 Broome-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN
as nurse; fully competent to take charge of a baby,
or of grown children; has the best of City reference.
Can be seen at 102 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d ave.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT
woman a situation as plain cook, washer and ironer,
or to do general housework in a small private family.
Call at No. 256 Mulberry-st., 3d floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WO-
man, a situation, as chambermaid and waitress, in
a private family; has best of City reference. Call at No.
126 Clinton-place, second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAM-
ily; is a first-rate cook; best of City reference from
her last employer, where she lived six years. Apply at
No. 12 West 19th-st., near 6th-av., till suited.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUA-
tion as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress. The
best of City references. Inquire at No. 102 13th-st., near
6th-av. None but private families need apply.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUA-
tion as nurse and to sew, or do light chamberwork and
sew. Has good City reference. Can be seen for two days
at No. 184 7th-av., top floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
Protestant Scotch girl; is a good washer, ironer and
plain cook; no objection to go in the country. Call, for
two days, at No. 340½ Pearl-st., near Broadway.

GOOD ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN,
Irish and Scotch Servants may continually be had at
the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 15
Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th-ave. A lady
who speaks French lead Companion attendance.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND
coachman, by a single man, who thoroughly under-
stands his business; would assist in the garden; is will-
ing to make himself generally useful; reference as to
capacity and character. Address X. C., Box No. 207
Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN,
without family, as gardener; he has long experience
in his business, and manages greenhouse, graperies and
vegetables; his wife will take charge of the dairy; ex-
cellent references given. Apply, for three days, at No.
[illegible] 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED—ON A SMALL PLACE FIFTY MILES
in the country, (Connecticut,) a good man, (unmar-
ried.) He must understand gardening, the care of a
horse, and be perfectly willing to make himself useful
generally. Ap

The New-York Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1859.

TERMS, ETC.

DAILY TIMES (Sunday) is published every morning (except Sunday), and delivered to City Subscribers at Twenty Cents a week.

WEEKLY TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars per annum, two copies to one address, for Five Dollars, and one copy to one address for Three Dollars. Any person sending us a club of twenty or more will be entitled to one copy gratis.

WEEKLY TIMES (Weekly—Two Dollars a year, or two copies to one address, for Three Dollars, and any person sending us a club of twenty or more will be entitled to one copy gratis.

All letters on the business of the "New-York Times," should be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

[illegible]—Not available.

[illegible]—Not available.

[illegible]—Not available

INTELLIGENCE.

THE TWELFTH REGIMENT DIFFICULTY.—SPECIAL ORDERS FROM THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.—THE CONSOLIDATION TO BE EXECUTED.—While the Twelfth Regiment was on duty in Albany to protest against the consolidation of their Regiment with the Tenth, special orders from the Commander-in-Chief, dated 23d March, were received this City, revoking the order temporarily suspending the order of consolidation, and ordering the original order for the consolidation of the two Regiments. In pursuance of this order Commodore Lockwood, Brigadier-General Ryan has issued special orders, modifying the details of the consolidation, and directing Capts. Norris, Hence, Bass and Overhiser, of the consolidated companies, to report to Colonel Halsey, of the Tenth Regiment, for duty on the 6th of April next. Colonels Halsey, of the Tenth, Hamilton, of the Eleventh, and Wesson, of the Twelfth Regiments, are directed to promulgate the orders to the officers under their command as or before the 30th inst. What the effect of this rigid enforcement of the order of consolidation will be it is difficult to tell. It is apprehended that the primary rule of military discipline, obedience, will be put to a severe test. There is a strong sympathy among the rank and file of nearly all our City companies with the stand taken by the Twelfth Regiment against the orders of consolidation. A meeting of the Seventy-first Regiment was held last evening, at their Armory, in Grand-street, to take measures for giving a formal reception to the Twelfth Regiment on their return from Albany. Companies D and E were fully represented at the meeting, and there were large deputations from every Company in the Regiment. The strongest feeling was manifested in favor of the action of the Twelfth Regiment. It was stated, on the authority from Colonel Tompkins, stating that the time of the arrival of the Twelfth in this City was uncertain, the project of giving them a reception was reluctantly abandoned, and the meeting broke up with nine cheers for the Twelfth.

ATTACK IN THE CITY HALL PARK.—As a gentleman was passing through the City Hall Park last Wednesday evening, he discovered a man sitting on a chair talking to a female companion. He gave them a momentary glance, which seemed to frighten the youth, the interrogatory "What are you looking at?" The gentleman replied that it was a free country, and passed on. The youth, as he proved to be, darted after the gentleman with his pen-knife in hand, exclaiming "I will hurt you." The gentleman ran nearly across the Park and then turn upon his heels, when, by a most fortunate and remarkable coincidence stumbled upon a Patrolman. Getting a glimpse of the police uniform, the youth threw away his dagger and attempted to escape. The officer, however, succeeded in catching him, and took him to the station-house, where he was locked up. He was taken yesterday morning before Justice Welsh, where he gave his name as "Richard Roberts." He was committed to the Tombs to answer a charge of an attempt to kill. He is a slender looking youth, about 18 years of age, and believes to a gang of ruffians who slightly frequent the Park. The knife was subsequently found, and proved to be a dirk with a blade nearly a foot in length.

CHARGE OF ABANDONMENT—POLICE JUSTICES BLAGDEN AND HEAR CONTRASTED.—The wife of Ex-Po. Sergeant Weiss—the officer who was charged with keeping a house of prostitution in Canal-street, and who dismissed from the Police Department a short time ago—yesterday made an affidavit at the Mayor's office, charging her husband with abandoning her and her child. She says he is living with a prostitute in Canal-street, and that when she calls to see him, a disturbance ensues when she leaves. She stated that Justice Blagden had refused to hear her complaint, and that she went to see Justice Welsh, Wednesday, but that gentleman was too busy to attend to her. Her case will probably be brought to the attention of the Mayor to-day.

MEETING OF THE GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY—INTERESTING PAPER FROM Mr. KING, OF NEWPORT.—A meeting of the Geographical and Statistical Society was held last evening at Clinton Hall. The principal feature of the meeting was the reading of a paper contributed by D. O. King, Esq., a merchant of Newport, R. I., recently returned from Siam, giving a general description of the geographical features, and zoological and other characteristics of the province of Gamboola. The novel portion of the paper was a description of the ancient temple, situated near the head of Banka Bay, by which Mr. King claims to be the first written description ever made. About six months before Mr. King visited the temple it was visited by two Frenchmen, both of whom died before leaving the vicinity, and, as far as is known, Mr. King is the only living European or American who has seen it.

FATAL POISONING BY COPPER.—MRS. HEFFNAN, who lived a boarding-house at the corner of Fourteenth-street and Fourth-avenue, died yesterday suddenly, and it is supposed that her death was caused by poisonous coffee which she drank at breakfast. Some boarders who partook of the coffee at breakfast were affected with symptoms similar to those exhibited by Mrs. Heffnan, although none of them seemed to be dangerously affected. The Coroner was notified, and will hold an inquest, today. Mrs. H. was a well-known boarding-house keeper, and leaves several children.

ALLEGED LOTTERY DEALERS INDICTED.—BENJAMIN WOOD, GEORGE F. EDDY, CHARLES MURRAY, and their alleged agents in this City, LEAVITT MURRAY and SAMUEL G. STEPHENS, have been indicted by the Grand Jury for being engaged in the lottery business. The indictments were sent to the Court of General Sessions, and thence were transferred to the Court of Oyer and Terminer for trial, on motion of the District Attorney.

BEATING A WOMAN.—Before the Mayor, yesterday, was arraigned HENRY B. WEBB, of No. 74 Irving-place, complaining that JOHN FALLON assaulted her violently, and threatened to throw her down stairs, at No. 104 Canal-street, for cleaning him for $5 which he owed her. The Mayor told FALLON that if he did not settle the matter with her he would hold him to bail in the sum of $200 to answer the charge. FALLON promised to settle it.

THE GERMAN GAS MAKERS met last evening at No. 86 Grand-street, and organized themselves into a mutual association for mutual benefit and protection.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—OWEN MCMANUS, residing at No. 226 East Twenty-second-street, complained of feeling unwell, asked his wife to bring him some water, and died during her absence. HUGH GOMMERSAL, an Irish laborer, who resided at No. 205 East Twelfth-street, died suddenly yesterday. Inquests will be held to-day.

Police Reports.

THE ALLEGED SWINDLING OF THE PARK BANK.—An examination had been commenced before Justice Osborne yesterday relative to the charge of a conspiracy to defraud the Park Bank out of $7,000, preferred against James L. Porter, L. D. Frederick and Abner W. Spencer. The charge was originally preferred against Robert Davis, who was assigned quarters in Blackwell's Island, pursuant to an order of one of the Police courts. It is alleged that Mr. Davis kept his accounts in the Park Bank, that he failed some time ago, and at the time of his failure had his checks for $7,000 cashed in the Bank. Mr. Davis, according to the affidavit of the complainant, made an assignment to the above named parties above, upon which was based the charge against them of conspiracy with him. In the original affidavit, Mr. Davis was described as a non-resident, but their testimony elicited no new facts. Robert C. Sanderson, Horatio F. Carr, clerk in the County Clerk's office, testified that the original judgment against Davis was duly verified at that office. William R. Mott, receiving teller of the Bank, testified about Davis keeping an account at the Bank, and his having unpaid checks for $7,000 deposited there at the time of making the assignment. Robert Dash was submitted to a lengthy cross-examination. He acknowledged having made his affidavit against the accused parties, upon representations that he should be released from jail, and the action he made against him be dismissed. The examination is to be continued on Saturday.

ASSAULT.—A Deputy Sheriff, named John Martin, was arrested on Wednesday evening, charged with assaulting Philip Wolf, of No. 226 Eighth-avenue, with a slungshot. He was held to await examination by Justice Quackenbos. The difficulty grew out of a suit charging Martin with having forged the name of a house of prostitution. Anthony Richards, of No. 164 Fourth-avenue, a hotel keeper, was arrested the same evening by Officer Quindore of the Twenty-first Ward, charged with an assault with an intent to kill Peter Smith, of Fordham. Richards fired two shots from a revolver at Smith without effect, and placed the pistol a third time at his head, when Smith's wife interfered. Richards was detained by Justice Bergman for examination.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

THE HON. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS IN BROOKLYN.—Notwithstanding the prevalence of the storm some fifteen hundred persons assembled in Plymouth Church, last evening, to listen to the Lecture of Hon. J. R. Giddings, upon the trial of Joun Quincy Adams before the House of Representatives of the XXVIth Congress. Mr. OLIVER JOHNSON introduced Mr. Giddings with appropriate remarks. On rising he was received with applause, which continued for some time. Mr. Giddings spoke for over two hours without notes, but with such a particularity of detail and freshness of narrative as might only have been expected of the events of yesterday, instead of a quarter of a century ago. The prominent part counsel by all the prominent members of Congress at the time was stated with great particularity, and with appalling impartiality. The struggle of Mr. ADAMS for introducing a petition from the people of Haverhill, Mass., praying for a peaceful dissolution of the Union; the combination of the South to overwhelm him with disgrace; the timid conduct of Northern members; the speech of T. F. MARSHALL, of Kentucky, when he moved the resolution of censure, as well as the spiteful attacks of WISE and others, as described by the Speaker, riveted the attention, and at times, convulsed the audience with laughter. The masterly defence of the "Old Man Eloquent," and his triumphant vindication of himself, formed the concluding portion of the address, which was listened to with rapt attention. At the conclusion Judge CULVER rose, and in a speech of some fifteen minutes recited the particulars of the vote of censure which was passed upon Mr. GIDDINGS for introducing a series of resolutions into the House of Representatives, of the resignation of his seat, and subsequent reélection by an overwhelming majority of his District. A vote of thanks and of approval was finally passed, and the meeting adjourned. The lecture is to be repeated this evening before the Young Men's Christian Association in Clinton Hall.

AN "ACADEMY" BROKEN UP.—At an early hour yesterday morning the police made a descent upon a disorderly house on Skillman-street, near Park-avenue, occupied by THOMAS HOBSON, and arrested the proprietor, and dispersed a motley crowd of some seventy persons of both sexes. The proprietor was committed for examination.

POLITICAL.—The Republicans of the Ninth Ward have made the following nominations: *For Alderman*—ROBERT LEFFERTS. *For Supervisor*—ALEXANDER UNDERHILL.

COURT CALENDARS.—March 25.—*Circuit Court*—Nos. 123, 128, 127, 134, 73, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 44, 30, 103, 115, 66, 117. *City Court*—Nos. 36, 14, 8, 30, 42, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 12, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58.

Important Questions in Brooklyn.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Doubtless the most prominent public question in Brooklyn just now, (coincident with that of the forthcoming charter election, and of far more real importance than that event) is the one which involves the perfect completion of the Water-works, and the mode of their future control and management, and, also, the inauguration of a grand system of sewerage. These are to affect the nearest welfare the very lives, of many a generation to come—in a city that will soon possess three hundred thousand inhabitants.

The Brooklyn water-works, in all the essentials of their conception and execution, have already taken their place among the first-class achievements of modern constructive science; with the single exception, that of the thirteen miles of aqueduct from Hempstead Reservoir to the great Well-Pump, only five miles were, (by a provision in the original plans,) made a permanent closed brick conduit, and the remaining eight miles were to be left a temporary open ditch, an earthen canal, of the same general nature as many parts of the old Erie Canal of thirty years since, which some of our readers may recollect. But the unanimous opinion of the Water Commissioners, at the instance of all the engineers from whom they have required opinions—and of the common sense of the case, as can at once be understood by every man of perception, thought and foresight, demands that this provision should be superseded, and that the *whole line* of aqueduct should be a thorough-built, permanent brick conduit. To make this change the Commissioners and the Brooklyn public are now determined, asking legislative authority to that purport.

As to the relative merits of placing the onus of finishing the works, and the future control of them, directly in the hands of this Aldermen, or in a special and independent Board like the present, it is certain that the former, would be merging the whole affair in the struggle of city politics, to be used for spoils purposes by party victors—while the weightiest public interests would be left unattended to.

Few in Brooklyn realize the facts, placed beyond doubt as they are, of the signal success of these great works, of their unprecedented cheapness, and of the thorough and conscientious performance of the work, so far, under rigid inspectorship, over the whole line.

CIVIS.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The immense increase in the demand for these admirable Machines—it has trebled within four months—indicates the reviving prosperity of the country. The prices of our Machines have been greatly reduced.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Second Hand Safes.

We have just received a few second-hand Safes which we will sell very low.

STEARNS & MARVIN { No. 49 Murray-st., New-York. No. 22 North Main-st., St. Louis.

WILDER PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES FROM $60 TO $1,000. Also a large assortment of our

Barry's Tricophorous

for the BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Leary & Co.

Leaders and introducers of fashion for gentlemen's hats will this day issue the Spring style of gentlemen's hats to which the attention of their customers and the public generally is invited.

Nos. 2, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED. They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.* We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.* Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures.

Our unrivaled assortment will be sold during the Spring season, AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO., Corner of Broadway and Broome-st.

Aquaria! Aquaria!!

B. GREENWOOD, Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Aquaria. A variety of patterns always on hand, or made to order. Also, a good assortment of fish and plants for sale, at No. 89 Fulton-st., New-York.

The Spring Style of the New Hat Company.—An elegant, durable, well made, and exceedingly stylish hat can be purchased at the salesroom of the New Hat Company, No. 145 Nassau-st., at the low price of three dollars. Gentlemen of taste desirous of practising economy should patronize this establishment.

Ladies, Spring has come, and you can get handsome gaiter boots 12s. to 20s.; ladies' shoes, &c. to 10s per pair; with boy's, misses', and children's boots and shoes, all kinds, all prices, at J. B. MILLER & CO.'S, No. 387 Canal-st.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle joints, club-feet, bow-legs, etc., with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

HIM's Hair Dye.—50 CENTS A BOX, BLACK OR Brown, leaves the hair soft, glossy and natural. Admitted to be the best in use. Infallible Ongueut for the growth and beauty of the hair. No. 1 Barclay-st. and all druggists.

Ruptures Cured.—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, N. Y. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Dillon's New Style of French Yoke-Shirts, made to order from a splendid assortment of the best materials, and warranted to fit, at less than usual prices, at BALLOU'S FRENCH YOKE-SHIRT EMPORIUM, No. 439 Broadway.

Tracy's Celebrated Shirts, made to Order, with plain or bayadere bosoms, and warranted to fit, at the Shirt and Collar Depôt, Nos. 97 and 99 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.

GEO. M. TRACY, Agent.

The Phrenological Cabinet of Fowler & WELLS—No. 308 Broadway, contains thousands of busts, skulls and portraits of noted persons of all nations, and is free to visitors. Examinations, with charts, given daily.

Spring Style, 1859.—SCOTT & BACKMAN are now ready to offer to their friends and the public generally, their Spring style of Gentlemen's Hats—price, $5—at No. 148 Fulton-st.

Hatters' Flush, Brim Satins and Cloths Tips and Sides, new and choice styles. Enamelled Leathers, superior finish and color. ROBERTS & CATHELL, 113 Broadway, Importers.

Shirts! Shirts! Collars! Collars! Ties! Ties! BU-RFE'S HOSIERY! GLOVES! Wholesale and Retail, at low prices for cash. Shirts made to order at FULLERTON'S, No. 30, Broadway.

Christadoro's Hair Dye.—The only Hair Dye that never fails is Christadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye—pure and innocuous. Sold and applied privately by experienced artists, No. 6 Astor House.

Geo. Saunders' Hotel-ale Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article, may be obtained of the sole manufacturer, J. & G. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Parcels for Europe, per City of Washington, received at the office of the American-European Express, No. 12 Broadway, until Saturday, 9 o'clock A. M.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

SIR: Among the many evils that menace the prosperity of Railways, none is more unfortunate and unnecessary than the attempt of well-meaning but short-sighted persons, to prove that the management of our roads is *exactly right*, and that the greater engineering success of European roads is wholly due to every possible cause but better management—to any means but those which can teach the great infallible Yankee Nation. I have not been so fortunate as to observe that this ignoring of European experience, this inflated self-reliance, this bombastic praise of the capabilities of American Railways has made these railways *pay*. If there have been any important conclusions elicited as to railway economy by the costly experiments and long experience of European engineers, it is not only unwise, but childish and silly, to sacrifice ink and wind in trying to avoid the e conclusions because they did not originate under the broad pinions of the American Eagle, instead of quietly and thankfully incorporating good ideas which cost us nothing into daily and remunerative practice.

The great body of railway managers attribute the prostration of the interests they represent, fundamentally and in a large degree to the unscientific construction, renewals and engineering status of the roads themselves. This is the best and only reliable authority, and establishes the fact beyond cavil, especially such cavil as that to which I shall allude. Let me first anticipate any possible misrepresentations by stating that railway *owners*, and in many cases, their representatives, the *directors*, are chiefly responsible for the unfortunate condition of their property; they will not allow the competent men in and out of their service to have their own way,—they will not permit the successful practice of others to be ferreted out, and applied in a timely, thorough and practical shape. I appeal to the great body of American railway managers and engineers as to the literal correctness of this statement.

Some eighteen months since, the managers of several of our railways authorized Mr. ZERAH COLBURN and the writer to make a report, in Europe, on coal-burning engines, and road-bed and superstructure. This report appeared in the form of an illustrated treatise, and the whole edition was soon absorbed by railway managers here and abroad. In order to attract the attention of their readers to the vital and immediate importance of the engineering questions their book considers, the authors prefaced it with a statement, compiled from official reports, of the comparative working expenses of European and American railways—that is to say, of the results of scientific and comparatively unscientific construction and engineering management. The authors were to the fullest extent aware of the vastness of the subject, and of their many short-comings, but were encouraged to believe, from the almost unanimous verdict in England and America, that they had contributed in some humble degree to lay before the public a few of the leading improvements in the foreign railway practice. The book soon appeared in South America, and in other countries, where American and English enterprise are competing in the establishment of railways. In Chili, an English engineer caused some garbled extracts from it to be translated and published in the local papers. Instead of allowing the book to speak for itself, (the first word has not yet appeared against its truthfulness and consistency as a whole,) an *American* must needs embrace the opportunity to damage American interests in Chili, by publishing in the local papers, and in a pamphlet also, an essay still further misrepresenting the statements of the book, and attempting to intimate that American railways, on the whole, are superior to all others.

Now one of our largest locomotive establishments is just getting a foothold in Chili, and it is a great pity to arouse the *suspicions* of the sensible people down there by intimating that American authors condemn everything American, when, on the contrary, the said authors, admitting the fact that American rolling stock may be superior to English, dismiss *that* subject altogether, as complicating the discussions of their book; and especially when the said authors blame the stockholders and financial managers of our roads for *not* employing the very class of engineers among us who are wholly competent to prevent and remedy the disasters of counting-room engineering.

Our representative in Chili will better advance our interests there by letting it be understood that American locomotive builders and railway men are familiarizing themselves with the railway practice of every country, and can, if they will, embody in their works the great results of a world-wide experience. Our too hasty critic says in his pamphlet, "The engineers of America need not fear a tumble from the position they hold by anything Messrs. Colburn & Holland may assert." That is just what the authors say in their book, at greater length; never give up fighting for good roads and economical machinery, against the faithless stupidity of counting-room engineers, who build and preserve all these bad roads and devices.

But it so happens that the parties who dictated the ridiculous blunders that characterize many of our roads, deserve the severest criticism, and they will not help themselves much by misrepresenting and censuring those who tell them of their faults and point out a remedy: they must not be surprised if foreign newspapers hold them up to ridicule, as they do.

Our critic furthermore suggests that the authors have entirely overlooked the facts that English railways cost more money than ours, &c., and *hence* are more cheaply worked. Of course—of course—this is hackneyed, this has been said a million times, and if our highly original critic had read the book he attempts to disparage, he would have found the question of cost admitted, discussed, weighed, analyzed, and assigned a just position, at great length. It is not the chief cause of the cheap working of English roads. Even if it were the only cause, it would be a very silly excuse for our own shortcomings. Fortunately, the opinion is current here, that the late style of American railroad bed and coal-slaughtering furnace are a nuisance and must be abated. The drift of this sort of objection seems to be, that since we have no money to develop expensive and important engineering facts, we must simply soar aloft (on paper) and let them alone, because John Bull, who offers us his costly experience for nothing, *did* have money, and spent it freely. When English railway managers not only give American engineers full liberty to explore their works, but add their time, the labors of their draftsmen, and free passes over their roads, how delicately we acknowledge the civility by asserting that money and good luck alone are at the bottom of their success, while we depend on brains and genius.

Now we come to the question of American wood-burning locomotives, a subject on which the aforesaid authors did not treat, very naturally, since their theme was the permanent way and *coal*-burning engines of Europe. The comparative working of English and American wood-burners, on the *same road*, is very flattering to our mechanicians. The American locomotive, considered as a *vehicle*, is very superior to the English on rough and crooked roads, and it possesses many positive advantages, such as the spread truck, (especially the Bissel truck,) and the distribution and self-acting equalization of weight and strain. English engineers are adopting many of these features. The best classes of American locomotives have been developed by practical engineers of a high order. Since counting-room-engineers did not build them, as they did many of our roads, they could not conveniently reduce them to the miserable level of their own productions.

There is work enough for all the true friends of railways, in every country. Hardly a mechanical feature of the whole system is *right*. But new and important results are coming to light every day, and it is reasonable to suppose that the combination and adaptation of the best practice will pay in the long run, quite as well as any ostentatious parade of pretentation and evasion of historical facts which have not yet been controverted or denied.

A. L. HOLLEY.

Obituary.

We learn from the New-Orleans papers that on Sunday night, the 13th inst., Mr. ALFRED LIVINGSTON died at the Charity Hospital, in that city, from the effects of injuries received by having his foot crushed under a car-wheel on the 21st of February. Mr. Livingston was about 40 years of age, a native of the [illegible] New-York, and was widely known to the [illegible] frequently as one of its most intelligent and accomplished members.

FARREL'S SEWING-MACHINES. NEW STYLES AT REDUCED PRICES. [illegible] BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The new Family Sewing Machines, at present the most attracting universal attention. In all cases of competition they are much the best Machines ever offered at a low price. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

The Summer Hat,

for SUMMER WEAR, [illegible] WILL be ready for delivery on Saturday, April 2. BALLARD, SHUTE & CO., 49 Broadway, New-York.

What Everybody Wants.—All who want Boots, Slippers, Gaiters, &c., love to have them fit nicely, look well, and wear as a reasonable sum. Should remember that CANTERILL'S celebrated establishment is at No. 313 Broadway, where ladies and misses, as well as boys and gentlemen, may be suited at a moment's notice, in the most satisfactory manner.

Hair—Its Diseases, Fall, Change of Color and Embellishment, the whole treated by GRANDJEAN, No. 20 13th-st., next to corner Broadway.

MARRIED.

FARWELL—SHEIL.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 23, by the Rev. R. M. Hill, D. D., Mr. SAMUEL B. FARWELL to Miss SARAH FRANCES SHEIL, both of Brooklyn, N. Y.

TUCKER—ARMSTRONG.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 23, by the Rev. Dr. Bellows, Mr. RICHARD J. TUCKER, of Brooklyn, to Miss ELIZABETH ANNE, daughter of the late Robert Armstrong, Esq., of this City.

DIED.

CLARK.—In this City, on Thursday morning, March 24, after a short illness, in the 31st year of his age, H. Augustus, beloved son of Henry R. and Rebecca A. Clark. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the Reformed Dutch Church, corner of Bloomingdale and West 100th-st., on Sunday, the 27th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

☞ Boston and Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

POLLARD.—In this City, on Thursday, March 24, of consumption, ROBERT, eldest son of William Pollard, aged 20 years and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service this day, (Friday,) at 3 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 23 Pike-st., properly to the removal of the remains to Orange County, N. Y., Saturday morning, the 26th inst.

PASTON.—In this City, on Thursday morning, March 24, FRANCES COOPER, daughter of the late Henry H. Paston.

The friends of the family, of her brothers Henry and John A. Paston, and her brother-in-law Evert A. Duyckinck, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, at 2 P. M., Thomas' Church, corner of Broadway and Houston-st., on Sunday, the 27th inst., at 4 P. M., without further invitation.

FORBES.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 23, WILLIAM ALLEN, son of Harriet N. and the late Rev. William Forbes, aged 6 years and 3 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. N. M. Terry, No. 194 Henry-st.

FURSER.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 23, of consumption, JOHN P. FURSER, aged 21 years and 6 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his father's residence, corner of De Kalb and Classon-ave., on Saturday morning, at 11 o'clock.

☞ Dublin papers please copy.

READ.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, March 23, of congestion of the brain, ROBERTON CORNIE, son of Geo. W. and Rowland Augusta Read, aged 22 months.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of his parents, No. 30 Pierrepont-st., this (Friday) afternoon, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock.

WICKS.—In Williamsburgh, on Thursday, March 24, after a short and severe illness, LEMUEL L. WICKS, aged 26 years and 12 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, at 11 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 49 South 1st-st., Williamsburgh. His remains will be taken to Cypress Hills for interment.

HADAWAY.—At Stoney Brook, L. I., on Wednesday, March 23, of consumption, ANNA ANN, daughter of Thomas H. and Edna H. Hadaway, aged 24 years, 1 months and 13 days.

The funeral will take place on Saturday.

SIMONSON.—At Jamaica, L. I., on Wednesday, March 23, JOHN SIMONSON, aged 68 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, in Jamaica, on Saturday, at 1 o'clock.

FISHER.—At Utica, Oneida County, on Saturday, March 19, Mrs. CATHERINE FISHER, wife of the Rev. Dr. Geo. H. Fisher.

GAY.—In Thompson, Conn., on Tuesday, March 22, Mr. JOSEPH B. GAY, in his 66th year.

HENRY REYNOLDS LEMON WATCHES.

The subscriber having been appointed Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Watches in this City, he has now on hand a large assortment, and is constantly receiving them, in entirely new styles of cases, of beautiful designs and workmanship.

THE HENRY REYNOLDS LEMON WATCHES

manufactured in Liverpool, are acknowledged to be fully equal, as time-keepers, to the celebrated M. I. Tobias watches of Liverpool, and the T. F. Cooper watches of London, and are sold at much less prices than either of them.

The subscriber, knowing well the importance to gentlemen of having correct and reliable time-keepers, which can always be safely depended upon, has every watch thoroughly tested before offering them for sale. These watches are so perfectly constructed and accurately adjusted for the pocket, that they are not affected by changes in the temperature, or by any outward motion, and every one sold by him he guarantees to give FULL and BETTER satisfaction. GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, Wholesale and Retail, No. 415 Broad way, One door below Canal-st., (formerly of No. 11 Wall-st.)

CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY.

Office corner of Broadway and Wall-st., New-York, Feb. 28, 1859.

With improved facilities for mining and transportation this Company is prepared to contract with consumers and dealers for a supply of CUMBERLAND COAL for the season.

Under the new organization the equipment of the Company has been put in the most complete condition, and the Railroad has been extended to the celebrated ASTOR MINE.

The Coal from this mine has always ranked as the best Steaming Coal brought from the Cumberland region, and for the use of locomotive engines and steamers is unequaled.

The Coal will be shipped from the Company's wharves at Alexandria, Va., and Baltimore, Md. When requested, the Company will take up vessels free of charge, the extent of their business enabling them to do so on the most favorable terms.

CHARLES GOULD, President. DAVID PALMER, Vice-President. GEORGE WHITEHEAD, General Sales Agent.

OPENING OF THE SPRING CAMPAIGN.

We are now receiving our SPRING IMPORTATIONS of FRENCH CHINA DINNER, TEA, DESSERT AND TOILET SETS. PARIAN STATUARY, BRONZES, CLOCKS, VASES, AND FANCY GOODS; and having been recently selected by our Agents, who have spent the past Winter in this country to be thoroughly acquainted with the tastes of the AMERICAN PUBLIC, we feel confident that they will be found SUPERIOR TO ANY EVER BEFORE IMPORTED INTO THIS MARKET. We invite an inspection of the above, and also of our CHANDELIERS, GLASS-WARE, SILVER AND PLATED-WARE, all of which we are determined to sell at EXTREMELY MODERATE PRICES. E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO., CORNER BROADWAY AND BROOME-ST.

CARPETING.

NEW AND CHOICE PATTERNS FOR SPRING SALES SMITH & LOUNSBERRY, No. 490 Broadway, near Grand-st., Are now opening their entire Spring importations of the following low rates: Velvet and Medallions, best English...10s to 11s. per yard Tapestry and Brussels, best English...6s. to 11s. per yard Three-ply and Ingrain, new styles....4s. to 5s. per yard Floor Oil Cloths, &c., &c., at equally low rates.

THE "OLD DOMINION" COFFEE AND TEA POTS

Are manufactured under the patent for the United States by ARTEUN, BURNHAM & GILROY, Philadelphia, and are for sale by dealers in housekeeping articles and storekeepers generally. E. P. TORREY, No. 9 Platt-st., trade agent for City of New-York.

TAILORING

DONE ON CORRECT PRINCIPLES, AND WITH DISPATCH. SANFORD & KNOWLES have this day opened their new elegant store, with a SPLENDID AND ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, of every style and from every nation, suitable for the present season, at No. 179 Broadway, corner of 9th-st. Our numerous friends and patrons are invited to call and examine our stock and prices. Garments made with dispatch, and warranted to fit. YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING made up to order, in superior style and good fits guaranteed. Every inducement shall be made to give satisfaction in all the above articles, and those who wish to obtain the worth of their money, at cash prices, will do well to call at No. 179 Broadway, corner of 9th-st. Every variety of suitting on hand.

CHOICE PEAR TREES.

Fifteen cases of French Pear Trees, of 50 choice varieties, and in fine order, for sale by WM. CHURCHILL, Jr., No. 94 William-st., corner of Maiden-lane.

A. J. SEBORNE, Auctioneer.

THIRTY-FOURTH-STREET LOTS, NEAR BAY HILL.—A. J. SEBORNE, SON & CO., will sell on TUESDAY, March 29, inst., at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, five splendid lots on the north side of this elegant 100 feet street. One lot is 125 feet and the other 225 feet east of Madison-av. Size of each 25 by 98 9 inches. Sixty-five per cent can remain on mortgage. Maps, &c., at No. 1 Broad-st.

NEW BOOKS.

[illegible] D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, Earle's Hall Building.

[illegible] GRACE GREENWOOD'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

"A remarkable book, by a remarkable woman. [illegible] Clock, $1.

THE FOSTER BROTHERS. Being the History of two School and College Life of two young men. [illegible] Illus. $1.

ONWARD; OR, THE MOUNTAIN CHAMPIONS. A Story of Progress. By JAMES ASH WINGROVE. 1 vol. Illus. $1.

LEAGUES FROM THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF SIDNEY, LADY MORGAN. 1 vol. Illus. $1.

BRYANT'S LETTERS FROM SPAIN. 1 vol. Illus. $1 25.

Will be ready at 12 o'clock. HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR APRIL. CONTENTS:

WRECKING ON THE FLORIDA KEYS. Illustrated by Six Engravings.
THE CHRISTIAN MARTYRS OF MADAGASCAR. Illustrated by Fifteen Engravings.
THE RED RIVER TRAIL. (First paper.) Illustrated by Ten Engravings.
THE COUNTY KIDS: A NEW-YORK OUTDOOR EXPERIENCE.
FORFYROGENITUS. By RAYMOND TAYLOR.
HEAD AND HEART.
LITTLE CHILDREN.
LOST AND FOUND.
THE SONS OF THE TRINITY BELLS.
SALLY LEWIS AND HER LOVERS.
A COSMOPOLITE BILL OF FARE.
THE PAUPER'S HOME.
BORED TO DEATH.
MY FIRST OF APRIL.
EARS.
HALF AN HOUR WITH MR. HUME, THE SPIRITUALIST.
THE VIRGINIANS. By W. M. THACKERAY. Illustrations.—Hetty's Ringlets—A Row for the Boats—Four Heart-Pieces. Chapter LXIV. In which Harry Rose to fight the other Day. Chapter LXV. Soldier's Bounty. Chapter LXVI. In which we go to court. Chapter LXVII. In which a Tragedy is called, and two monsters begin.
MONTHLY RECORD OF CURRENT EVENTS.
LITERARY NOTICES.
EDITOR'S TABLE.
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
OUR FOREIGN BUREAU.
EDITOR'S DRAWER.
HEADS OF THE PEOPLE. Illustrated by One Hundred Portraits.
FASHIONS FOR APRIL. Illustrations—Out-Door Costume—Morning and Child's Costume—Fichu.

TERMS.

One copy for one year.....
Two copies for one year.....
Three or more copies for one year (each).....
And an extra copy, gratis, for every Club of twenty subscribers.
"Harper's Magazine" and "Harper's Weekly" together, one year, $4.
The volumes of "Harper's Magazine" commence with the numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscribers will be supplied with the numbers for the current month.
HARPER & BROTHERS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

City Inspector's Department, New-York, March 25, 1859.

Statements calculated to mislead and create an unfavorable impression in regard to the health of the City, having been published in various quarters, particularly during the last few days, and which statements—if unauthenticated, injuriously affect the trade of the City at this season, the City Inspector deems it his duty to publish the following statement of the mortality for the corresponding weeks of the years 1857, and up to date, showing that during the eleven weeks of this, March 19—notwithstanding an increased population—there is a decrease of 669 deaths from the average for the same period in 1857, and 481 less than in the same period in 1858; both of these years, it is to be remembered, were unusually healthy. It will be perceived that not only is our City free from epidemic diseases, but that a high degree of healthfulness has been enjoyed and exists at the present time. GEO. W. MORTON, City Inspector.

Statement of deaths for eleven weeks of '57, '58 and '59 ending Mar. 19.

	1857		1858		1859	
Jan. 10	475	Jan. 9	397	Jan. 8	[illegible]	
Jan. 17	472	Jan. 16	435	Jan. 15	[illegible]	
Jan. 24	473	Jan. 23	454	Jan. 22	[illegible]	
Jan. 31	491	Jan. 30	454	Jan. 29	[illegible]	
Feb. 7	457	Feb. 6	437	Feb. 5	[illegible]	
Feb. 14	436	Feb. 13	443	Feb. 12	[illegible]	
Feb. 21	460	Feb. 20	472	Feb. 19	[illegible]	
Feb. 28	441	Feb. 27	429	Feb. 26	[illegible]	
Mch. 7	449	Mch. 6	445	Mch. 5	[illegible]	
Mch. 14	456	Mch. 13	518	Mch. 12	[illegible]	
Mch. 21	439	Mch. 20	464	Mch. 19	[illegible]	
11 weeks	4899		4968		[illegible]	
1858 less than 1857			[illegible]			
1859 less than 1857	

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE ON BROADWAY—A THREE-GLASS [illegible] in the best part of the City, above Bleecker-st., and near 8th-av.; finished in the best manner, with every modern improvement; lot 25x100; house 50x60, twenty-six feet in the street; will take as a bargain if applied for immediately; or will take a smaller house well located further down town on lease. Inquire on the premises, No. 12 West 31st-st., near 5th-av.

CENTRAL PARK.—MESSRS. BLEECKER, SON & CO. are to sell at the Exchange, Wallst., on 11 o'clock, the SUBURBAN PLOT, 25 feet, fronting on the 5th-av. and 59th, 60th, 100th, 101st and 102d-sts. More than 40 of them are opposite and close by the Park; the ten lot parcel which fronts the Park cannot be surpassed by any on the 5th-av. Maps, with particulars can be obtained at BLEECKER'S office, 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—THE HIGH-STOOP, FOUR-STORY house No. 22 West 32d-st.; this stock is paved with the Belgian pavement, and entirely built of the best first-class houses; the house is exceedingly well built, has all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order. For further information inquire on the premises, from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Terms easy.

A GENTLEMAN LEAVING FOR EUROPE wishes to let his house, furniture, for two years, to a small private family. It is near Madison-square, completely furnished, contains every convenience, has a beautiful garden, and is in every respect a delightful home. Rent $1,500. For particulars apply between 2 and 5 P. M., at No. 31 East 26th-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone house in 45th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway; also a first-class three-story brown-stone house on East side of 5th-av., between 32d and 33d sts. Apply to A. ACKERSON, No. 1,228 Broadway, or on the premises; or to W. H. BROWN, No. 16 William-st.

TWENTY-SIXTH-STREET.—FOR SALE AT a sacrifice, if sold by the 1st of April next, the three-story house No. 26 West 26th-st., near 5th-av., in the best of order; possession May 1. Terms easy. Apply to T. PEGARE, No. 422 Broome-st.

WESTERN LAND WANTED, IN EXCHANGE for stores, with dwellings over them, situated on 3d and 5th sts. The land must be well located and desirable. To any parties who will pay some cash a fine trade will be offered. Apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THOSE DESIRABLE THREE-story and basement high-stoop houses in Mansfield-place, a beautiful location, in a row of 22, finished in the best manner, with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises, No. 12 West 31st-st., near 5th-av.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, NO. 67 West 46th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., five stories high, brown-stone front, high stoop, finished throughout in the most perfect manner with all the modern improvement. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—ONE-HALF A BLOCK, BOUNDED by Broadway and 70th-av., between 100th and 110th-st., at a bargain. Apply to E. R. LUDLOW & CO., No. 54 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE in Williamsburgh, within 7 minutes' walk from South 10th-st. Ferry, *in a good neighborhood; it will be sold low* for cash. Apply at No. 47 5th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 76 FRANKLIN-st.; lot 25 by 100; house three stories, near Broadway; a choice location for business. Apply to JOHN S. KELSO, No. 62 William-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE THREE-story house No. 236 West 14th-st. Apply on the premises. Also for sale, a second-hand coach, in good order. Apply to Mr. GEDNEY, Coachmaker, 1,253 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET ON BROADWAY—THE COMMODIOUS five-story basement house, No. 1,062 Broadway, containing 27 rooms, finished in good style, with all the modern improvements. If required, the four upper stories of adjoining building would be connected, which would add 31 additional rooms. These premises are well adapted for a physician and large private family, or a first-class boarding-house. Apply to EDMUND HURRY, No. 60 William-st., or at Prior's drug-store, corner of 21st-st. and Broadway.

TO LEASE—THE UPPER PART OF THE FIVE story white marble building, No. 866 Broadway. The first lot is 200x28 feet. The others are divided into a front and rear building with an entrance both from Broadway and Mercer-st., and a hoistway on Mercer-st. It has been occupied for the last six years by Mr. Waterbury's Cabinet Furniture Ware-rooms. For further information apply to WM. TAYLOR, No. 855 Broadway, or to JOHN TAYLOR, No. 265 Broadway.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, A very convenient medium size house, No. 42 12th-st., between the 6th and 7th avs., in perfect order, containing all the water conveniences, range and gas, including chandeliers, large yard, and location very desirable. Apply on the premises, or to the owner, C. SMITH, (Smith & Lawrence,) No. 151 Duane-st.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN—CAPITAL three-story and basement brick house, No. 12 Lafayette-av., within one block of Fulton-av. cars—being the most healthy and desirable location in Brooklyn. House is in perfect order, having been just vacated by the owner. Possession immediately. Apply to W. MACKEY, No. 56 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STORE NO. 120 WILliam-st.; the store and basement is 100 feet by 22, with thirty bedrooms, occupied for seven years as a boarding-house. House and store No. 204 William-st.; the second and third floors, 100 by 75 feet, with offices. Rs. to house No. 123 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 19 Nassau-st.

BROADWAY LEASE FOR SALE—WITH store fixtures and stock of goods, toilet articles and fancy goods. Inquire, 805 Broadway, corner of Duane-st. This is an old-established business of over 12 years' standing. A small firm up the North River, and within a short distance of the City, might be taken in part payment. WM. ELY CHILSON, No. 305 Broadway.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A HANDsome 4-story brown-stone front, the centre house of row fronting on Carroll Park; will be put in good order for a good tenant. If closed, the house next door, exactly similar, can be seen. Inquire of HOYT BROTHERS, Nos. 22 and 26 Spruce-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS house No. 463 Broome-street, near and west of Broadway, containing 14 rooms, with all the modern improvements, suitable for a boarding house. Would be let for business purposes. Situation cannot be surpassed. Apply at No. 485 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

TO GROCERS.—TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS store (just finished) No. 176 9th-av., with large windows and doors, having rolling iron shutters; store 80 ft. deep. Connected with the store are large vaults under the side walk. Terms easy. Inquire of JAS. N. WELLS, No. 147 6th-av. Possession immediately.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE STORE NO. 13 Thames-st., corner of Trinity-place. The store and lofts will be let separately if required. The building is 30 by 80 feet, five stories high and constructed in the best manner. Inquire of J. R. PETERS or H. J. OVERMANN, No. 43 Broad-st.

TO LET—THE WHOLE OR A PART OF THE three-story brick dwelling No. 199 East 23d-st., near 2d-av., 14 rooms, pantries, gas, bath, range, &c. Rent for the whole $800. Apply to C. BALDWIN, on the *premises; or to F. W. TOMKINS, New-York Observer* Office, No. 37 Park-row.

$400.—TO LET TO A SMALL GENTEEL FAMily, in a first class brick house, the parlors and next floor above, and front basement, with all the modern improvements, consisting of 12 rooms, with gas, range, &c. No. 66 35th-st., first house west of Broadway. Possession given immediately.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 325 MADISON-ST., WITH gas, bath, water, &c., in good order. House No. 41 Broome-st. Store No. 128 Bleecker-st. Also a second story, four rooms, closets, &c., to a small American family without children. Apply at No. 19 Rose-st., in the basement.

SCHOOL-ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place, a suite of rooms well adapted for the purpose and occupied for the last six years by a first-class school. Offices to let in the same building, which are very desirable. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, in the Bible House, entrance on 4th-av.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brown-stone front house No. 111 Lawrence-st., Brooklyn, second house from Fulton-av.; contains 12 rooms, with all the modern improvements. Apply to C. A. PEASE, No. 323 Broadway, up stairs.

TO LET—THE DOUBLE HOUSE NO. 45 GROVE-st., suitable for a first-class boarding-house; also, to let, several first-class dwelling-houses, with all the *modern improvements. Apply to E. BREAMER, No.* Broadway.

TO LET—PLEASANT APARTMENTS FOR A family of two or three persons in the small brick house No. 201 East 32d-st., near 2d-av.; gas, bath, &c. Rent $200. Apply on the premises or to F. W. TOMKINS, New-York Observer Office, No. 37 Park-row.

RESTAURANT TO LET.—THE RESTAURANT connected with Patten's Hotel, corner of Warren and Greenwich-sts., will be let to a competent and responsible party on reasonable terms. For further particulars, apply at the hotel.

RENT $600.—A THREE-STORY HIGH STOOP and basement house on 3d-av., new house, having modern improvements, situate in a row of uniform. Apply to JOHN J. MULLEN, No. 473 3d-av., corner 34th-st.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DWELLING-HOUSES, containing all modern improvements, viz.: Nos. 58 and 62 West 27th-st., No. 38 West 41st-st., No. 139 East 84th-st.; all in complete order. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE, SMALL, THREE-story house, in good order, having bath, water-closet, gas, &c., No. 151 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Can be seen from 1 to 3 P. M. Rent $300. Apply to M. SMITH, No. 178 Bleecker-st.

TO LET—THE BRICK BUILDING, STORE AND lots, No. 41 Harrison-st. Superior location for grocery or commission business. Apply to WHITE & VAN VLIET, at the malt house on the corner of Bathurst and West-sts.

TO LET—FROM THE 1ST MAY, PART OF THE house No. 86 Henry-st., with joint use of basement with other occupant. Apply on the premises, from 2 to 5 P. M.

TO LET—A STORE AND OFFICES IN CLINTON Hall, Astor Place. Apply to the janitor in the building, or to EDMUND COWIN, No. 27 Nassau-st., under the Bank of Commerce.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY AND attic brick house No. 722 Greenwich-st., with gas and Croton included. Also bath room. Apply to DIGNEON, WHITEMORE & SEED, No. 245 Water-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIRST-CLASS 4-story house, 27 feet front, with stable attached, No. 109 West 14th-st., all in complete repair. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 6 Tryon-row, from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—THE FINE COMMODIOUS HOUSE, NO. 42 Clinton-place, corner University-place. Can be seen daily from 4 to 6 P. M. J. H. BROWER & CO., No. 45 South-st.

TO LET—SOME OF THE BEST OFFICES IN THE *Park Bank Building; also, the 4-story house No. 49* St. Mark's-place, 5th-st. Apply at the Bank, No. 2 Beekman-st.

STORE TO LET—CORNER OF GREENWICH and Charles-sts.; is well-calculated for dry goods or first-class grocery business, and will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply next door in Charles-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR NOT—THE MARBLE house No. 128 5th-av., adjoining the corner of 18th-st. Apply to T. E. JACKSON, Architect, No. 236 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET—A SUITE OF OFFICES SECOND FLOOR in the Tribune Building. Immediate possession can be given. Apply at the office of the Tribune.

ROOMS TO RENT WITH STEAM-POWER.

At Nos. 124 and 126 Mercer-st.
Apply on the Premises, or to
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Corner Broadway and Broome-st.

TO LET ON YOUR SALE—THE THREE NEW, model English basement house now finishing on the north side of 19th-st., between 9th and 10th avs. They are built with all the modern improvements—marble mantels, warm and cold water in each chamber, ventilators, furnaces, front and rear yards, mirrors; and contain, in addition to laundry, kitchen, reception and dining-rooms, three parlors and seven large and small bedrooms, finished in the best manner, and will be rented to good tenants on reasonable terms. For particulars apply at No. 38 Broadway, up stairs.

TO LET—TWO TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT cottage houses, on West 42d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., have just been painted and are in good condition, in good neighborhood; rent only $250 each. Apply to S. M. WOOD, No. 16 West 46th-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE TWO-STORY and attic brick house, No. 362 Atlantic-st., adjoining building, No. 360 Atlantic-st.; they will be let to good tenants. Inquire of M. HONDLOW, No. 9 Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn.

TO LET—THREE DWELLING HOUSES, NOS. 115, 123 and 125 Charlton-st., each three stories and basements. Well furnished, with all the modern improvements. Rent for each $650. Inquire of MARTIN WATERS, No. 10 St. Luke's-place, in Leroy-st.

TO LET—THE ROOM ON THE CORNER OF Chatham and Duane-sts., directly opposite Chambers-st., now occupied by the Chatham Bank; size, 30x50 feet. Will be divided into offices if desired. Apply at the Bank.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING No. 370 South-st., next to corner of Gouverneur-slip. Apply to ANDREW J. SMITH, No. 9 Chambers-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF HOUSE NO. 168 Crosby-st., near Bleecker, with kitchen and one room on the third floor. Gas and bath.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE LATE John J. Palmer, in Westchester, about 1¼ miles from the Harlem Railroad station at Williams' Bridge, and within an hour's travel from the City. The cars run to Williams' Bridge station about ten times a day. There are 83 acres of land, large orchard, vegetable garden and flower garden. The house is 80 feet square, surrounded by a wide piazza, and contains 12 bedrooms, drawing-room, parlor, library, billiard-room, dairy, bath-room, kitchen, laundry, wine cellar, store-room, &c., &c.; hot and cold water on the first floor; and is situated on one of the highest points in Westchester County, commanding a fine view of Long Island Sound and the adjacent country. There are also a stone coach-house and stable, sheds, a gardener's cottage and ice-house, filled with ice from a pond on the premises. The house is well furnished throughout, which will be sold separately if desired. For *terms, apply to HENRY PALMER, Executor, No. 38* Wall-st., real estate.

FOR SALE—AT NEWARK, NEW-JERSEY, A desirable residence for a party doing business in New-York, within five minutes' walk of the Morris and Essex and Centre-st. depôts. The house is brick, containing a large parlor, sitting room, dining room, kitchen and back-kitchen on first floor, making a depth of 90 feet, with five rooms and bath-room on second floor, water and gas in the house; a cellar with a dry cement bottom, extending under the whole. The lot is 60 feet front by 138 feet deep, and contains the finest varieties of fruit, viz.: Pears, plums, cherries, apricots, peaches, grapes, raspberries, strawberries, gooseberries and currants in abundance. In a good neighborhood, and a desirable residence. Price $7,000; $5,000 can remain on mortgage. Apply to N. BARLOW, No. 133 Nassau-st., Room No. 8.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—Adjoining Long Island Sound, at Orienta, Mamaroneck, Westchester County.—The tenant to have the house and use of the furniture, together with privilege of the grounds and gardens, and supplied with vegetables and fruit from the same; also to have carriage house and stables, and keep for two horses, and have a sufficient quantity of ice from the ice-house, and to have bath-house, boats, &c. Rent $800. For particulars, inquire of GEORGE JONES, Esq., *Times* Office. Possession given on the 15th of April, and to continue the remainder of the year 1859.

A BEAUTIFUL SWISS VILLA FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED.—It is situated on the borders of the lovely Lake Luzerne, 20 miles from Saratoga, and 10 from Lake George. The pleasure grounds are about 3 acres, the neighborhood unrivaled on the score of health and picturesque beauty; there is a large village close by; fine fishing and shooting, and it is in every respect a fit residence for a gentleman; 105 acres of land can be had if desired. Price, including land, furniture, &c., $10,000. It is disposed of simply because the owner retires to Europe. For particulars, apply to J. LEAVI, No. 31 East 26th-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—THE ADVERtiser offers for sale or exchange, his residence, situated in the village of Flushing, L. I., location unequaled by any in the place, being within ten minutes' walk of either depôt, and the view of the river unsurpassed. The house is 40x40, built in the Italian style, two-story extension, and is supplied with hot-air furnace, bath-room, hot and cold water, gas, &c. The other improvements consist of carriage-house, stable, poultry-house, double greenhouse, (well filled with choice plants,) and Summer-house. The grounds are well stocked with choice shrubbery and fruit, and are in perfect order. For further particulars, apply to W. H. ARTHUR, No. 30 Nassau-st., and 86 Liberty-st.

TO LET AT FORDHAM—13 MILES FROM THE City Hall, opposite the Harlem Railroad depôt, two convenient, two-story, attic and basement houses, with gardens attached. Rent $300 each. Will be immediately newly painted and put in complete repair. Also, a beautiful cottage (late the residence of John McBrair, Esq.,) with stables, garden, and four acres of land, beautifully set with fruit trees, &c., situated on the road to West Farms, half a mile from the Fordham depôt. Apply to Dr. HORSEFIELD or WM. FITZGERALD, Drug store, Fordham, or JOHN B. HASKIN, No. 11 Chambers-st.

TO RENT—FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS FROM 1 June 1, a country seat with 6 acres of land, at Sangerties, on the west bank of the Hudson, 100 miles from New-York. House 32 by 54 feet, surrounded by a veranda 12 feet wide, and is thoroughly finished. Beautifully located on high ground, commanding a splendid view of the Hudson and the Catskill Mountains. The grounds are highly improved, containing different varieties of shade and fruit trees. There is no more pleasant location for a Summer residence on the Hudson. Inquire of CLARK & FAULKNER, No. 16 Wall-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, AT NEW-ROchelle, near the Neptune House, a country seat ready furnished. The house, containing 12 rooms, is situated immediately upon the river, and commands most beautiful views of Long Island Sound. The grounds comprising five acres, have recently laid out with flower and kitchen gardens, and stocked with choice fruit. There is a coach-house and stable, bathing-house, &c. Within fifteen minutes of the cars and three minutes walk of the steamboat. Inquire of JOHN BOLTON, Pelham.

FOR SALE—PRICE $4,000—A PLEASANT COUNtry residence in the village of Athens, on the Hudson River. The mansion and out-houses are all new. The house stands on an elevation commanding a pleasant view of the river and surrounding country, distant from the City 116 miles. A fine garden, abundance of flowers, and a number of fruit trees adorn the premises. Apply to T. ST. JOHN, No. 281 1st-st., corner of 23d-st., or to Captain J. A. SIMMONS, corner of Harrison and West-sts.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE TWO-STORY and attic cottage house; with three rooms of land, situated 2¼ miles from Hoboken Ferry; house containing nine rooms, piazza all around, fine imported fruit trees, and as fine and desirable a location for health and view as any in the vicinity of New-York. For terms, apply to MR. H. COURVOISIER, No. 20 Cortlandt-st., or at his residence at West Hoboken, or to the proprietor, Three Pigeons' Hotel, New-Durham, Hackensack Plank-road.

TO LET AT NEWBURG—A CONVENIENT, roomy cottage, with garden; has the view of the Hudson, and is within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Railroad depôt. Possession May 1. Rent $300. Apply to JOHN J. McCROSKERY, Bank of Newburg, Newburg; or to R. McCARTEE, No. 20 Exchange-place, New-York.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET—FOR ONE OR more years, on the East River, foot of 70th-st., with about 2½ acres of ground, with fine shade and fruit trees, large garden, ice house, stables, &c. The house is a double square house, built in the best manner, and immediate possession may be had. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE, A HANDSOME, modern three-story cottage, nearly finished and neat, *new, on a hitherto* plot, *well stocked with fine fruit* trees, berries and grapes. Situation high and healthy, within three minutes' walk of the depôt. Terms easy. *Address H., Box No. 24 New-York Post-office, or apply* at No. 20 Broadway, 3d floor.

TO LET—A SMALL COTTAGE ON THE HUDSON River, about 30 feet square, one and a half stories high, containing five rooms; within a few minutes' walk of railroad depôt and steamboat landing, and about two and a half hours' ride from the City. Rent, $100. Address Box No. 197 Poughkeepsie Post-office.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET, AT BAY RIDGE, L. I.—The place is beautifully situated upon, and affords a fine view of New-York Bay. Fruit in abundance, fine bathing, ice house, (filled,) barns, &c. Rent low. Apply to CHARLES H. VAN BRUNT, No. 63 Wall-st., third story.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT ON Long Island Sound, 19 miles from City Hall, and within ¼ miles of the railroad depôt at New-Rochelle. Communication with the City by said railroad seven times a day, and by steamboat every morning. Apply at No. 15 Stone-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DESIRABLE country residence, beautifully situated on the west bank of the North River between Hoboken and Bangertlies. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Fine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

TO LET—ON LONG ISLAND SOUND, NEAR Stamford, Conn., a country house, (furnished,) with about five acres of land; the location for bathing, boating, &c., is unsurpassed. Apply to WM. A. CUMMING, No. 234 West 24th-st.

A DESIRABLE PLACE AT WESTPORT, CONN., FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Good two-story dwelling house, and about 1½ acres of land. Possession can be had immediately. Apply to A. GRAY, Esq., near the premises.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—FRONTING LONG ISLAND SOUND.—Cottage house containing eight rooms, carriage house, &c., a variety of fruit trees, all in excellent order; location healthy. Price $5,000. DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 9 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AT FORT RICHMOND, S. I., ABOUT ten minutes walk from the landing, a farm consisting of 35 acres; dwelling and outbuildings in good order; a variety of fruit upon the premises. Apply to C. FALMIRE, No. 14 Cortlandt-st., or on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR exchange for City or Brooklyn property—in perfect order; and everything a gentleman can require for a country residence—at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Apply to WM. H. BRIDGENS, No. 128 William-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED—TWO COTTAGES DELIGHTFULLY situated about one mile above King's Bridge, in Westchester. Rent $600 and $500. Apply to E. E. JACKSON, Architect, No. 236 Broadway.

TO LET—AT RYE, A DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence, containing 10 rooms, a new carriage-house, stables for four horses, &c., &c., or will be sold cheap. Inquire of R. GOODMAN, *No. 212 Broadway.*

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—AT Chatham, N. J., near the depôt of the Morris and Essex Railroad. Apply to C. W. CAMPBELL, No. 102 Maiden-lane.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—THE RESIDENCE OF THE SUBscriber at New-Rochelle, Westchester County, Pelham road, three miles from the depôt, and contains 40 acres of land, well stocked with choice fruit trees, &c. The house is large, and stables will accommodate six horses; garden about two acres, well stocked, and the separate beds. The carriages and horses will be sold, if desired, including a pair of Blackburn's patent harness, and trunk complete, with pole and shafts. Venice have been used by children for two years. Possession given when desired. Apply to T. A. ROWALDS, on the premises, or to E. F. DAVIS, No. 38 Walker-st., New-York.

TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT, SITUATED ON A bluff, at the entrance of Mamaroneck Harbor, surrounded on three sides by the waters of the Sound. The house is in good order, and partly furnished, has vacant hot and cold water, gas, &c. The out-buildings are all new, containing 7 horse stable, carriage-house, &c. There is about 15 acres of land laid down in grass, good orchard, large kitchen garden—in short, everything required for a gentleman's residence. It is 45 easy miles by New-Haven Railroad and by steamboat daily. Possession can be given immediately. For terms, apply to GEO. R. JACKSON, No. 260 Centre-st. New-York.

$3,500.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A beautiful place at Westport, Conn., adjoining the country seat of Richard H. Winslow, Esq.; cottage surrounded by piazza, and containing twelve rooms, with wide hall, parlors, with folding doors, large cellar, and fine well of water in kitchen; barn, stables, &c.; four acres of rich land, with stream flowing through, and abundance of apple, cherry, pear and other fruit, asparagus bed, &c.; perfectly healthy, and no mosquitoes nor fever and ague. For further particulars, apply to JOSEPH JAUNCEY, No. 110 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—AN ELEgant and convenient mansion house, stables, carriage-houses, out-houses, &c., together with about 20 acres of land, elegantly situated on the east side of the Hudson River, in the north suburbs of the village of Tarrytown. The house is of brick, well and substantially built, and in good order; the out-buildings are commodious and suitable for the purpose intended. Near the house is a fine garden and a well of excellent water. Fifty or 70 per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FEW CHOICE VILLA SITES ON THE EAST RIVER—At Whitestone, L. I., only one hour from Wall-st.; communication almost hourly. One of the most desirable water fronts uncovered in this region. Also, for sale a farm of 45 acres of the best soil on Long Island, only half a mile from the railroad depôt at Flushing. At least seven fine building sites, and will be sold together or in plots of 1 to 10 acres. Also, for sale very low, a few choice building lots in the village of Flushing, five minutes' walk from the railroad depôt. Apply at No. 107 Chambers-st., to D. S. WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE—AT ELTONA, A LARGE, WELLbuilt and convenient house, 28x30, wing 20x28, about *five minutes' walk from the Railroad depôt, one hour* from the City by steamboat or cars, with about twelve lots of ground attached. Apply to R. H. ELTON, No. 21 Beekman-st., New-York, or WM. O. ROOSA, on the premises.

Also, for sale or to let, several houses of different styles, convenient to the City. Apply to R. H. ROBERTSON, Mott Haven.

FOR SALE—AT MOUNT HOPE, HOUSE, TWELVE miles from City Hall, at Spuyten Duyvel, near Hudson River Railroad depôt; trains nearly every hour; beautifully situated, commanding an extensive view of North and Harlem Rivers; contains parlor, dining-room, library, kitchen, nine bedrooms, bath-room, and has all the conveniences of hot and cold water, furnace, range, &c.; about three-fourths of an acre of land, and a good stable and carriage-house. Price $8,500. Terms easy. Apply to BERNSTEIN & DINGLESTEDT, 18 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT MOUNT WASHINGTON, WITHin 5 minutes' walk of Tubby Hook Station, 11 miles from City Hall, a very desirable residence, at all seasons, with about two acres of land, with fine fruit trees, and has been built within two years; contains 16 rooms, bath-room, gas, &c.; good stable and ice house, all in first-rate order. Apply at No. 106 Duane-st., up stairs, or of JOHN LLOYD & SON, No. 15 Nassau-st., over Commonwealth Bank.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE HOUSE, IN good order, containing twenty-two rooms, with garden, fruit trees, and ten acres of land, with privilege of 100 acres. Also, a small house, with thirty acres of land. Also, a small cottage, with eighteen acres of land, on moderate terms; situated on Staten Island, near the landing, with steamboat daily to and from the City. Apply to DUNHAM & CO., No. 12 William-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—A VERY DESIRABLE country place, with about 2½ acres of ground, a very fine garden, a choice variety of fruit; water and range in house; pump in stable; ice house, billiard-house, and all other out-houses, on the Kingsbridge road, near Carmansville, accessible to the City by horse cars, steamboat or railroad at all hours. Apply to E. M. S. RODHURST, in the rear house.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS, ON THE EAST Bank of the Hudson, a large first-class mansion, built in the best manner, having every modern convenience of gas, water, &c., together with ten acres of land. From this place there is a most beautiful and commanding view of the River and surrounding country. Apply to M. T. BOLMER, near the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIdence at Scarborough, between Sing Sing and Tarrytown, adjoining H. R. Remsen, Esq.'s, and Rev. Dr. Creighton's, on the Hudson River, being 10 acres, large house, ice-house, carriage-house, &c., all in complete order. Within five minutes walk of the depôt. Inquire of GEO. McGORD, on the premises. Price $20,000.

FOR SALE—TWO AND A HALF ACRES OF with stables, garden, and nearly a fine grapery, in Westchester County, the other side of Pelham Bridge. Two thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For terms apply to W. C. R. ENGLISH, No. 34 Wall-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT AT Throgg's Neck, Westchester, 13 miles from the City. It contains of 5 acres, divided into flower and vegetable gardens, and all the necessary outbuildings. To be let for six months. Rent $200 per month. Inquire at the office of G. C. & E. J. GENET, No. 78 Broadway, from 12 to 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE AT SPUYTEN DUYVIL.—A fine country seat, with 4¼ acres of land; the house is brick, two story and attic, 36x43, with wing 20x15; handsomely situated; fine garden; stable, 26x38; all in order and ready for immediate occupation. Apply to R. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—A FINE VILlage property, at Dobbs' Ferry; a house and garden, also two smaller houses and barn adjoining; the whole for $4,100. Terms easy. Apply to M. K. COUZENS, No. 81 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN THE CITY OF HARTFORD, Conn., the late residence of John H. Webb, deceased, known as No. 13 Morgan-st., a large and comfortable dwelling-house, together with the adjoining grounds, 100 feet front and about 160 feet deep. Inquire of FRANCIS B. HALL, Hartford, Conn.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR to be let, furnished, for a term of years, on the east bank of the Hudson, at Riverdale, *two miles south of* Yonkers, and in the immediate neighborhood of a railroad station. Apply to the editor of the *Albion*, No. 12 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE IN ORANGE, N. J.—FORTY-FIVE minutes from the City, a story and a half cottage, with 3 rooms, and about 1 to 3 acres of land attached. It is beautifully situated. For particulars, inquire of JOY, COE & CO., *Tribune* Buildings.

TO LET—AT BATH, L. I., 2½ MILES FROM THE Hamilton Ferry, first-class house, with carriage-house and stables. The finest and healthiest location in this country. Also a good house in 1st-place, Brooklyn. Apply to ARCHIBALD YOUNG, No. 314 Broadway.

FLUSHING, L. I.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—The cottage and any part of thirty-five acres, known as the "Wright Farm," five minutes' walk from the railroad depôt. Apply at No. 76 William-st., second floor.

TO LET—COTTAGES WITH GARDENS, AT Astoria, L. I. Apply to R. L. RIKER, No. 156 Nassau-st., New-York.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE AT SMITHTOWN, L. I.—145 acres; house large and new, beautifully situated on elevated ground, fine lawn, with an abundance of *large shade trees; land in high state of cultivation and* well fenced; one side bounded by tide water with a good dock, bath house, &c., a fish pond well stocked with trout, out-buildings ample and convenient; ice house filled, every variety of timber necessary to a place. Location healthy and within a short distance of Post-office, and stage route to railroad. Also, a farm of fifty acres in the village of Smithtown Branch; good buildings, one mile front on highway, daily communication with New-York by steamboat and railroad. Either of the above places will be sold low on easy terms. For particulars apply to the proprietor at Smithtown, L. I.
EDWARD H. SMITH.

FARM TO LET.—A DESIRABLE FARM IN Hackensack Township, about 15 miles from Hoboken, 2¾ miles from Huyler's Landing, Hudson River, and less than half a mile from a station on the Northern Railroad; said farm contains over 50 acres, all tillable, in a good state of cultivation, soil fertile, desirably located, healthy neighborhood, suitable for gardening, and convenient for milk business; on said premises are two dwelling houses, barns, wells, &c., and plenty of fruit. Terms liberal. The whole or a part of said farm will be let. Inquire of A. C. MOORE, No. 69 Wall-st., N. York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY—FOUR MILES from Port Chester, a fine old farm of 150 acres, under excellent cultivation, and well wooded; no waste land; two small brooks cross it; a young apple orchard in bearing, and other fruit, abundant and good; barn house and out-buildings good and substantial; location *healthy; neighborhood first-class. Apply to* ALEX. OSTRANDER, Commissioner for all the States, No. 99 William-st., basement.

FARM FOR SALE IN MADISON, N. J., AT AUCTION.—Will be sold at auction on TUESDAY, 29th March, at 12 o'clock M., 67 acres of valuable land, together with the buildings and appurtenances thereto attached. The above farm is beautifully located, and is very desirable for a gentleman's residence. Has on it a fine orchard of valuable fruit, &c. WM. M. MUCHMORE.

FOR SALE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, NEW-YORK.—The farm of 60 acres, in a high state of cultivation, 2-story house, 40x32, with kitchen, 20x30, barn, carriage-house and all necessary out-buildings. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

EXCHANGE.—5,000 ACRES FIRST CLASS farming and meadow lands, in the State of Wisconsin, will be given in exchange, at a very low figure, for a house and lot in a good neighborhood in New-York, Brooklyn, or Jersey City. Address CITIZEN, Box No. 166 Times Office.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 100 ACRES, WITH TWO-story frame house, large barn, new; also, other out-buildings. A good portion of the land is under cultivation; plenty of water on the premises. Price $2,000. Inquire of T. R. PEACOCK, No. 79 William-st.

FARM FOR SALE—NEAR OYSTER BAY, L. I.—Nothing 15 acres of tillable, and 12 of wood land; the dwelling and outbuildings are nearly new, and in good repair. Inquire of R. S. DAYTON, No. 337 Houston-st., from 12 to 1, or from 4 to 6 P. M.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE.—*FIM ACRES, WITH* abundance of fruit and berries, 1¼ miles from depôt and 26 miles from New-York; $2,400. Also, other fruit and dairy farms of all sizes.
O. H. OLIVER, No. 51 Liberty-st.

FARMS.

WESTERN LANDS.—SELECTED LANDS IN various localities in the State of Wisconsin, for sale very low, or would be exchanged for available City property, or improvements, in the City of New-York, which will meet with prompt attention.

TO LEASE—A FARM ON THE LONG ISLAND Railroad, twelve miles from the City, and 24 miles of Brooklyn. Apply to STUART, WHITEHEAD & STEWART, No. 54 Wall-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—IN BROOKLYN OR JERSEY CITY, no children, in a respectable neighborhood. Rent not exceeding. Address, stating location, terms, &c., which must be moderate, F. H., Box No. 3,347 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, A THREE-story high stoop house, with all the modern improvements and in the rough order, between 14th and 34th-sts. and 3d and 9th-avs., at moderate rent. Neighborhood must be unexceptionable. Apply personally or by letter at No. 37 Rockaway-place.

WANTED IN BROOKLYN—BY A GENTLEman and wife, without children, two or three unfurnished rooms, in a pleasant and respectable neighborhood; by the 1st of April next. Address, stating terms, TAYLOR, Box No. 119 Times Office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A SMALL, CHEAP house in or near Henry-st., or East Broadway. Address J. R., Box No. 120 Times Office, giving number, location and price of house. Cash paid.

A ROOM WANTED FOR STORAGE—A department of 100, within a quarter of a mile of the Hospital. Address Box No. 1,200 Post-office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms, on either the first or second floor, will be let to a small family. The house is three rooms deep, pleasantly located, and has all the modern improvements. A few boarders only taken. Apply at No. 46 East 16th-st., between 4th-av. and Broadway. Reference exchanged.

BOARDING.—A FAMILY RESIDING IN GLENtion-place have a pleasant room and bedroom on the second floor, with a well of excellent water. They would like to let, with board, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Address ROBERTS, Box No. 155 Times Office.

BOARDING.—TWO SUITES OF ROOMS, UNFURnished, except carpets, which are new, on the second floor, in a private boarding house, near Madison-square. House has every convenience, and is in perfect order. Those who prefer real comfort to extravagance, please address W. A., Box No. 128 Times Office.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET with board, from the 1st of May next, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen. Family private, house close to the City and Central Park. Unexceptionable references given and required. Call at No. 344 West 34th-st.

BOARDING.—THE WHOLE OF THE SECOND floor,

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

STOCKS AND BONDS AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Secondary Exchange, ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

[illegible] Bank, $100 each.
[illegible] Bank of New-Orleans, $100 each.
[illegible] Fire Insurance Co., Brooklyn, $50 each.
[illegible] American Fire Insurance Co., N. Y., $100 each.
[illegible] Fire Insurance Co., N. Y., $50 each.
[illegible] State of Pennsylvania, issue 1845.
[illegible] State of Indiana.
[illegible] Stock State of Indiana.
[illegible] State of Indiana.
[illegible] Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Canal Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Wabash and Erie Canal, 6 p. c. Loan, Indiana.
ST. ANN'S ALTO POTTER, Auctioneer.

(For account of whom it may concern.)

[illegible] WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Secondary's Office, [illegible] any day required.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

SOUTH ANN-STREET LOTS.

[illegible] will be sold at public sale, on the premises, on the south side of Ann-st., [illegible] ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS, BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSES IN BROOKLYN, ON THE NORTH SIDE OF PIERREPONT PLACE, BETWEEN CLINTON AND VAN BRUNT-STREETS.

[illegible] will sell at auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] Fire Insurance Co., Brooklyn, $50 each.
[illegible] Fire Insurance Co., N. Y., $100 each.
[illegible] Fire Insurance Co., N. Y., $50 each.
[illegible] State of Pennsylvania, issue 1845.
[illegible] Stock State of Indiana.
[illegible] State of Indiana.
[illegible] Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Canal Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Bonds State of Indiana.
[illegible] Wabash and Erie Canal, 6 p. c. Loan, Indiana.
ST. ANN'S ALTO POTTER, Auctioneer.

(For account of whom it may concern.)

[illegible] WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Secondary's Office, [illegible] any day required.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

SOUTH ANN-STREET LOTS.

[illegible] will be sold at public sale, on the premises, on the south side of Ann-st., [illegible] ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

[illegible] SALE OF BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSES IN BROOKLYN, ON THE NORTH SIDE OF PIERREPONT PLACE, BETWEEN CLINTON AND VAN BRUNT-STREETS.

[illegible] will sell at auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] Brooklyn, between Clinton and Court-sts.

[illegible] are built in the best manner throughout, [illegible] by three rooms, and after the most approved style of New-York city houses, and finished with all the modern improvements, [illegible] marble mantels, [illegible] Brown-stone front, [illegible] in rear, [illegible] Lot 16 feet in front and 100 feet in depth, [illegible] the most improved and approved style, [illegible] upon the highest ground in Brooklyn, commanding every way and in the neighborhood, but a few minutes' walk from Hamilton-ferry, with the Fulton Ferry and passing the stock, [illegible] introduction of water, and the improvement in public [illegible] is in progress, will make these most desirable [illegible]

[illegible] clear warranties deeds will be given, [illegible] purchase money can remain on [illegible] one, two or three years if desired. [illegible] 9 o'clock A. M. until 9 P. M. [illegible] and further information apply to the auctioneer, No. 20 Wall-st., New-York.

W. A. ARCHER, Auctioneer.

BOSTON NOTICE.—W. A. ALBERTUS WILL SELL THIS DAY (Friday), neatly and elegant house furniture, at the private residence, No. 12 West 22d-st., four doors from 6th-av., commencing at 10½ o'clock, [illegible] which articles can be had at the door [illegible]

[illegible] piano-forte, full 7½ octaves, [illegible] and inlaid with pearl; steel, music and cover; [illegible] notice of parlor furniture:

Satin damask window curtains, [illegible]
Rich oil paintings,
Fine mirrors,
Velvet carpets,

DINING ROOM.

[illegible] mahogany extension tables, French China dinner and [illegible] dishes, English cut glass ware, mirrors, carpet, rug, [illegible] chairs, sofa, English easy chair, steel spring [illegible]

[illegible] marble top bureaus, [illegible] bedsteads, bureaus, [illegible] mattresses, feathers and pillows, mahogany [illegible] and stands, lace window [illegible] and cornices, Brussels ingrain carpets, stair [illegible] and [illegible] painted glass cases, with [illegible] and [illegible] Brussels and ingrain carpets, [illegible] mirrors, clocks, pictures, oil paintings, engravings [illegible] and chairs, in green repp [illegible] and parlor rugs, fine bird, a very fine singer; [illegible] and parlor rugs. Sale without [illegible] at 10½ o'clock, three rosewood 7½ octave piano, [illegible] fashionable style and [illegible] rosewood do. grand action [illegible]

D. S. HOUSE, Auctioneer.

[illegible] SALE OF ALL THE ELEGANT [illegible] of the late residence, No. 12 University place, near [illegible]

[illegible] DAY, Friday, March 25, at 10 A. M., precisely, [illegible] following is only a partial description of the goods [illegible] in the house, viz.:

[illegible] are a full suite of dining room furniture, [illegible] extension dining tables, French China dinner and [illegible] silver ware, castors, spoons, forks, liquor cheets, [illegible] cutlery, cut-glass and Bohemian ware, stair pots, [illegible] required of every purchaser.

[illegible] are rich velvet carpets, three rosewood suites, [illegible] hall carpets, per pieces, centre tables, easy [illegible] and fancy chairs, stands, vases, fine paintings, [illegible] curtains, cornices, bookcases and library [illegible] mahogany [illegible] engravings, [illegible] chamber furniture, superior rosewood bedsteads, [illegible] bedsteads, [illegible] chairs, carpets, mattresses, [illegible] 15 pairs curled hair mattresses, [illegible] and bedding of all kinds.

[illegible] commence at 10½ o'clock A. M., precisely. Catalogues can be had at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 323 [illegible]

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

[illegible] AVENUE A, ELEVENTH-AVENUE AND [illegible] FORTY-SECOND-ST. BROWN-STONE FRONT DWELLINGS, SEVENTH AVENUE, BETWEEN [illegible]

[illegible] ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] MONDAY, March 28, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at the Mercantile Auction Exchange, No. 389 Broadway, [illegible]

[illegible] AVENUE.—Four Lots on the easterly side of [illegible], commencing on the southeast corner of 86th-st., [illegible] feet in front by 100.

[illegible] AVENUE.—Eleven Lots on the southerly side of 88th-st., adjoining the above on the rear, each 25 feet 4 inches in front, on the lots on 86th-st. is a two-story brick dwelling, well finished, with [illegible] grates, sliding doors in parlors, &c., [illegible] and cellar under the house. Verandas all [illegible] of water on the premises.

[illegible] Three lots on the westerly side of Avenue A, [illegible] the northwest corner of 78th-st., [illegible] at sale. For maps, &c., apply to the Auctioneer, No. 20 Wall-st.

T. Leary, Auctioneer, salesroom No. 8 Nassau-st.

[illegible] H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, [illegible] in addition on SATURDAY, March 26, at 10½ o'clock, [illegible] salesroom, No. 20 Nassau-st., a general assortment [illegible] of furniture, received for convenience of sale, [illegible] of Brussels and ingrain carpets, [illegible] and black walnut bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, [illegible] marble-top tables, marble-top [illegible] rosewood suites in crimson, brocatelle, Anbusson [illegible] hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, mahogany [illegible] and stands, lace window [illegible] and cornices, Brussels ingrain carpets, stair [illegible] and [illegible] painted glass cases, with [illegible] and [illegible] Brussels and ingrain carpets, [illegible] mirrors, clocks, pictures, oil paintings, engravings [illegible] and chairs, in green repp [illegible] and parlor rugs, fine bird, a very fine singer; [illegible] and parlor rugs. Sale without [illegible] at 10½ o'clock, three rosewood 7½ octave piano, [illegible] fashionable style and [illegible] rosewood do. grand action [illegible]

D. S. HOUSE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE OF HOUSE-HOLD FURNITURE.—S. HOUSE WILL SELL THIS DAY (Friday) at the private residence No. 948 [illegible]-street, near Broadway, at 10½ o'clock, [illegible] sale to commence at 10½ o'clock. [illegible] parlor suites in solid rosewood, elegant [illegible] extensive plate glass, steel and cover, oil [illegible] Brussels and ingrain carpets, [illegible] mahogany [illegible] chairs, [illegible] rich cut glass, silver plated ware, French China dinner and [illegible] and [illegible] Sofas, [illegible] mirrors, [illegible] hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and [illegible] Also a large [illegible] of paintings and engravings, [illegible] and kitchen furniture, with the sale will commence.

JEREMIAH W. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

[illegible] STREET, NICOLAY—OFFICE NO. 4 [illegible] BROADWAY.—Regular auction sales of [illegible] every MONDAY and THURSDAY, (which days are appointed days of sale for many articles,) at 10 o'clock, [illegible] at 12 o'clock, [illegible] at 2 o'clock, [illegible] at 7 o'clock, [illegible] at sale, or [illegible] at the store, [illegible] Also, [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] at sale, [illegible] at the store, [illegible] at the sale will commence.

[illegible] DAY, AT 12½ O'CLOCK, SEE CATALOGUE.

[illegible] of [illegible] will be offered.

A. M. CHESHIRE, Auctioneer.

[illegible] SALE OF AN IMPORTED [illegible] of the watches and diamond jewelry, [illegible] Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, [illegible] Broadway, [illegible] sale of mahogany and [illegible] furniture, [illegible] at 10 o'clock, [illegible] Also, [illegible] carpets, oil-cloths, &c. Also, 5 large [illegible]

ALEXANDER T. MAY CONCHEM.—TAKE NOTICE, that JOHN GOULD, assignee of David [illegible] will sell on Wednesday, the 30th of March, [illegible] at 12 o'clock noon, at the store, [illegible] Broadway, [illegible] of public auction, by Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer, at the Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] Broadway, [illegible] the sale will commence.

[illegible] DAY, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE [illegible] of valuable jewelry, [illegible] JOHN GOULD, assignee of David [illegible] Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

E. F. WEBB, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE.—On MONDAY, March 28, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at store No. [illegible] Pearl-st.

A large and general assortment in the above line, suitable for city and country trade. Terms and conditions made known on morning of sale.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND, Auctioneer.

BY RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO.

Salesroom, No. 389 Broadway,

THIS DAY, (Friday,)

At 10 o'clock, at the auction room,

A general assortment of foreign and domestic heavy and shelf

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c., &c.,

In lots to suit City and country buyers.

ALSO,

[illegible] gross superior ivory-handled table and dessert cutlery, [illegible] silver, pallet-ens, jelly knives, &c.

[illegible] gross brushes, of every variety.

[illegible] reams assorted hand-paper.

An invoice of bronzed bible, screw-drivers, &c., extra quality.

An invoice of fine quality gilded-painted screws.

[illegible] dozen cast iron shovels, scoops, &c.

ALSO,

[illegible] machinists' parallel vices, with steel jaws.

An invoice of bay rum and cologne, &c., &c., &c.

M. DOUCETT, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at the entire furniture of the boarding house, No. 193 Duane-st., consisting in part of [illegible] Rosewood and French bedsteads, consisting of the [illegible] Brussels and other Ingrains of 14 rooms, [illegible] and other Extras of 14 rooms, [illegible] mahogany, [illegible] chairs, pillows, Brussels and [illegible] carpets, oil-cloths, gas fixtures, kitchen furniture, China crockery and glass ware; worth attention. Bedding at home.

WILSON WEEKS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. [illegible] Chatham-st., the entire furniture, &c., of 5 rooms, [illegible] bedsteads, carpets in great variety; also chairs, sofas, [illegible] dining room and kitchen furniture, &c. All of this furniture has only been used for 12 months. Sale rain or shine.

GEORGE DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY GEORGE DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 39 PARK-ROW.—Regular Auction Sale at the Mercantile Auction Exchange, EVERY DAY. Goods received and sold at private sale. Sales THIS DAY at 10½ o'clock. See catalogues.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 8 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,

AND NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,

ALSO OF

ATHENS,	CONSTANTINOPLE,	ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO,	BEYROUT,	JERUSALEM,

&c., &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bill, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,

GENERAL BANKING, DISCOUNT AND COLLECTION HOUSE,

No. 40 Wall-st., New-York City.

Orders or inquiries from correspondents promptly acknowledged.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,

NO. 52 WALL-STREET,

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WALL-STREET FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller of the State of New-York, having, in pursuance of section 34 of chapter 405 of the Laws of 1853, directed that in order to justify the continuance of the business of this Company, the officers thereof require the stockholders to pay the amount of a deficiency which, it appears to him, exists in the assets of said company on the 20th day of March instant, and that the following resolutions have been passed by the Board of Directors:

Be it Resolved, That in accordance with a requisition, duly received from the Comptroller of the State of New-York, that the stockholders of this Company shall pay such an assessment on their respective stock as will make up the amount of capital as required by their charter; and that the same be and hereby is laid thereon upon the stockholders of this Company, at the rate of twenty dollars each share of twenty dollars held by them, and that the same be paid as at before the 25th day of March, 1859.

Be it Further Resolved, That the Secretary transmit a copy of these resolutions to each stockholder and notify personally or by advertisement such stockholder, that such stockholder is required to pay a proportionate share of the amount necessary to make the capital of this Company equal to the amount fixed by the charter, and state in such notification the amount such stockholder is so called upon to contribute, and the time and place of payment thereof.

In accordance with the above resolutions, you are hereby notified that you are required to pay, at the office of the Company, your proportionate share of the amount necessary to make the capital of this Company equal to the amount fixed by the charter.

Office of the Wall-st. Fire Insurance Co., No. 2 Wall-st.

E. F. STILES, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 18, 1859.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVE notice of our intention to associate and form an incorporated Company, agreeably to an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of Insurance Companies," passed April 10, 1848, for the purpose of making insurance on dwelling-houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings, and upon household furniture, merchandize, and other property, against loss or damage by fire, and the risks of inland navigation and transportation, said Company to be known by the name or style of "The Mount Vernon Fire Insurance Company," and to be located in the City of New-York.

GEORGE T. PLUME,	L. UNDERHILL,
WILLIAM MONTROSS,	ISAAC M. MILSANE,
WILLIAM M. PECK,	A. S. WALLIS,
JOHN T. GILCHRIST,	JAMES DEMAREST,
M. T. BURTIS,	FREDERICK WARD,
JAS. MONTGOMERY, Jr.,	E. C. ORCHESON,
J. D. W. BOOK,	ISAAC LASAGH,
J. T. WILSON,	MAHLON YAIL,
WILLIAM H. LEE,	SAMUEL WESCOTT,
JOHN J. WALLIS,	WILLIAM H. MORRELL,
JOHN N. HAYWARD,	A. G. CRANE,
JAMES O. BELL,	JEHIEL READ,
	FREDERICK A. COE.

NEW-YORK, March 16, 1859. mh19-1awfwF*

OFFICE OF THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF 1856, NEW-YORK, March 21, 1859.—This Company being organized under its charter, is prepared to issue stock to all parties entitled to it under the compromise arrangement adopted at the meeting of creditors and bondholders held Sept. 19, 1857. All claims and coupons for which stock is to be issued, should be presented in person at the Office No. 2 William-st., on or before the 1st of May next. The Company will also redeem at maturity, at the same place, the interest coupons due April 1 and Aug. 1, 1859, upon all bonds of the former Great Western Railroad Company, the back coupons of which shall have been surrendered and stock accepted therefor, in accordance with the compromise and the act of incorporation of the Company.

CORPORATORS.

J. N. A. GRISWOLD,	WM. A. WHITE,
LEROY M. WILEY,	JAS. DUNLAP,
	JAS. L. LAMB.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED BONDS of the Hudson River and Lake Erie Railroad Company having been lost on board the steamer *Austria*, on the 23th of September, 1858, application has been made to the Company for the issue of duplicates: Nos. 66, 67, 275, 276, 277, 546, 744, 745, 987, 988, for $1,000 each, principal payable in 1862, with coupons attached for interest, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st of February and the 1st of August.

CAMMANN & CO.

NOTICE—THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Eight Per Cent Second Mortgage Bonds of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, due on the 1st day of March, 1859, at the bank of the Republic, will be paid on the 4th day of April next, on presentation at the Ocean Bank in the City of New-York.

S. CHAMBERLAIN, Mortgagee in Possession

La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN election for six Directors of the American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 28 day of May next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN F. TELVERTON, President.

ISAAC G. LEA, Secretary.

New-York, March 1, 1859.

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE OF THE HARLEM GAS-LIGHT COMPANY, NO. 80 NASSAU-STREET.—New-York, March 19, 1859.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Three and a Half (3½) per Cent., payable on and after the 28th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 24th until the 28th inst.

HENRY F. McGOWN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—No. 48 Wall-st., (Bank of New-York Building.) New-York, March 1, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., payable to the stockholders on demand.

JAMES G. PLAIN, Secretary.

OFFICE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, March 21, 1859.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of this Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 28 Wall-st. (Trading Building,) on MONDAY, the 4th April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock M. and close at 2 P. M.

JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

ELECTION.—COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE Company, No. 10 Wall-st., New-York, March 24, 1859.—The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 4th of April next. The poll will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

JOHN C. BERGH, Secretary.

$4,000 WANTED—FOR A SHORT TIME—which will be well secured, and in return the lender will receive one-fifth of the profits in a very profitable undertaking, which will return him more than this amount for many years. Address, with real name and place of business, A. B., Box No. 120 Times Office.

FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENTS FOR SALE.—Camden and Amboy Railroad, and Delaware and Raritan Canal Joint Six Per Cent. Bonds; Troy City Bonds; Gas-Light Stocks; Dubuque City Bonds; Stock Syracuse & Utica Railroad Stock. JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st., N. Y. City.

$20,000—WANTED—THIS SUM BY THREE installments, with a business man to operate in improving and selling real estate, and in receiving and selling lumber in this vicinity. Real estate security for the money. Ample compensation. Address REAL ESTATE AND LUMBER, Box 115 Times Office.

MONEY TO LOAN UPON ALL KINDS OF Securities, Bonds and Stocks negotiated. Real Estate bought and for sale. SHAATS & FLINT, No. 32 Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 1 and 2.

WANTED—SCIOTO AND HOCKING VALLEY Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, due 1866. Also, St. Paul City 10 per cent Bonds.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

$3,000—FOR A TERM OF FIVE YEARS, at 7 per cent, on a five-story improved farm in the Central part of this State, unincumbered. Address NEW-YORKER, Box No. 120 Times Office.

WILLIAM HOGE & CO., BANKERS—NO. 70 Wall-st. Bills on London, Liverpool and Dublin [illegible]

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE [illegible] promptly attended to by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER PINE AND NASSAU-STS., NEW-YORK,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal places of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT,

BANKER,

NO. 10 BEAVER-ST.,

Issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the House of Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DUBUQUE CITY 10 PER CENT. BONDS for sale by HORSE & WOLFE, No. 41 William-st.

INSURANCE.

GERMANIA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE NO. 5 BEEKMAN-ST.

(The Park Bank Building.)

CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000

(ALL PAID IN.)

This Company having all its Capital paid in, and is process of investment, is now ready to receive applications, and to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE on Merchandise, Buildings, Ships in Port, and other property on favorable terms.

MAURICE HILGER, President.

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

MAURICE HILGER.....	
MICHAEL LIBNAU.....	Firm of M. Libnau & Co.
RICHARD HARDT.....	Firm of Hardt & Co.
HENRY BALL.....	Firm of Ball, Black & Co.
EDWARD BECH.....	
G. POPPENHUSEN.....	Firm of Poppenhusen & Koenig.
JOHN POTTS BROWN.....	Firm of Brown, De Rham & Co.
LOUIS F. MACK.....	Firm of Mack & Bunker.
D. GODFREY GUNTHER.....	Firm of C. G. Gunther & Sons.
CLEMENT BEERDT.....	
JACOB R. SCHUYLER.....	Firm of Schuyler, Hartley & Graham.
HERM. A. SCHLEICHER.....	Firm of Herm. Baker & Co.
WM. LOESCHIGK.....	Firm of Loeschigk, Wesendonk & Co.
RICH'D M. HOE.....	Firm of R. Hoe & Co.
CH. F. DAMEMANN.....	Firm of C. F. Damemann & Co.
L. H. ANSINCK.....	
JOHN F. SCHEPELER.....	Firm of Lobach & Schepeler
HERMAN MARCUSE.....	Firm of G. Vom Baur & Co.
C. BREUSING.....	
RUD. C. BURLAGE.....	Firm of Bunge, Burlage & Co.
JACQUES SCHIEF.....	
CALEB BARSTOW.....	Pres. St. Nicholas Bank.
GEO. F. THOMAS.....	Firm of W. W. DeForest & Co.
ANTHONY SCHEUTLIN.....	Firm of A. & E. Scheutlin.
PETER MURRAY.....	
E. KAUPE.....	Firm of E. Kaupe & Cummings.
JOHN H. ABEEL.....	Firm of John H. Abeel & Co.
WM. H. SMITH.....	
JOHN CHETWOOD.....	Counselor at Law.
HENRY G. KILSHEIMIUS.....	
HENRY BECKER.....	Firm of H. Becker & Graeve.
E. H. C. DOHRMANN.....	Firm of Dehrmann & Bernis.
CHAS. R. CORNWELL.....	Firm of Robins, Powell & Co.
REUBEN W. HOWES.....	Pres. of the Park Bank.
MELVIN S. WHITNEY.....	
GEO. I. BYRD.....	Firm of Byrd & Hall.
ROBERT SQUIRES.....	Firm of Freeland, Squires & Co.
DIETRICH WESTFALL.....	Firm of J. & D. Westfall.
FRANCIS BOLTING.....	Firm of F. Bolting & Co.

ÆTNA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW-YORK.

No. 56 Wall-st.

CAPITAL $300,000. CHARTERED 1824.

This Company continues to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on the most favorable terms.

JACOB BROUWER, President.

LIVINGSTON SAWYER, Secretary.

THE

GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Have removed to

No. 48 Wall-st.,

Bank of New-York Building.

SAMPSON MOORE, President.

JAMES G. PLAIN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

THE ADVERTISER WOULD LIKE TO meet with a steady, industrious young or middle-aged gentleman, (single preferred,) competent to assist in the management of a noted first-class hotel for summer resort, to which is attached a large and beautiful farm, and who would lend the owner and employer twelve or fifteen hundred dollars, and receive a liberal return ration for the use of the money and his own services for one or more years. The situation will be a very pleasant and desirable one, as the party can have the superintendance of the agricultural department should his taste and inclinations lead him to prefer it. Unexceptionable references given and required. Address HOTEL, Box No. 146 Times Office, New-York.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—A PARTY who owns a large sawmill in Camden, with a large supply of oak, ash, whitewood, beech, elm and chestnut immediately around it, desires to form an arrangement with some party of capital for the lease or sale of the mill, with right to cut the timber. A mile of one of the leading railways runs into the mill yard, and shipments of lumber to any part of the United States can be conveniently made by rail or water. Letters addressed to S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Nassau-st., New-York, will receive immediate attention.

TO RENT—IN ONE OF THE BEST LOCATIONS IN the State, premises, consisting of a foundry machine, blacksmith and boiler shops, with tools, patterns, lathes and planes, all new and in good condition, particularly well adapted to all kinds of boat and engine work, and a general jobbing business. Also, several fine rooms with power suitable for any manufacturing business, either in wood or iron, with an amount of good docking. The premises are in the city of Buffalo, and will be rented in whole or in part to suit customers. Address E. & B. HOLMES, Buffalo.

TO LET OR LEASE—SOAP AND STARCH FACTORIES.—The extensive soap, candle and starch factories, with steam engine, machinery and fixtures, all in prime order and ready for immediate use. Also, a lot of land, 100 feet by 45 feet, with out-house, barn, stable, sheds, &c., situated on Newtown Creek, between Penny Bridge and Maspeth Road, Brooklyn, E. D., with or without 30 acres of land. Apply to LYLES, POLHAMUS & CO., No. 130 Front-st.

$20,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. M. D., Box No. 131 Times Office.

A CASH BUSINESS FOR SALE—ESTABlished 13 years.—The good-will and fixtures of the "Excelsior," No. 23 Nassau-st., one of the best bar, oyster and dining saloons in the City is now offered cheap for cash, the owner having other business which requires his whole attention. Agents need not apply. Call or address C. T. WEEKES, Jr., as above.

FOR SALE CHEAP—RENT ONLY $100 PER year, a botanic medicine store, room back, together with the practice in a country village; conveyances seven miles a day, shortly nine; a good chance for a botanical doctor; population 1,500; large country back. For particulars, apply to GOODLADGE & ADAMS, No. 166 John-st.

EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS WILL BE GIVEN for parties to agree to sell Wright's Patent Spring Beds, where they are not properly supplied. Send postage stamp and get particulars.

WRIGHT SPRING BED COMPANY.

No. 201 1st-av., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—An iron foundry and machine shop, 3 lots of ground, three-story brick building 25x60; foundry 40x60; stable, &c. Premises suitable for any manufacturing purpose. For particulars, apply to C. WOOSTER, No. 15 Wall-st., from 10 to 11.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE WITH FIXTURES.—A good assorted stock in a good location, with valuable fixtures, for sale at a sacrifice. Inquire at the hardware store No. 315 Greenwich-st., corner Vesey-st.

JOBBING TIN SHOP, STOVE, AND HOUSE FURNISHING STORE FOR SALE—Well established, and doing a profitable business, situated in a very desirable location in Brooklyn. For particulars, apply to W. H. MILLER, No. 254 Pearl-st., New-York.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—A RARE CHANCE—Female executors or to let the well-known lumber yard and planing mill on the dock at Yonkers. For further particulars, apply at No. 239 West-st., New-York, or on the premises.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

CASH CAPITAL $50,000.

WINE, WINES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS CHEAP FOR CASH.

Important to up-town families, hotel and restaurant proprietors, country merchants, and the public at large.

THOMAS R. AGNEW has the largest stock of choice teas, wines, groceries, fruit and provisions to be found in New-York, at the lowest price. The undersigned grand importer, and large jobber, and keeps $50,000 cash in his business, and is thereby enabled to undersell any man in New-York. Call and see for yourselves. Consult your own interests and buy your goods where you can get them cheapest and best. Just received:

500	barrels New-Orleans Molasses.
300	barrels Stuart's Syrup.
500	barrels No. 1 family Mackerel.
1,000	chests and half-chests green and black tea.

New crop.

1,000 barrels choice brands family flour.

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge.

THOS. R. AGNEW,

Importer, grocer, flour and tea dealer,

Nos. 290 Greenwich and 80 Murray-sts., N. Y.

GOOD TABLE BUTTER—30 TO 32 CENTS PER pound. Best in market, 35 to 40c., and 12c. tea, [illegible] 12c., light brown sugar, 5c. 7 pounds; bright yellow, 6c., 7 pounds; white, 6c., 7 pounds; good Rice, 3c., 4 pounds; [illegible] 3c. a lb.; [illegible] 3c. a lb.; [illegible] 3c. a lb.

[illegible]

[illegible] Corruption stalks abroad with bold and unchecked front, and years its baneful crest in many of the high places of the land. It is becoming a familiar spectacle to see money poured out with a lavish profusion to control popular elections, and to influence the action of our legislative bodies. These things must be corrected, if we are to remain a free country. It is time for the friends of public virtue to rally and come to the rescue of our representative system. Unless a timely remedy is applied, republican institutions will become a byeword and reproach, and our great experiment of self-government must provoke an ignoble failure, blasting the last hopes and fondest expectations of mankind.

Whatever others may do, I trust the old Whigs will stand fast to their integrity, and show themselves worthy of the noble inheritance bequeathed to us by the fathers of the Republic. Let us discharge our whole duty with a disinterested and patriotic zeal. Come what may, be it ours to maintain with constant fidelity those principles of constitutional liberty and union which have made us a free people, and given us a proud position among the nations of the earth. If there are insuperable obstacles in the way of such united action as we all desire, they will become manifest in season. Meanwhile, we must possess our souls in patience, and abide our time. We will await the course of events without rashly holding.

If the friends of good government and salutary reform can be combined in a united organization, on conservative and national principles, I believe I hazard nothing in saying the Whigs of the Union will lend their best endeavors to promote the common cause; and if, on the other hand, such union is made impossible by exclusive views and extreme requirements, it is equally safe to declare that they will still be found true to their country, faithful to their cherished principles, and ready to obey the voice of duty, whithersoever it may lead.

Governor Hunt was attentively listened to, and was frequently and warmly applauded.

General Talmadge moved that the thanks of the audience be tendered to Governor Hunt.

The Hon. Erastus Brooks said a few words by way of seconding the motion. He said that he knew no difference between the Whig Party of '20, '40 and '48 and that to which he now belonged. He had been untiring in his opposition to the Republican Party as well as to the Democratic, because he believed it tended to sectionalism. Neither of these parties dare enunciate clearly the doctrine of protection, or that of internal improvements. He believed that true conservative men of all parties would yet unite to put the right man in the right place. In 1856 he wanted to see but two parties in the field, and he would not raise his finger to prevent this if there could be a national party formed.

General Talmadge's motion was then put and unanimously carried, and the meeting adjourned.

Sparring Exhibition at Hoyt's Theatre.

Among the foreign celebrities duly chronicled in the list of recent arrivals on these shores, there appeared, some days since, the name of Mr. James Massey from England. Mr. Massey, having achieved a high professional position in his native country, found, like all heroes, that ambition has no limit. He longed for a new world to conquer. Animated with the laudable desire of extending his reputation and distending his purse, Mr. Massey, encouraged by the success of many other notable artists, looked on America as offering the fairest field in which to attain the objects of his lofty aspirations. And so he came—he and his little ones and the partner of his bosom. But it would seem that Mr. Massey slightly miscalculated at the outset. On his arrival he discovered, no doubt to his great astonishment, that he lacked the wherewithal. In other words, he was short. How to make up the deficiency was the grand problem that naturally presented itself to his anxious and inquiring mind. A remedy at once suggested itself, the success of which was warranted by countless precedents: As a star, as one of that galaxy of glory which shines in the ring, why should he not have a complimentary benefit? No reasonable objection presented itself, and the benefit was agreed on. It came off last night at Hoyt's Theatre in the Bowery. In recognition of his talents, his services and his triumphs, the hero's friends and admirers poured half-dollars into the ticket-office, sufficient to buy him a handsome service of plate, or, what is better and more desirable still, to set him up in a snug porter-house. The house was jammed. It was, to use an appropriate simile, a bumper. It was redolent of whisky-skins—for which, of course, the rain without, not the assemblage within, was entirely responsible—and a thick, immovable tobacco-fog lent, in contrast, its sombre glories to a scene otherwise inspiring and animated. And yet it was an orderly crowd—as well-behaved a crowd as you will find in a theatre—better behaved than you will occasionally find in a court-room. And it was a respectable-looking crowd—quite as respectable-looking as you will find in many a lecture room, and far more respectable-looking than Tammany or Mozart Hall could furnish, short of more days' notice than it would be warrantable to mention.

"The manly art," as it has been called, has a terminology of its own, to a knowledge of which it would be folly in us to make pretension. It has also a logic of its own, which we are not called upon either to refute or approve. But this much can be said, and may not be gainsayed—that for the development or display of manly vigor, and of muscular strength and activity, no physical exercise is to be compared with that of sparring.

The first set-to was between Sam Freeman, a colored gentleman, and "Young Sport." Sam was the better trained, but Sport the more lively. The next was between two lads, one named Powers, of Brooklyn, and the other responding to the gallinaceous cognomen of "The Young Chicken." They showed smartness and spirit, Powers especially. They were followed by Young Barr and Young Toohey, who thrashed each other with as much vigor as if they were in earnest. An excellent display of muscle and agility was the set-to between Morrissey and Australian Kelly. They were well matched, though Morrissey is, doubtless, the heavier. In attempting to avoid a swipe of Morrissey's powerful fist, Kelly lost his footing and fell; Morrissey fell on him, and both rolled over. There was a good deal of laughter at the *faux pas*. John Sweetman and Dick Casey were the next pair. Both displayed skill, and both literally "went in." It seems they had a fight on Sunday night last, and the recollection of that probably gave weight to their blows. Neither, however, lost his temper, and they retired amid applause. Two boys, Willy Madden of New-York, and Johnny Williams of Liverpool, were the next who took the gloves. Williams was pronounced by the knowing ones, "a very promising youth for his age." Young Shay and John Hoare were the next candidates for Pancratian honors, but the audience pronounced unanimously that "they made but a poor fist of it." The appearance of Dan Kerrigan and Johnny Reagle was hailed with cheers. They had a few lively rounds, and, as the audience seemed to think, exhibited a thorough familiarity with "the science." Young Gallagher and young Barnett won favorable opinions for their readiness and pluck.

Mike Trainor and "Scotty" of Brooklyn, fought like game cocks. Trainor showed recent ill-health, and was much below Scotty in weight, but in nimbleness and skill he far outshone him. Joe Coburn and Young Crow had a short and sharp contest, in which, from the good-humored zeal with which they battered one another, they achieved the honor of a round of cheers. The final display of the night, that in which the utmost vim, skill in parry and attack, and clean hacking were manifested, was the set-to between young Barney Aaron and Johnny Sweetman. They were immensely applauded. The finale was produced by some observations from a gentleman who advanced to the front of the stage and said that Mr. Massey wished to correct rumors that had been put in circulation since his arrival in this country. He wished to have it understood that he had not come here to fight anybody, but to enter into business for the maintenance of himself and his family. He had fought his last battle sometime since in England and was going to fight no more. In a few weeks' time he would have the pleasure of meeting all his numerous friends, foreign and American, and hoped they would have no reason ever to regret their good opinion of him. This was received with loud applause, which was renewed when the great benedictory and Johnny Mosher, his opponent for the season, appeared on the stage, in all the glory of gloves and flannel shirts. They had a pretty lively time of it. Massey stood on his legs as firm as a rock, dealt his blows like hail and followed them up with a vigor that the spectators—the audience we might say, for every thump could be heard—seemed to regard as exceedingly refreshing. He bedded his head by way of now, Johnny Mosher did likewise, and both disappeared to the enthusiastic applause of the house. Then the gas was put down, and the assemblage went out.

The New-Mexican Mails.

St. Louis, Thursday, March 24.

The New-Mexican mail of the 7th inst. reached Independence this morning. Lieutenant Beale and party left Stockton Ranch on the 1st for Albuquerque, and thence for the crossing of the Colorado. The Apache Indians were behaving badly in the neighborhood of Fort Buchanan.

BEAUTY TO BE PROCURED!

In view of the numerous deaths by drowning, at sea and in the rivers in ordinary rivers, and the imperative duty we all owe to ladies, we, in a temperate way, that some early provision for life should be made to that portion of the public family to be subjected to the perils of ocean accident, or the contingencies of wind in the way of home travel. This desirable

SECURITY FROM DROWNING

is made its appearance. We are indebted for it to the Delano Life-Preserving Coat and Vest Company, located at

NO. 208 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE THE CITY HALL.

This Company has not only invented beautiful coats and vests, which, at *one instant's notice*, can be converted into life-preservers, but they have manufactured a variety of garments for ladies, such as waists, sacques, cloaks, bathing dresses, etc., and swimming-*belts for children, which will sustain the wearer in* the roughest surf or breakers, or in the smoothest and most treacherous current. All the garments can be worn without inconvenience or detection. The finest in the concract of clothing material is made up with the life-preserving attachment, yet looking, so disguised from any habiliments now patronized by every male and female member of the community. Every garment made by the Company will safely bear in safety a weight of from 600 to 1,000 pounds. To all sailors, bathers, ferry-patrons, boatmen, seamen and others, nothing cheaper, more invaluable, or more philanthropic, was ever offered. They are recommended by all the officers of the Navy, members of the New-York Yacht Club, and captains of packet-ships and steamers.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS, GAS FIXTURES.—We expect to surpass all our previous efforts in manufacturing new and beautiful goods for the Spring trade. Prices to suit all. Call at our great Depôt, No. 376 Broadway.

WARNER, PRUD'N & CO.

Successors to ARNOLD, WARNER & Co.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S Ointment is more used than any in the world. Why is this? Because it has proved more powerful in healing, and a better pain reliever than any now in existence. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S new Photographic and Fine Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytype.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

See Market and Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 24.

$2,000 U. S. 6s '74	104¾	200	Hav. R. R. Pref.	50	39		
1,900 Ill. Int. Bonds	104¾	400	do	s60	39¾		
10,000 Tenn. 6s '90	91¼	100	Reading R.R.	s60	48¾		
5,000 N. Car. State 6s	96	200	do	s60	48¾		
2,000 Missouri State 6s	89¾	100	do	s60	48¾		
14,000 do	90¾	300	do	s10	48		
10,000 do	s60	90	200	do			48¾
1,000 Erie R.R.C.B. '71	88	100	do	s4	48¾		
1,000 Hud. Riv. R. 2d M. '8	78	200	do	bawk	48¾		
5,000 Mich. Cen. R. 1 Pf.		45	Cl. Col. & Cin. R.R.		75		
1st M. Sy. & F. C. Bs.	97¼	100	Mich. Cen. R. R.		51¼		
1,000 Mich. So. 1st M.B.	84¾	100	do		51¼		
14,000 do	86¾	100	do	s30	51¼		
10,000 do	s60	90	200	do			51¼
1,000 Erie R.R.C.B. '71	88	100	do	s4	49¾		
1,000 Hud. Riv. R. 2d M. '8	78	200	do	bawk	49¾		
5,000 Mich. Cen. R. 1 Pf.		45	Cl. Col. & Cin. R.R.		75		
1st M. Sy. & F. C. Bs.	97¼	100	Mich. Cen. R. R.		51¼		
1,000 Mich. So. 1st M.B.	84¾	100	do		51¼		
8,000 Mich. So. 2d M. Bs.	72	100	do	s30	51¼		
5,000 I. C. & M. R.L.G.B.	29	100	Mich. S. & N. Ia. R.	s30	12¾		
8,000 Ill. Cen. RR. Bs.	90¾	50	do	b60	12¾		
5,000 R. & S. N. J. R. Bs.	74	100	do	b60	12¾		
3,000 B. H. O. & Q. Bs.	90	100	do		12¾		
20 Tradesmen's Bank	113	150	M. S. & N. I. C's Sy's.		46¾		
20 American Ex. Bk.	108¾	100	do		45¾		
50 Pacific Mail St. Co.	78¾	50	do		45¾		
116 do	78¾	200	do	s30	45		
50 do	b60 78¾	200	do	b60	45¾		
50 do	78	200	do	s30	45¼		
5 Del. & Hd. Cn. Co.	101	100	Ill. Central R.		67¾		
10 do	100¾	100	do	s30	67		
100 do	b60 100¾	100	do	s60	67		
10 Penn. Coal Co.	41¾	100	do		67¾		
150 Cum. Prefd.	b60 30¾	200	do	b60	67¾		
100 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	83	1000	Galena & Chi. R.		80¾		
200 do	b30 79¾	100	do	b10	80¾		
200 do	s10 79¾	100	do		80¾		
300 do	79¾	100	do		80¾		
200 do	b60 79¾	200	do	s30	80		
100 do	s60 79¾	200	do	b60	80¾		
150 do	s5 79¾	100	do	b60	80¾		
300 Hud. Riv. R. R.	b60 32	100	do	b60	80¾		
50 do	s10 32¾	100	do	b10	80		
400 Harlem Rail'd.	b60 12¾	100	do	s10	80		
25 do	12¾	100	Chi. & R. Isl. R. R.		86¾		
100 do	12¾	200	do		86¾		
100 Brooklyn City R.R.	115						

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 Mis. St. 6s	s60 65	200	M. S. & N. I. G. S.		45
70 Penn. Coal Co.	41	200	do	s30	44¾
250 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	s30 77¾	50	do	s4	44¾
50 do	78¾	100	do	b30	45
150 do	79¾	50	do	s4	44¾
100 do	b10 79¾	100	Chi. & R. I. R. R.		86
100 do	b60 79¾	100	do		86
10 Erie Railroad	30¾	200	Mich. Cen. R. R.		51¾
100 M. S. & N. I. R.	14¾	1100	Gal. & Chi. R.R.		80
100 do	14	200	do	b10	80
200 Ill. Central R.R.	67	50	do	b60	80
100 do	s60 68¾	200	Clev. & Tol. R. R.		38

REPORTED SALES AT AUCTION.

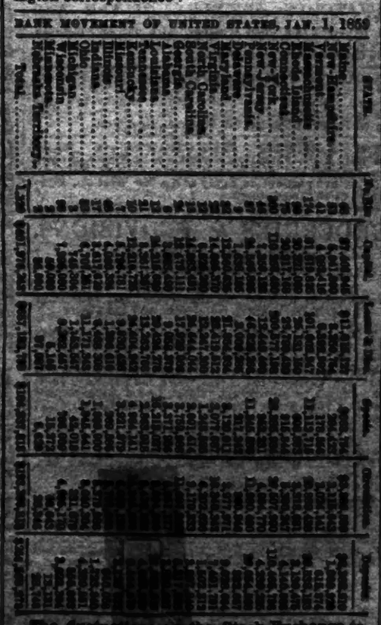
$2,000 L. & M. R. 7s	79	2,240 G. W. Ins. s.	87 60%
7,000 Ohio & Mis. 7s	26	20 Marine Bank	86
3,000 Chi. & Pacific 8s	25	15 St. Nicholas Bank	57¼
F. du Lac R. 2s	10¾	15 Bk. of Com'wealth	99
$3,000 Chi. & Pacific 8s		8 G. W. Mar's Ins. Co.	134
F. du L. 6s	41¾	26 Wm. (Mass.) I. Co.	107¾
640 Com. Ins. Co's 7s	64		

THURSDAY, March 24—P. M.

This is a remarkable day in the New-York market for the Cotton trade. The excitement has not only been unusual, but the magnitude of the sales beyond precedent in this City. The dealings embrace *seventeen thousand five hundred bales*. Most of the purchases were, as yesterday, of Cotton at sea between the Southern ports and Liverpool. The prices paid are 12 cents for middlings, as at New-Orleans, equal to about 12¼@12½ cents here. The transactions of the two days amount to 36,000 bales, a considerable portion to exporters. The operation creates a large addition to the supply of Exchange on England, and the rates are relaxed for merchant bills ¼@½ ⅌ cent. Bank and Bankers' bills are 109¼@109¾ ⅌ cent. The interest in Cotton is enhanced this week by the greatly diminished receipts at the South, as compared with the same week last year, and the extreme estimates of the crop, current a month or two ago, have been almost wholly abandoned. The better grades of Cotton have already become relatively scarce. From this date last season, to the close of the crop year, about 200,000 bales were received at the ports, giving a crop of 3,125,000 bales. It is now questionable whether more than 450,000 bales will be added to the results this season, giving a crop of 3,550,000, instead of 3,700,000 bales as enumerated some weeks ago.

The Money transactions of the day show no change from the ease in supply and moderate rates quoted earlier in the week. Demand loans range 4 to 5 ⅌ cent., and Discounts 5 to 7 ⅌ cent. The Banks are not generally inclined to go beyond 60@90 days, though outside lenders are taking longer bills of prime character at from 6 to 7 ⅌ cent. The Stock Brokers are not doing a heavy business at present, and some of the leading firms refuse deposits even at 4 ⅌ cent. The Sub-Treasury will lose about a *million* of dollars over its receipts this week, from present appearances. The difference to-day is $204,000. The balance this afternoon is reduced to $8,386,651, against $9,046,000 at the beginning of the week. And this, notwithstanding the Customs have been pretty liberal. The Specie reserve in Bank at New-York and New-Orleans on the last statement is nearly forty-one millions, and at Philadelphia and Boston twelve and a half millions. We annex the Banking movement of the whole country by States, from the recent Treasury table, prepared by Mr. WILLIAM M. GOUGE, a general abstract of which we gave some days ago through our Washington correspondence:

BANK MOVEMENT OF UNITED STATES, JAN. 1, 1859



The fluctuations on the Stock Exchange to-day were against the market. The reaction began at the early Board, and continued until the close of the second meeting in the afternoon. The sellers for the decline, particularly on the Western shares, improved their courage, and the feeling soon extended to New-York Central, which, opening at 79½, closed at 78¾ ⅌ cent. The Western Stocks declined on Galena from 88¾ to 80@80¾; Rock Island, from 68¾ to 68; Illinois Central, from 67½ to 67; Michigan Guaranteed, from 45 to 44¾ ⅌ cent.; Michigan Southern common shares, from 14¾ to 14, and Toledo, from 25¼ to 25. Michigan Central steady, at 51¾ ⅌ cent. For Panama, Delaware, Pennsylvania Coal, Reading and Pacific Mail, yesterday's prices were paid. *Missouri Sixes* were also firm, at 86@86¼, and Tennessees rose to 91¼ ⅌ cent. large sales. In the new Federal Stock there were some retail sales at 104¾, and 104¾ subsequently bid. Nearly all the Railway Bonds dealt in at the Board were steady, the exception being the Erie Convertibles of 1871 which fell back to 82 ⅌ cent. The Share market was quoted generally weak at the close. The speculative sellers greatly preponderate in numbers, and had control of prices throughout most of the day, about one-half of the transactions being on time. The chief point of attack, is the continued absence of improved traffic at the West, is the Railway shares in that direction; and while there is nothing new in this argument, and the facts in the case are so well understood by bear *fide* holders as to have added but little to the supply of certificates on the Street, the speculative jobbers are redoubling their contract sales upon every fresh decline. Decided success has within a week or two attended this movement, although a month has not passed since, under a state of things at the West equally unpromising, from 3 to 4 ⅌ cent. higher rates were paid to fulfill previously outstanding engagements in Galena, Rock Island, Michigan Guaranteed, &c. Such are the singular eccentricities of the New-York Market through a season of positive improvement in nearly all branches of business.

American Securities in the London Market.

From the London Times, March 5.

Railways.	Closing Prices.			Railway Shares.		
Illinois Central 6 P.ct., 1875	72	to	73			
Do. 4 P. cent., 1875	63	to	65	88		
Do. 7 P. ct. Sterling, '81	81	to	83			
Do. 100 shares, per yr.	21	to	23	4in.	25¾	& 4in.
Mich. Cen. 1 mo. 4 P. ct., '60	89	to	92			
Do. do. do. 1862	87	to	89			
Do. (sinking fund) 1862	87	to	89			
Do. $100 shares	42	to	46			
M. S. & N. I. 7 P. ct. s. f. '98	65	to	69			
Do. $100 shares	22	to	23			
N. Y. Cen. 8 P. ct. s. f. '60	75	to	77			
Do. do. 7 P. ct. s. f. '76	65	to	68			
Do. do. $100 shares	22	to	24			
N. Y. & E. 2d m. 7 P. ct. '70	67	to	69			
Do., do., 7 P. cent. s. f. '79	62	to	65			
Do., do., 1 P. ct. s. f. '82	52	to	55			
Do., do., bds., 1 P. ct. '71	52	to	55			
Do., do., $100 shares	12	to	14			
Pa. C. Pa. 1st m. con. 6 P. ct.	92	to	95			
Do., do., 2d m. 6 P. ct. ster.	85	to	87			
Do., do., $50 shares	23	to	25			
Phil. & Read. 6 P. ct. '82	65	to	68			
Do., 6 P. ct. 1880	65	to	70			
Do., $50 shares	23	to	24			

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMPSON BROTHERS will sell orders for United States Government 5 ⅌ Cent Stock (bonds) at Board price, adding ½ ⅌ cent only brokerage, and pay the Treasury Notes taken at par and interest in payment.

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS, on all the Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

Bankers, 34, Wall-st.

Real Estate.....THURSDAY, March 24.

By order of WM. KELLY and JOHN C. HEWITT, Executors of ISAAC NEWTON, deceased, Mr. LUDLOW sold the substantial and well-finished three-story brick house and lot, No. 29 Market-street, south side, between Henry and Madison streets. The house is 29 feet by 46 feet 3 inches, with two-story tin-room extension; in complete order throughout, and contains all the modern improvements. Party wall on the west side. There is a commodious stable in the rear, *with right of way to Henry-street*. $7,000 can remain on bond and mortgage. EDWARD M. HAWES, $6,050.

Mr. W. H. FRANKLIN sold a lot on the west side of Third-avenue, 76 feet north of Ninety-third-street. JOHN J. LAYS, $875.

Also, a three-story brick house and two lots, west side Sixth-avenue, 25 feet north of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street. PHILIP LUGAR, $3,000.

Mr. MULLER sold one lot on the west side of Broadway, 60 feet south of Thirty-sixth-street, 60 by about 111 feet deep, $8,600. Also, one full lot on south side of Thirty-sixth-street, 25 feet 3½ inches west of Broadway, connecting with the rear of the above lot, $4,350. Both M. E. CROSWELL.

Also, one lot west side Broadway, the third lot from the south corner of Forty-sixth-street, about 20 by 100 feet. Jos. LAZ, $6,400. The next lot adjoining 25 by about 100 feet, same, $5,225. The next, a gore, FIEX, $4,375.

Mr. JOHN MCCLAVE has sold the entire front on west side of Ninth avenue, between Ninety-eighth-street and Ninety-ninth-street, containing 8 full lots, for $800 per lot. Buyer, R. B. CATHERWOOD, Esq.

THE GROWING WHEAT CROP.—During February, croaking was carried on pretty extensively regarding the wheat crop; in some sections it was reported "drowned" out, and in others frozen out; and speculation in flour was stimulated by those reports to no inconsiderable extent. It is rarely that wheat is winter killed, and it seems strange that farmers should so dread that which experience shows but seldom takes place. From the time wheat "shoots" until it is cut and saved from the action of the weather, is that in which it is in greatest danger, and in which the wheat crop is injured, or destroyed, almost, whenever such is the case. The advices we have from the various sections of the country leave no doubt in our minds that a large quantity of wheat has been sown, and that it looks well; and in point of growth is much earlier than it was at this season the last three years. From present appearances, a dry, cool May will be absolutely necessary to mature the crop properly, and with favorable weather during that month and June, a large wheat crop may be expected.—Commercial Price Current, March 23.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 23.

The advices by the *Nova Scotian* caused greater firmness in our Cotton market, but no quotable advance in prices; sales of 15,000 bales; including 11¼c. Freight to Liverpool, ¾d. FLOUR quiet; receipts 48. CORN firm at 65c. EXCHANGE, on New-York, 5 days, 1¼@¾ discount; do. at sight, par to ¼ discount.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, March 24.

FLOUR declining. Superfine sells for $5 25. WHEAT dull; sales 2,000 bushels at $1 35 for white and $1 25@$1 40 for red. CORN firm; sales 3,500 bushels; yellow 65c.@66c. WHISKY firm at 26c.@26½c.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, March 24.

FLOUR very dull and nominal. WHISKY declined ½c.; sales at 24½c.; receipts are large and stock accumulating. PROVISIONS dull. MESS PORK, $17 50@$17 75. LARD dull at 11c.@11½c.

MOBILE, Wednesday, March 23.

The sales of COTTON to-day were 5,000 bales. Prices advanced ⅛c. in consequence of the *Nova Scotian's* news. The market closed firm at 11¾c.@12c. for middling.

AUGUSTA, Wednesday, March 23.

There has been a large speculative inquiry for Cotton, and the sales of the last three days have been 5,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, March 24.

FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT dull. CORN firm; yellow 65c.@66c. PROVISIONS firm. WHISKY dull.

SAVANNAH, Wednesday, March 23.

The sales of COTTON to-day were 3,300 bales. There is a better feeling in the market.

CHARLESTON, Wednesday, March 23.

The COTTON market is firm; sales to-day 2,000 bales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, March 24.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania 5s, 93¾; Reading Railroad, 24¾; Morris Canal, 29; Long Island Railroad, 11; Pennsylvania Railroad, 49¾.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

THIS DAY.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
City of Washington	Mar. 12	New-York	Liverpool
Etna	Mar. 12	New-York	Liverpool
Asia	Mar. 12	New-York	Liverpool
Pacific	Mar. 12	New-York	Galway
Columbia	April 1	New-York	Halifax
Arago	April 2	New-York	Boston &c.

THIS EVENING.

Pacific	Mar. 5	Galway	New-York	
America	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York	
Alps	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York	
Empress	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York	
Kangaroo	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York	
Teutonia	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York	
Edinburgh	Mar. 12	Glasgow	New-York	

FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Quaker City	Mar. 27	New-Orleans	Nicaragua
Northern Light	April 11	New-York	Aspinwall

FOR MEXICO.

Tennessee	April 1	New-Orleans	Vera Cruz

FOR HAVANA.

Empire City	April 1	New-York	Havana
Rachel	April 4	Charleston	Havana

Passengers Arrived.

In the steamship Ariel, from Aspinwall, March 24.—Mrs. M. D. Redding and child, C. B. White, Miss Redding, R. V. Smith, J. Hage, Miss Lucy Hage, T. S. Shepherd and lady, Miss E. Johnson, Miss S. White, W. Wheeler and daughter, R. B. Ellington, Ann Bishop, Mary E. Price, Geo. Ally, Thomas Bean, Thomas Bean, Jno. Collins, D. Morale, Jos. Klein, R. E. Newcomb, S. D. Schenck, W. Kornick and 36 in the steerage.

In the Mechanicus, from Halifax—Wm. Lugs.

PETER E. DEYO,

ADVERTISING AGENT,

OFFICE NO. 10 NASSAU BANK BUILDING,

References—Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & Co.

All business of advertising through this City, Brooklyn, can be done with the Advertising Agency, can be done with the Advertising Agent.—N. Y. Herald, March 6, 1859.

CORPORATION BOCKS, FINE CLIPS TO BE LEASED AT AUCTION.

Notice is hereby given to the Corporation, that the Corporation Docks, in the Corporation, will be leased at public auction, for the term of five years, commencing on the first day of April next, when the auction will be held at the Office of the Chamberlain, in the City Hall, Brooklyn, on the 29th day of March, 1859, at 12 o'clock, noon, when and where the same will be leased to the highest bidder.

BROOKLYN, March 12, 1859.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BANKERS,

Corner of Nassau and Exchange Place, New-York, Issue Letters of Credit and Exchange on the United States and Canada, and on the Banks of Great Britain and Ireland, available in all parts of the United States, Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Chile, Peru, Valparaiso, Sydney, Melbourne, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Canton, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Singapore, Manila, Batavia, Rio Janeiro, Pernambuco, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, Lima, Mexico, Havana, Kingston, Jamaica, Nassau, Bermuda, Matanzas, Cienfuegos, Trinidad